# **Analog and Digital Electronics**

# [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2015 -2016) SEMESTER - III

Subject Code	15CS32	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	80
<b>Total Number of Lecture Hours</b>	50	Exam Hours	03

#### CREDITS - 04

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

Module -1

- Recall and Recognize construction and characteristics of JFETs and MOSFETs and differentiate with BJT
- Demonstrate and Analyze Operational Amplifier circuits and their applications
- Describe, Illustrate and Analyze Combinational Logic circuits, Simplification of Algebraic Equations using Karnaugh Maps and Quine McClusky Techniques.
- Describe and Design Decoders, Encoders, Digital multiplexers, Adders and Subtractors, Binary comparators, Latches and Master-Slave Flip-Flops.
- Describe, Design and Analyze Synchronous and Asynchronous Sequential
- Explain and design registers and Counters, A/D and D/A converters.

	Hours
Field Effect Transistors: Junction Field Effect Transistors, MOSFETs, Differences between JFETs and MOSFETs, Biasing MOSFETs, FET Applications, CMOS Devices. Wave-Shaping Circuits: Integrated Circuit(IC) Multivibrators. Introduction to Operational Amplifier: Ideal v/s practical Opamp, Performance Parameters, Operational Amplifier Application Circuits: Peak Detector Circuit, Comparator, Active Filters, Non-Linear Amplifier, Relaxation Oscillator, Current-To-Voltage Converter, Voltage-To-Current Converter.	10 Hours
Text book 1:- Ch 5: 5.2, 5.3, 5.5, 5.8, 5.9, 5.1.Ch13: 13.10.Ch 16: 16.3, 16.4. Ch 17:	
7.12, 17.14, 17.15, 17.18, 17.19, 17.20, 17.21.	
Module -2	
The Basic Gates: Review of Basic Logic gates, Positive and Negative Logic, Introduction to HDL. Combinational Logic Circuits: Sum-of-Products Method, Truth Table to Karnaugh Map, Pairs Quads, and Octets, Karnaugh Simplifications, Don't-care Conditions, Product-of-sums Method, Product-of-sums simplifications, Simplification by Quine-	10 Hours
McClusky Method, Hazards and Hazard covers, HDL Implementation Models.  Text book 2:- Ch 2: 2.4, 2.5. Ch3: 3.2 to 3.11.  Module – 3	

Teaching Hours **Data-Processing Circuits:** Multiplexers, Demultiplexers, 1-of-16 Decoder, BCD to Decimal Decoders, Seven Segment Decoders, Encoders, Exclusive-OR Gates, Parity Generators and Checkers, Magnitude Comparator, Programmable Array Logic, Programmable Logic Arrays, HDL Implementation of Data Processing Circuits. Arithmetic Building Blocks, Arithmetic Logic Unit **Flip- Flops:** RS Flip-Flops, Gated Flip-Flops, Edge-triggered RS FLIP-FLOP, Edge-triggered D FLIP-FLOPs, Edge-triggered JK FLIP-FLOPs.

10 Hours

Text book 2:- Ch 4:- 4.1 to 4.9, 4.11, 4.12, 4.14.Ch 6:-6.7, 6.10.Ch 8:- 8.1 to 8.5.

#### Module-4

**Flip- Flops:** FLIP-FLOP Timing, JK Master-slave FLIP-FLOP, Switch Contact Bounce Circuits, Various Representation of FLIP-FLOPs, HDL Implementation of FLIP-FLOP. **Registers:** Types of Registers, Serial In - Serial Out, Serial In - Parallel out, Parallel In - Serial Out, Parallel In - Parallel Out, Universal Shift Register, Applications of Shift Registers, Register implementation in HDL. **Counters:** Asynchronous Counters, Decoding Gates, Synchronous Counters, Changing the Counter Modulus.

10 Hours

(Text book 2:- Ch 8: 8.6, 8.8, 8.9, 8.10, 8.13. Ch 9: 9.1 to 9.8. Ch 10: 10.1 to 10.4

#### Module-5

Counters: Decade Counters, Presettable Counters, Counter Design as a Synthesis problem, A Digital Clock, Counter Design using HDL. **D/A Conversion and A/D Conversion:** Variable, Resistor Networks, Binary Ladders, D/A Converters, D/A Accuracy and Resolution, A/D Converter-Simultaneous Conversion, A/D Converter-Counter Method, Continuous A/D Conversion, A/D Techniques, Dual-slope A/D Conversion, A/D Accuracy and Resolution.

10 Hours

Text book 2:- Ch 10: 10.5 to 10.9. Ch 12: 12.1 to 12.10.

## **Course outcomes:**

After Studying this course, students will be able to

- Acquire knowledge of
  - o JFETs and MOSFETs, Operational Amplifier circuits and their applications.
  - o Combinational Logic, Simplification Techniques using Karnaugh Maps, Quine McClusky technique.
  - Operation of Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers, Adders and Subtractors.
  - o Working of Latches, Flip-Flops, Designing Registers, Counters, A/D and D/A Converters.
- Analyze the performance of
  - o JFETs and MOSFETs, Operational Amplifier circuits
  - o Simplification Techniques using Karnaugh Maps, Quine McClusky Technique.
  - o Synchronous and Asynchronous Sequential Circuits.

Apply the knowledge gained in the design of Counters, Registers and A/D & D/A converters

# **Graduate Attributes (as per NBA)**

- 1. Engineering Knowledge
- 2. Design/Development of Solutions(partly)
- 3. Modern Tool Usage
- 4. Problem Analysis

## **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

# Text Books:

- 1. Anil K Maini, Varsha Agarwal: Electronic Devices and Circuits, Wiley, 2012.
- 2. Donald P Leach, Albert Paul Malvino & Goutam Saha: Digital Principles and Applications, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2015

- 1. Stephen Brown, Zvonko Vranesic: Fundamentals of Digital Logic Design with VHDL, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2005.
- 2. R D Sudhaker Samuel: Illustrative Approach to Logic Design, Sanguine-Pearson, 2010.
- 3. M Morris Mano: Digital Logic and Computer Design, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2008.

# DATA STRUCTURES AND APPLICATIONS

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2015 -2016)
SEMESTER - III

SEMESTER - III				
Subject Code	15CS33	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	80	
<b>Total Number of Lecture Hours</b>	50	Exam Hours	03	

**CREDITS - 04** 

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Explain fundamentals of data structures and their applications essential for programming/problem solving
- Analyze Linear Data Structures: Stack, Queues, Lists
- Analyze Non-Linear Data Structures: Trees, Graphs
- Analyze and Evaluate the sorting & searching algorithms
- Assess appropriate data structure during program development/Problem Solving

Module -1	Teaching Hours
Introduction: Data Structures, Classifications (Primitive & Non Primitive), Data structure Operations, Review of Arrays, Structures, Self-Referential Structures, and Unions. Pointers and Dynamic Memory Allocation Functions. Representation of Linear Arrays in Memory, Dynamically allocated arrays, Array Operations: Traversing, inserting, deleting, searching, and sorting. Multidimensional Arrays, Polynomials and Sparse Matrices. Strings: Basic Terminology, Storing, Operations and Pattern Matching algorithms. Programming Examples.	10 Hours
Text 1: Ch 1: 1.2, Ch 2: 2.2 -2.7 Text 2: Ch 1: 1.1 -1.4, Ch 3: 3.1-3.3,3.5,3.7, Ch 4: 4.1-4.9,4.14 Ref 3: Ch 1: 1.4	
Module -2	
Stacks and Queues  Stacks: Definition, Stack Operations, Array Representation of Stacks, Stacks using Dynamic Arrays, Stack Applications: Polish notation, Infix to postfix conversion, evaluation of postfix expression, Recursion - Factorial, GCD, Fibonacci Sequence, Tower of Hanoi, Ackerman's function. Queues: Definition, Array Representation, Queue Operations, Circular Queues, Circular queues using Dynamic arrays, Dequeues, Priority Queues, A Mazing Problem. Multiple Stacks and Queues. Programming Examples.	10 Hours
Text 1: Ch 3: 3.1 -3.7 Text 2: Ch 6: 6.1 -6.3, 6.5, 6.7-6.10, 6.12, 6.13	
Module - 3	<u> </u>

**Linked Lists:** Definition, Representation of linked lists in Memory, Memory allocation; Garbage Collection. Linked list operations: Traversing, Searching, Insertion, and Deletion. Doubly Linked lists, Circular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues. Applications of Linked lists – Polynomials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples

10 Hours

Text 1: Ch 4: 4.1 -4.8 except 4.6

Text 2: Ch 5: 5.1 – 5.10

#### Module-4

**Trees**: Terminology, Binary Trees, Properties of Binary trees, Array and linked Representation of Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, preorder; Additional Binary tree operations. Threaded binary trees, Binary Search Trees – Definition, Insertion, Deletion, Traversal, Searching, Application of Trees-Evaluation of Expression, Programming Examples

10 Hours

Text 1: Ch 5: 5.1 –5.5, 5.7 Text 2: Ch 7: 7.1 – 7.9

#### Module-5

**Graphs**: Definitions, Terminologies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation Of Graphs, Elementary Graph operations, Traversal methods: Breadth First Search and Depth First Search. **Sorting and Searching**: Insertion Sort, Radix sort, Address Calculation Sort. **Hashing:** Hash Table organizations, Hashing Functions, Static and Dynamic Hashing. **Files and Their Organization:** Data Hierarchy, File Attributes, Text Files and Binary Files, Basic File Operations, File Organizations and Indexing

10 Hours

Text 1: Ch 6: 6.1 –6.2, Ch 7:7.2, Ch 8:8.1-8.3 Text 2: Ch 8: 8.1 – 8.7, Ch 9:9.1-9.3,9.7,9.9

Reference 2: Ch 16: 16.1 - 16.7

#### **Course outcomes:**

After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Acquire knowledge of
  - Various types of data structures, operations and algorithms.
  - Sorting and searching operations.
  - File structures.
- Analyse the performance of
  - Stack, Queue, Lists, Trees, Graphs, Searching and Sorting techniques.
- Implement all the applications of Data structures in a high-level language.
- Design and apply appropriate data structures for solving computing problems.

## **Graduate Attributes (as per NBA)**

- 1. Engineering Knowledge
- 2. Design/Development of Solutions
- 3. Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems
- 4. Problem Analysis

## **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

### **Text Books:**

- Fundamentals of Data Structures in C Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Universities Press,2014
- 2. Data Structures Seymour Lipschutz, Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1<sup>st</sup> edition, McGraw Hill, 2014

- 1. Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C –Gilberg & Forouzan, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Cengage Learning, 2014.
- 2. Data Structures using C, , Reema Thareja, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition Oxford press, 2012.
- 3. An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications- Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2013.
- 4. Data Structures using C A M Tenenbaum, PHI, 1989.
- **5.** Data Structures and Program Design in C Robert Kruse, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, PHI, 1996.

# **COMPUTER ORGANIZATION**

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2015 -2016)

SEMESTER - III				
Subject Code	15CS34	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	80	
<b>Total Number of Lecture Hours</b>	50	Exam Hours	03	

## CREDITS - 04

## **Course objectives:**

This course will enable students to

- Understand the basics of computer organization: structure and operation of computers and their peripherals.
- Understand the concepts of programs as sequences or machine instructions.
- Expose different ways of communicating with I/O devices and standard I/O interfaces.
- Describe hierarchical memory systems including cache memories and virtual memory.
- Describe arithmetic and logical operations with integer and floating-point operands.
- Understand basic processing unit and organization of simple processor, concept of pipelining and other large computing systems.

Module -1	Teaching Hours
Basic Structure of Computers: Basic Operational Concepts, Bus Structures, Performance – Processor Clock, Basic Performance Equation, Clock Rate, Performance Measurement.  Machine Instructions and Programs: Memory Location and Addresses, Memory Operations, Instructions and Instruction Sequencing, Addressing Modes, Assembly Language, Basic Input and Output Operations, Stacks and Queues, Subroutines, Additional Instructions, Encoding of Machine Instructions	10Hours
Textbook 1: Ch 1: 1.3, 1.4, 1.6.1, 1.6.2, 1.6.4, 1.6.7. Ch 2: 2.2 to 2.10, 2.12	
Module -2	
Input/Output Organization: Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts – Interrupt Hardware, Enabling and Disabling Interrupts, Handling Multiple Devices, Controlling Device Requests, Exceptions, Direct Memory Access, Buses, Interface Circuits, Standard I/O Interfaces – PCI Bus, SCSI Bus, USB.	10 Hours
Textbook 1: Ch 4: 4.1, 4.2: 4.2.1 to 4.2.5, 4.4 to 4.7.	
Module – 3	
<b>Memory System:</b> Basic Concepts, Semiconductor RAM Memories, Read Only Memories, Speed, Size, and Cost, Cache Memories – Mapping Functions, Replacement Algorithms, Performance Considerations, Virtual Memories, Secondary Storage.	10 Hours
Textbook 1: Ch 5: 5.1 to 5.4, 5.5.1, 5.5.2, 5.6, 5.7, 5.9	
Module-4	

**Arithmetic:** Numbers, Arithmetic Operations and Characters, Addition and Subtraction of Signed Numbers, Design of Fast Adders, Multiplication of Positive Numbers, Signed Operand Multiplication, Fast Multiplication, Integer Division, Floating-point Numbers and Operations.

10 Hours

## Textbook 1: Ch 2: 2.1, Ch 6: 6.1 to 6.7

#### Module-5

**Basic Processing Unit:** Some Fundamental Concepts, Execution of a Complete Instruction, Multiple Bus Organization, Hard-wired Control, Micro programmed Control. **Embedded Systems and Large Computer Systems:** Examples of Embedded Systems, Processor chips for embedded applications, Simple Microcontroller. **The structure of General-Purpose Multiprocessors**.

10 Hours

## Textbook 1: Ch 7: 7.1 to 7.5, Ch 9:9.1 to 9.3, Ch 12:12.3

#### **Course outcomes:**

After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Acquire knowledge of
  - The basic structure of computers & machine instructions and programs, Addressing Modes, Assembly Language, Stacks, Queues and Subroutines.
  - Input/output Organization such as accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts.
  - Memory system basic Concepts, Semiconductor RAM Memories, Static memories, Asynchronous DRAMS, Read Only Memories, Cache Memories and Virtual Memories.
  - Some Fundamental Concepts of Basic Processing Unit, Execution of a Complete Instruction, Multiple Bus Organization, Hardwired Control and Micro programmed Control.
  - Pipelining, embedded and large computing system architecture.
- Analyse and design arithmetic and logical units.
- Apply the knowledge gained in the design of Computer.
- Design and evaluate performance of memory systems
- Understand the importance of life-long learning

### Graduate Attributes (as per NBA)

- 1. Engineering Knowledge
- 2. Problem Analysis
- 3. Life-Long Learning

## Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky: Computer Organization, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002.

## Reference Books:

1. William Stallings: Computer Organization & Architecture, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2015.

# UNIX AND SHELL PROGRAMMING

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2015 -2016)

SEMESTER - III				
Subject Code	15CS35	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	80	
<b>Total Number of Lecture Hours</b>	50	Exam Hours	03	

CREDITS - 04

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Understand the UNIX Architecture, File systems and use of basic Commands.
- Use of editors and Networking commands.
- Understand Shell Programming and to write shell scripts.

Understand and analyze UNIX System calls, Process Creation, Control & Relationship.	
Module -1	Teaching Hours
Introduction, Brief history. Unix Components/Architecture. Features of Unix. The UNIX Environment and UNIX Structure, Posix and Single Unix specification. The login prompt. General features of Unix commands/ command structure. Command arguments and options. Understanding of some basic commands such as echo, printf, ls, who, date, passwd, cal, Combining commands. Meaning of Internal and external commands. The type	10Hours
command: knowing the type of a command and locating it. The man command knowing more about Unix commands and using Unix online manual pages. The man with keyword option and whatis. The more command and using it with other commands. Knowing the user terminal, displaying its characteristics and setting characteristics. Managing the non-uniform behaviour of terminals and keyboards. The root login. Becoming the super user: su command. The /etc/passwd and /etc/shadow files. Commands to add, modify and delete users.	
Topics from chapter 2, 3 and 15 of text book 1, chapter 1 from text book 2	
Module -2	
Unix files. Naming files. Basic file types/categories. Organization of files. Hidden files. Standard directories. Parent child relationship. The home directory and the HOME variable. Reaching required files- the PATH variable, manipulating the PATH, Relative and absolute pathnames. Directory commands – pwd, cd, mkdir, rmdir commands. The dot	10Hours

(.) and double dots (..) notations to represent present and parent directories and their usage in relative path names. File related commands – cat, mv, rm, cp, wc and od commands. File attributes and permissions and knowing them. The ls command with options. Changing file permissions: the relative and absolute permissions changing methods. Recursively changing file permissions. Directory permissions.

Topics from chapters 4, 5 and 6 of text book 1

9 | P a g e

### Module – 3

The vi editor. Basics. The .exrc file. Different ways of invoking and quitting vi. Different modes of vi. Input mode commands. Command mode commands. The ex mode commands. Illustrative examples Navigation commands. Repeat command. Pattern searching. The search and replace command. The set, map and abbr commands. Simple examples using these commands.

10Hours

The shells interpretive cycle. Wild cards and file name generation. Removing the special meanings of wild cards. Three standard files and redirection. Connecting commands: Pipe. Splitting the output: tee. Command substitution. Basic and Extended regular expressions. The grep, egrep. Typical examples involving different regular expressions.

Topics from chapters 7, 8 and 13 of text book 1. Topics from chapter 2 and 9,10 of text book 2

## **Module-4**

Shell programming. Ordinary and environment variables. The .profile. Read and readonly commands. Command line arguments. exit and exit status of a command. Logical operators for conditional execution. The test command and its shortcut. The if, while, for and case control statements. The set and shift commands and handling positional parameters. The here ( << ) document and trap command. Simple shell program examples. File inodes and the inode structure. File links – hard and soft links. Filters. Head and tail commands. Cut and paste commands. The sort command and its usage with different options. The umask and default file permissions. Two special files /dev/null and /dev/tty.

10Hours

# Topics from chapter 11, 12, 14 of text book 1, chapter 17 from text book2

## **Module-5**

Meaning of a process. Mechanism of process creation. Parent and child process. The ps command with its options. Executing a command at a specified point of time: at command. Executing a command periodically: cron command and the crontab file.. Signals. The nice and nohup commands. Background processes. The bg and fg command. The kill command. The find command with illustrative example.

10Hours

Structure of a perl script. Running a perl script. Variables and operators. String handling functions. Default variables - \$\_ and \$. - representing the current line and current line number. The range operator. Chop() and chomp() functions. Lists and arrays. The @-variable. The splice operator, push(), pop(), split() and join(). File handles and handling file - using open(), close() and die () functions.. Associative arrays - keys and value functions. Overview of decision making loop control structures - the foreach. Regular expressions - simple and multiple search patterns. The match and substitute operators. Defining and using subroutines.

Topics from chapter 9 and 19 of text book 1. Topics from chapter 11 of reference book 1

#### Course outcomes:

After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Explain multi user OS UNIX and its basic features
- Interpret UNIX Commands, Shell basics, and shell environments
- Design and develop shell programming, communication, System calls and terminology.
- Design and develop UNIX File I/O and UNIX Processes.
- Perl script writing

## **Graduate Attributes (as per NBA)**

- 1. Engineering Knowledge
- 2. Environment and Sustainability
- 3. Design/Development of Solutions

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### Text Books:

- 1. Sumitabha Das., Unix Concepts and Applications., 4th Edition., Tata McGraw Hill
- **2.** Behrouz A. Forouzan, Richard F. Gilberg: UNIX and Shell Programming- Cengage Learning India Edition. 2009.

- 1. M.G. Venkatesh Murthy: UNIX & Shell Programming, Pearson Education.
- **2.** Richard Blum , Christine Bresnahan : Linux Command Line and Shell Scripting Bible, 2<sup>nd</sup>Edition , Wiley,2014.

# DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2015 -2016)
SEMESTER – III

SEVIESTER – III				
Subject Code	15CS36	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	80	
<b>Total Number of Lecture Hours</b>	50	Exam Hours	03	

CREDITS - 04

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Prepare for a background in abstraction, notation, and critical thinking for the mathematics most directly related to computer science.
- Understand and apply logic, relations, functions, basic set theory, countability and counting arguments, proof techniques,
- Understand and apply mathematical induction, combinatorics, discrete probability, recursion, sequence and recurrence, elementary number theory
- Understand and apply graph theory and mathematical proof techniques.

Module -1	Teaching
	Hours
Fundamentals of Logic: Basic Connectives and Truth Tables, Logic Equivalence – The Laws of Logic, Logical Implication – Rules of Inference. The Use of Quantifiers, Quantifiers, Definitions and the Proofs of Theorems, Textbook 1: Ch 2	10Hours
Module -2	
Properties of the Integers: Mathematical Induction, The Well Ordering Principle – Mathematical Induction, Recursive Definitions. Fundamental Principles of Counting: The Rules of Sum and Product, Permutations, Combinations – The Binomial Theorem, Combinations with Repetition,  Textbook 1: Ch 4: 4.1, 4.2 Ch 1.  Module – 3	10 Hours
Relations and Functions: Cartesian Products and Relations, Functions – Plain and One-to-One, Onto Functions. The Pigeon-hole Principle, Function Composition and Inverse Functions. Properties of Relations, Computer Recognition – Zero-One Matrices and Directed Graphs, Partial Orders – Hasse Diagrams, Equivalence Relations and Partitions. Textbook 1: Ch 5:5.1 to 5.3, 5.5, 5.6, Ch 7:7.1 to 7.4	10 Hours
Module-4	

The Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion: The Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion,
Generalizations of the Principle, Derangements – Nothing is in its Right Place, Rook
Polynomials. Recurrence Relations: First Order Linear Recurrence Relation, The Second
Order Linear Homogeneous Recurrence Relation with Constant Coefficients.

10 Hours

## Textbook 1: Ch 8: 8.1 to 8.4, Ch 10:10.1 to 10.2

#### **Module-5**

**Introduction to Graph Theory**: Definitions and Examples, Sub graphs, Complements, and Graph Isomorphism, Vertex Degree, Euler Trails and Circuits, **Trees**: Definitions, Properties, and Examples, Routed Trees, Trees and Sorting, Weighted Trees and Prefix Codes

10 Hours

### Textbook 1: Ch 11: 11.1 to 11.3, Ch 12: 12.1 to 12.4

#### **Course outcomes:**

After studying this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Verify the correctness of an argument using propositional and predicate logic and truth tables.
- 2. Demonstrate the ability to solve problems using counting techniques and combinatorics in the context of discrete probability.
- 3. Solve problems involving recurrence relations and generating functions.
- 4. Construct proofs using direct proof, proof by contraposition, proof by contradiction, proof by cases, and mathematical induction.
- 5. Explain and differentiate graphs and trees

### **Graduate Attributes (as per NBA)**

- 1. Engineering Knowledge
- 2. Problem Analysis
- 3. Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems

### **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

## **Text Books:**

1. Ralph P. Grimaldi: Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics, , 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education. 2004.

- Basavaraj S Anami and Venakanna S Madalli: Discrete Mathematics A Concept based approach, Universities Press, 2016
- 2. Kenneth H. Rosen: Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 3. Jayant Ganguly: A Treatise on Discrete Mathematical Structures, Sanguine-Pearson, 2010.
- 4. D.S. Malik and M.K. Sen: Discrete Mathematical Structures: Theory and Applications, Thomson, 2004.
- 5. Thomas Koshy: Discrete Mathematics with Applications, Elsevier, 2005, Reprint 2008.

# ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS LABORATORY

# [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2015 -2016)

# SEMESTER - III

Laboratory Code	15CSL37	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01I + 02P	Exam Marks	80
<b>Total Number of Lecture Hours</b>	40	Exam Hours	03

#### CREDITS - 02

**Course objectives:** This laboratory course enable students to get practical experience in design, assembly and evaluation/testing of

- Analog components and circuits including Operational Amplifier, Timer, etc.
- Combinational logic circuits.
- Flip Flops and their operations
- Counters and Registers using Flip-flops.
- Synchronous and Asynchronous Sequential Circuits.
- A/D and D/A Converters

### **Descriptions (if any)**

### Any simulation package like MultiSim / P-spice /Equivalent software may be used.

Faculty-in-charge should demonstrate and explain the required hardware components and their functional Block diagrams, timing diagrams etc. Students have to prepare a write-up on the same and include it in the Lab record and to be evaluated.

**Laboratory Session-1:** Write-upon analog components; functional block diagram, Pin diagram (if any), waveforms and description. The same information is also taught in theory class; this helps the students to understand better.

**Laboratory Session-2:** Write-upon Logic design components, pin diagram (if any), Timing diagrams, etc. The same information is also taught in theory class; this helps the students to understand better.

**Note:** These TWO Laboratory sessions are used to fill the gap between theory classes and practical sessions. Both sessions are to be evaluated for 20 marks as lab experiments.

# **Laboratory Experiments:**

- 1. a) Design and construct a Schmitt trigger using Op-Amp for given UTP and LTP values and demonstrate its working.
  - b) Design and implement a Schmitt trigger using Op-Amp using a simulation package for two sets of UTP and LTP values and demonstrate its working.
- 2. a) Design and construct a rectangular waveform generator (Op-Amp relaxation oscillator) for given frequency and demonstrate its working.
  - b) Design and implement a rectangular waveform generator (Op-Amp relaxation oscillator) using a simulation package and demonstrate the change in frequency when all resistor values are doubled.
- 3. Design and implement an Astable multivibrator circuit using 555 timer for a given frequency and duty cycle.

NOTE: hardware and software results need to be compared

#### **Continued:**

- 4. Design and implement Half adder, Full Adder, Half Subtractor, Full Subtractor using basic gates.
- 5. a) Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using Entered Variable Map and realize the simplified logic expression using 8:1 multiplexer IC.
  - b) Design and develop the Verilog /VHDL code for an 8:1 multiplexer. Simulate and verify its working.
- 6. a) Design and implement code converter I)Binary to Gray (II) Gray to Binary Code using basic gates.
- 7. Design and verify the Truth Table of 3-bit Parity Generator and 4-bit Parity Checker using basic Logic Gates with an even parity bit.
- 8. a) Realize a J-K Master / Slave Flip-Flop using NAND gates and verify its truth table
  - b) Design and develop the Verilog / VHDL code for D Flip-Flop with positive-edge triggering. Simulate and verify its working.
- 9. a) Design and implement a mod-n (n<8) synchronous up counter using J-K Flip-Flop ICs and demonstrate its working.
  - b) Design and develop the Verilog / VHDL code for mod-8 up counter. Simulate and verify its working.
- 10. Design and implement an asynchronous counter using decade counter IC to count up from 0 to n (n<=9) and demonstrate on 7-segment display (using IC-7447).
- 11. Generate a Ramp output waveform using DAC0800 (Inputs are given to DAC through IC74393 dual 4-bit binary counter).

# **Study experiment**

12. To study 4-bitALU using IC-74181.

#### **Course outcomes:**

On the completion of this laboratory course, the students will be able to:

- Use various Electronic Devices like Cathode ray Oscilloscope, Signal generators, Digital Trainer Kit, Multimeters and components like Resistors, Capacitors, Op amp and Integrated Circuit.
- Design and demonstrate various combinational logic circuits.
- Design and demonstrate various types of counters and Registers using Flip-flops
- Use simulation package to design circuits.
- Understand the working and implementation of ALU.

# **Graduate Attributes (as per NBA)**

- 1. Engineering Knowledge
- 2. Problem Analysis
- 3. Design/Development of Solutions
- 4. Modern Tool Usage

### **Conduction of Practical Examination:**

- 1. All laboratory experiments (1 to 11 nos) are to be included for practical examination.
- 2. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
- 3. Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script.
- 4. Marks distribution:
  - a) For questions having part a only- Procedure + Conduction + Viva:20 + 50 +10 =80 Marks
  - b) For questions having part a and b
    Part a- Procedure + Conduction + Viva:10 + 35 +05= 50 Marks
    Part b- Procedure + Conduction + Viva:10 + 15 +05= 30 Marks
- ${\bf 5}$  . Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

## DATA STRUCTURES LABORATORY

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2015 -2016)

**SEMESTER - III** 

~			
<b>Laboratory Code</b>	15CSL38	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01I + 02P	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

**CREDITS - 02** 

### **Course objectives:**

This laboratory course enable students to get practical experience in design, develop, implement, analyze and evaluation/testing of

- Asymptotic performance of algorithms.
- Linear data structures and their applications such as Stacks, Queues and Lists
- Non-Linear Data Structures and their Applications such as Trees and Graphs
- Sorting and Searching Algorithms

## **Descriptions (if any)**

Implement all the experiments in C Language under Linux / Windows environment.

# **Laboratory Experiments:**

- 1. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following **Array** operations
  - a. Creating an Array of N Integer Elements
  - b. Display of Array Elements with Suitable Headings
  - c. Inserting an Element (**ELEM**) at a given valid Position (**POS**)
  - d. Deleting an Element at a given valid Position(**POS**)
  - e. Exit.

Support the program with functions for each of the above operations.

- 2. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following operationson **Strings** 
  - a. Read a main String (STR), a Pattern String (PAT) and a Replace String (REP)
  - b. Perform Pattern Matching Operation: Find and Replace all occurrences of **PAT** in **STR** with **REP** if **PAT** exists in **STR**. Report suitable messages in case **PAT** does not exist in **STR**

Support the program with functions for each of the above operations. Don't use Built-in functions.

- 3. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on **STACK** of Integers (Array Implementation of Stack with maximum size **MAX**)
  - a. **Push** an Element on to Stack
  - b. *Pop* an Element from Stack
  - c. Demonstrate how Stack can be used to check *Palindrome*
  - d. Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Stack

- e. Display the status of Stack
- f. Exit

Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations

- 4. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for converting an Infix Expression to Postfix Expression. Program should support for both parenthesized and free parenthesized expressions with the operators: +, -, \*, /, %(Remainder), ^(Power) and alphanumeric operands.
- 5. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following Stack Applications
  - a. Evaluation of **Suffix expression** with single digit operands and operators: +, -, \*, /, %, ^
  - b. Solving **Tower of Hanoi** problem with **n** disks
- 6. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on **Circular QUEUE** of Characters (Array Implementation of Queue with maximum size **MAX**)
  - a. Insert an Element on to Circular QUEUE
  - b. Delete an Element from Circular QUEUE
  - c. Demonstrate *Overflow* and *Underflow* situations on Circular QUEUE
  - d. Display the status of Circular QUEUE
  - e. Exit

Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations

### **Continued:**

- 7. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on **Singly Linked List (SLL)** of Student Data with the fields: *USN*, *Name, Branch, Sem, PhNo* 
  - a. Create a **SLL** of **N** Students Data by using *front insertion*.
  - b. Display the status of **SLL** and count the number of nodes in it
  - c. Perform Insertion / Deletion at End of **SLL**
  - d. Perform Insertion / Deletion at Front of **SLL(Demonstration of stack)**
  - e. Exit
- 8. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on **Doubly Linked List (DLL)** of Employee Data with the fields: *SSN*, *Name*, *Dept*, *Designation*, *Sal*, *PhNo* 
  - a. Create a **DLL** of **N** Employees Data by using *end insertion*.
  - b. Display the status of **DLL** and count the number of nodes in it
  - c. Perform Insertion and Deletion at End of DLL
  - d. Perform Insertion and Deletion at Front of **DLL**
  - e. Demonstrate how this **DLL** can be used as **Double Ended Queue**
  - f. Exit

- 9. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following operationson **Singly Circular Linked List (SCLL)** with header nodes
  - a. Represent and Evaluate a Polynomial  $P(x,y,z) = 6x^2y^2z-4yz^5+3x^3yz+2xy^5z-2xyz^3$
  - b. Find the sum of two polynomials **POLY1(x,y,z)** and **POLY2(x,y,z)** and store the result in **POLYSUM(x,y,z)**

Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations

- 10. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on **Binary Search Tree (BST)** of Integers
  - a. Create a BST of **N** Integers: 6, 9, 5, 2, 8, 15, 24, 14, 7, 8, 5, 2
  - b. Traverse the BST in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order
  - c. Search the BST for a given element (**KEY**) and report the appropriate message
  - e. Exit
- 11. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following operations on **Graph(G)** of Cities
  - a. Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix.
  - b. Print all the nodes **reachable** from a given starting node in a digraph using DFS/BFS method
- 12. Given a File of **N** employee records with a set **K** of Keys(4-digit) which uniquely determine the records in file **F**. Assume that file **F** is maintained in memory by a Hash Table(HT) of **m** memory locations with **L** as the set of memory addresses (2-digit) of locations in HT. Let the keys in **K** and addresses in **L** are Integers. Design and develop a Program in C that uses Hash function **H**: **K** →**L** as H(**K**)=**K** mod **m** (**remainder** method), and implement hashing technique to map a given key **K** to the address space **L**. Resolve the collision (if any) using **linear probing**.

### **Course outcomes:**

On the completion of this laboratory course, the students will be able to:

- Analyze and Compare various linear and non-linear data structures
- Code, debug and demonstrate the working nature of different types of data structures and their applications
- Implement, analyze and evaluate the searching and sorting algorithms
- Choose the appropriate data structure for solving real world problems

### **Graduate Attributes (as per NBA)**

- 1. Engineering Knowledge
- 2. Problem Analysis
- 3. Design/Development of Solutions
- 4. Modern Tool Usage

### **Conduction of Practical Examination:**

- 1. All laboratory experiments (TWELVE nos) are to be included for practical examination.
- 2. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
- 3. Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script
- 4. Marks distribution: Procedure + Conduction + Viva:20 + 50 +10 (80)
- 5. Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

# **ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-IV**

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

### SEMESTER - IV

Subject Code	15MAT41	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

## CREDITS - 04

# Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Formulate, solve and analyze engineering problems.
- Apply numerical methods to solve ordinary differential equations.
- Apply finite difference method to solve partial differential equations.
- Perform complex analysis.
- Interpret use of sampling theory.
- Apply joint probability distribution and stochastic process.

Module 1	<b>Teaching</b>
	Hours
Numerical Methods: Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations of first order	10 Hours
and first degree, Picard's method, Taylor's series method, modified Euler's method,	
Runge-Kutta method of fourth order. Milne's and Adams-Bashforth predictor and	
corrector methods (No derivations of formulae). Numerical solution of simultaneous first	
order ordinary differential equations, Picard's method, Runge-Kutta method of fourth	
order	
Module 2	
Numerical Methods: Numerical solution of second order ordinary differential equations,	10 Hours
Picard's method, Runge-Kutta method and Milne's method. <b>Special Functions:</b> Bessel's	
functions- basic properties, recurrence relations, orthogonality and generating functions.	
Legendre's functions - Legendre's polynomial, Rodrigue's formula, problems.	
Module 3	
Complex Variables: Function of a complex variable, limits, continuity, differentiability,.	10 Hours
Analytic functions-Cauchy-Riemann equations in Cartesian and polar forms. Properties	
and construction of analytic functions. Complex line integrals-Cauchy's theorem and	
Cauchy's integral formula, Residue, poles, Cauchy's Residue theorem with proof and	
problems. Transformations: Conformal transformations, discussion of	
transformations: $w = z^2$ , $w = e^z$ , $w = z + (a^2/z)$ and bilinear transformations.	
Module 4	
Probability Distributions: Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability	10 Hours
functions. Poisson distributions, geometric distribution, uniform distribution, exponential	
and normal distributions, Problems. Joint probability distribution: Joint Probability	
distribution for two variables, expectation, covariance, correlation coefficient.	
Module 5	
Sampling Theory: Sampling, Sampling distributions, standard error, test of hypothesis	10 Hours
for means and proportions, confidence limits for means, student's t-distribution, Chi-	
square distribution as a test of goodness of fit. Stochastic process: Stochastic process,	
probability vector, stochastic matrices, fixed points, regular stochastic matrices, Markov	
chains, higher transition probability.	1

# Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Use appropriate numerical methods to solve first and second order ordinary differential equations.
- Use Bessel's and Legendre's function which often arises when a problem possesses axial and spherical symmetry, such as in quantum mechanics, electromagnetic theory, hydrodynamics and heat conduction.
- State and prove Cauchy's theorem and its consequences including Cauchy's integral formula.
- Compute residues and apply the residue theorem to evaluate integrals.
- Analyze, interpret, and evaluate scientific hypotheses and theories using rigorous statistical methods.

#### **Graduate Attributes**

- Engineering Knowledge
- Problem Analysis
- Life-Long Learning
- Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems

# Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### Text Books:

- 1. B.V.Ramana "Higher Engineering Mathematics" Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006.
- 2. B. S. Grewal," Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna publishers, 42<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2013.

- 1. N P Bali and Manish Goyal, "A text book of Engineering mathematics" , Laxmi publications, latest edition.
- 2. Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics" 9th edition, Wiley, 2013.
- 3. H. K Dass and Er. RajnishVerma, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", S. Chand, 1<sup>st</sup> ed, 2011.

# **SOFTWARE ENGINEERING**

# [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

### SEMESTER - IV

Subject Code	15CS42	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

### CREDITS – 04

# **Course objectives:** This course will enable students to

- Outline software engineering principles and activities involved in building large software programs.
- Identify ethical and professional issues and explain why they are of concern to software engineers.
- Describe the process of requirements gathering, requirements classification, requirements specification and requirements validation.
- Differentiate system models, use UML diagrams and apply design patterns.
- Discuss the distinctions between validation testing and defect testing.
- Recognize the importance of software maintenance and describe the intricacies involved in software evolution.
- Apply estimation techniques, schedule project activities and compute pricing.
- Identify software quality parameters and quantify software using measurements and metrics.
- List software quality standards and outline the practices involved.
- Recognize the need for agile software development, describe agile methods, apply agile practices and plan for agility.

Module 1	Teaching
	Hours
Introduction: Software Crisis, Need for Software Engineering. Professional Software	12 Hours
Development, Software Engineering Ethics. Case Studies.	
Software Processes: Models: Waterfall Model (Sec 2.1.1), Incremental Model (Sec	
<b>2.1.2</b> ) and Spiral Model (Sec 2.1.3). Process activities.	
Requirements Engineering: Requirements Engineering Processes (Chap 4).	
Requirements Elicitation and Analysis (Sec 4.5). Functional and non-functional	
requirements (Sec 4.1). The software Requirements Document (Sec 4.2). Requirements	
Specification (Sec 4.3). Requirements validation (Sec 4.6). Requirements Management	
(Sec 4.7).	
Module 2	
System Models: Context models (Sec 5.1). Interaction models (Sec 5.2). Structural	11 Hours
models (Sec 5.3). Behavioral models (Sec 5.4). Model-driven engineering (Sec 5.5).	
Design and Implementation: Introduction to RUP (Sec 2.4), Design Principles (Chap	
17). Object-oriented design using the UML (Sec 7.1). Design patterns (Sec 7.2).	
Implementation issues (Sec 7.3). Open source development (Sec 7.4).	
Module 3	
Software Testing: Development testing (Sec 8.1), Test-driven development (Sec 8.2),	9 Hours
Release testing (Sec 8.3), User testing (Sec 8.4). Test Automation (Page no 42, 70,212,	
231,444,695).	
Software Evolution: Evolution processes (Sec 9.1). Program evolution dynamics (Sec	

<b>9.2</b> ). Software maintenance ( <b>Sec 9.3</b> ). Legacy system management ( <b>Sec 9.4</b> ).	
Module 4	
Project Planning: Software pricing (Sec 23.1). Plan-driven development (Sec 23.2).	10 Hours
Project scheduling (Sec 23.3): Estimation techniques (Sec 23.5). Quality management:	
Software quality (Sec 24.1). Reviews and inspections (Sec 24.3). Software measurement	
and metrics (Sec 24.4). Software standards (Sec 24.2)	
Module 5	
Agile Software Development: Coping with Change (Sec 2.3), The Agile Manifesto:	8 Hours
Values and Principles. Agile methods: SCRUM (Ref "The SCRUM Primer, Ver 2.0")	
and Extreme Programming (Sec 3.3). Plan-driven and agile development (Sec 3.2). Agile	

**Course Outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to:

project management (Sec 3.4), Scaling agile methods (Sec 3.5):

- Design a software system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints.
- Assess professional and ethical responsibility
- Function on multi-disciplinary teams
- Use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice
- Analyze, design, implement, verify, validate, implement, apply, and maintain software systems or parts of software systems.

### **Graduate Attributes**

- Project Management and Finance
- Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems
- Modern Tool Usage
- Ethics

## Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### Text Books:

- 1. Ian Sommerville: Software Engineering, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012. (Listed topics only from Chapters 1,2,3,4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 23, and 24)
  - 2. The SCRUM Primer, Ver 2.0, <a href="http://www.goodagile.com/scrumprimer/scrumprimer20.pdf">http://www.goodagile.com/scrumprimer/scrumprimer20.pdf</a>

## Reference Books:

- 1. Roger S. Pressman: Software Engineering-A Practitioners approach, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. Pankaj Jalote: An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, Wiley India

## Web Reference for eBooks on Agile:

- 1. <a href="http://agilemanifesto.org/">http://agilemanifesto.org/</a>
- 2. http://www.jamesshore.com/Agile-Book/

<b>DESIGN AND A</b>	ANALYSIS OF AL	GORITHMS
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[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

## SEMESTER - IV

Subject Code	15CS43	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

# CREDITS-04

# Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Explain various computational problem solving techniques.
- Apply appropriate method to solve a given problem.
- Describe various methods of algorithm analysis.

Module 1	Teaching
	Hours
Introduction: What is an Algorithm? (T2:1.1), Algorithm Specification (T2:1.2),	10 Hours
Analysis Framework (T1:2.1), Performance Analysis: Space complexity, Time	
complexity ( <b>T2:1.3</b> ). <b>Asymptotic Notations:</b> Big-Oh notation ( $O$ ), Omega notation ( $\Omega$ ),	
Theta notation $(\Theta)$ , and Little-oh notation $(o)$ , Mathematical analysis of Non-Recursive	
and recursive Algorithms with Examples (T1:2.2, 2.3, 2.4). Important Problem Types:	
Sorting, Searching, String processing, Graph Problems, Combinatorial Problems.	
Fundamental Data Structures: Stacks, Queues, Graphs, Trees, Sets and Dictionaries.	
(T1:1.3,1.4)	
Module 2	•
Divide and Conquer: General method, Binary search, Recurrence equation for divide	10 Hours
and conquer, Finding the maximum and minimum (T2:3.1, 3.3, 3.4), Merge sort, Quick	
sort (T1:4.1, 4.2), Strassen's matrix multiplication (T2:3.8), Advantages and	
Disadvantages of divide and conquer. <b>Decrease and Conquer Approach:</b> Topological	
Sort. (T1:5.3)	
Module 3	
Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, Job	10 Hours
sequencing with deadlines (T2:4.1, 4.3, 4.5). Minimum cost spanning trees: Prim's	
Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm (T1:9.1, 9.2). Single source shortest paths: Dijkstra's	
Algorithm (T1:9.3). Optimal Tree problem: Huffman Trees and Codes (T1:9.4).	
Transform and Conquer Approach: Heaps and Heap Sort (T1:6.4).	
Module 4	
<b>Dynamic Programming:</b> General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs (T2:5.1,	10 Hours
5.2). Transitive Closure: Warshall's Algorithm, All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's	
Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem ((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4),	
Bellman-Ford Algorithm ( <b>T2:5.4</b> ), Travelling Sales Person problem ( <b>T2:5.9</b> ), Reliability	
design ( <b>T2:5.8</b> ).	
Module 5	
<b>Backtracking:</b> General method ( <b>T2:7.1</b> ), N-Queens problem ( <b>T1:12.1</b> ), Sum of subsets	10 Hours
problem (T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Branch and	
<b>Bound:</b> Assignment Problem, Travelling Sales Person problem (T1:12.2), 0/1	
Knapsack problem (T2:8.2, T1:12.2): LC Branch and Bound solution (T2:8.2), FIFO	

Branch and Bound solution (T2:8.2). NP-Complete and NP-Hard problems: Basic

concepts, non-deterministic algorithms, P, NP, NP-Complete, and NP-Hard classes (T2:11.1).

# **Course Outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to

- Describe computational solution to well known problems like searching, sorting etc.
- Estimate the computational complexity of different algorithms.
- Devise an algorithm using appropriate design strategies for problem solving.

## **Graduate Attributes**

- Engineering Knowledge
- Problem Analysis
- Design/Development of Solutions
- Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems
- Life-Long Learning

# Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### Text Books:

- T1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin:, 2rd Edition, 2009. Pearson.
- T2. Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, Satraj Sahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press

- 1. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI
- 2. Design and Analysis of Algorithms, S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education)

MICROPR	OCESSORS	AND MICROCONTROLLERS

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

### SEMESTER - IV

Subject Code	15CS44	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

## **CREDITS – 04**

# **Course objectives:** This course will enable students to

- Make familiar with importance and applications of microprocessors and microcontrollers
- Expose architecture of 8086 microprocessor and ARM processor

Coprocessor Instructions, Loading Constants, Simple programming exercises.

**Course Outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to

Text book 2: Ch 3:3.1 to 3.6 (Excluding 3.5.2)

• Familiarize instruction set of ARM processor

Familiarize instruction set of ARM processor	
Module 1	Teaching
	Hours
The x86 microprocessor: Brief history of the x86 family, Inside the 8088/86,	10 Hours
Introduction to assembly programming, Introduction to Program Segments, The Stack,	
Flag register, x86 Addressing Modes. <b>Assembly language programming:</b> Directives &	
a Sample Program, Assemble, Link & Run a program, More Sample programs, Control	
Transfer Instructions, Data Types and Data Definition, Full Segment Definition,	
Flowcharts and Pseudo code.	
Text book 1: Ch 1: 1.1 to 1.7, Ch 2: 2.1 to 2.7	
Module 2	
x86: Instructions sets description, Arithmetic and logic instructions and programs:	10 Hours
Unsigned Addition and Subtraction, Unsigned Multiplication and Division, Logic	
Instructions, BCD and ASCII conversion, Rotate Instructions. INT 21H and INT 10H	
<b>Programming:</b> Bios INT 10H Programming, DOS Interrupt 21H. 8088/86 Interrupts,	
x86 PC and Interrupt Assignment.	
Text book 1: Ch 3: 3.1 to 3.5, Ch 4: 4.1 , 4.2 Chapter 14: 14.1 and 14.2	
Module 3	
Signed Numbers and Strings: Signed number Arithmetic Operations, String operations.	10 Hours
Memory and Memory interfacing: Memory address decoding, data integrity in RAM	
and ROM, 16-bit memory interfacing. 8255 I/O programming: I/O addresses MAP of	
x86 PC's, programming and interfacing the 8255.	
Text book 1: Ch 6: 6.1, 6.2. Ch 10: 10.2, 10.4, 10.5. Ch 11: 11.1 to 11.4	
Module 4	
Microprocessors versus Microcontrollers, ARM Embedded Systems :The RISC design	10 Hours
philosophy, The ARM Design Philosophy, Embedded System Hardware, Embedded	
System Software, ARM Processor Fundamentals: Registers, Current Program Status	
Register, Pipeline, Exceptions, Interrupts, and the Vector Table, Core Extensions	
Text book 2:Ch 1:1.1 to 1.4, Ch 2:2.1 to 2.5	
Module 5	
Introduction to the ARM Instruction Set: Data Processing Instructions, Branch	10 Hours
Instructions, Software Interrupt Instructions, Program Status Register Instructions,	

- Differentiate between microprocessors and microcontrollers
- Design and develop assembly language code to solve problems
- Gain the knowledge for interfacing various devices to x86 family and ARM processor
- Demonstrate design of interrupt routines for interfacing devices

#### **Graduate Attributes**

- Engineering Knowledge
- Problem Analysis
- Design/Development of Solutions

# Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

### Text Books:

- 1. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi, Danny Causey, The x86 PC Assembly Language Design and Interfacing, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2013.
- 2. **ARM system developers guide**, Andrew N Sloss, Dominic Symes and Chris Wright, Elsevier, Morgan Kaufman publishers, 2008.

- 1. Douglas V. Hall: Microprocessors and Interfacing, Revised 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, TMH, 2006.
- 2. K. Udaya Kumar & B.S. Umashankar: Advanced Microprocessors & IBM-PC Assembly Language Programming, TMH 2003.
- 3. Ayala: The 8086 Microprocessor: programming and interfacing 1st edition, Cengage Learning
- 4. The Definitive Guide to the ARM Cortex-M3, by Joseph Yiu, 2nd Edition, Newnes, 2009
- 5. The Insider's Guide to the ARM7 based microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd., 1<sup>st</sup> edition, 2005
- 6. ARM System-on-Chip Architecture, Steve Furber, Second Edition, Pearson, 2015
- 7. Architecture, Programming and Interfacing of Low power Processors- ARM7, Cortex-M and MSP430, Lyla B Das Cengage Learning, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition

# **OBJECT ORIENTED CONCEPTS**

# [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

### SEMESTER - IV

Subject Code	15CS45	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

# CREDITS-04

# Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Learn fundamental features of object oriented language and JAVA
- Set up Java JDK environment to create, debug and run simple Java programs.
- Create multi-threaded programs and event handling mechanisms.
- Introduce event driven Graphical User Interface (GUI) programming using applets and swings.

swings.	
Module 1	Teaching
	Hours
Introduction to Object Oriented Concepts:	10 Hours
A Review of structures, Procedure-Oriented Programming system, Object Oriented	
Programming System, Comparison of Object Oriented Language with C, Console I/O,	
variables and reference variables, Function Prototyping, Function Overloading. Class	
and Objects: Introduction, member functions and data, objects and functions, objects and	
arrays, Namespaces, Nested classes, Constructors, Destructors.	
Text book 1: Ch 1: 1.1 to 1.9 Ch 2: 2.1 to 2.6 Ch 4: 4.1 to 4.2	
Module 2	•
Introduction to Java: Java's magic: the Byte code; Java Development Kit (JDK); the	10 Hours
Java Buzzwords, Object-oriented programming; Simple Java programs. Data types,	
variables and arrays, Operators, Control Statements.	
Text book 2: Ch:1 Ch: 2 Ch:3 Ch:4 Ch:5	
Module 3	
Classes, Inheritance, Exceptions, Packages and Interfaces: Classes: Classes	10 Hours
fundamentals; Declaring objects; Constructors, this keyword, garbage collection.	
Inheritance: inheritance basics, using super, creating multi level hierarchy, method	
overriding. Exception handling: Exception handling in Java. Packages, Access	
Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces.	
Text book 2: Ch:6 Ch: 8 Ch:9 Ch:10	
Module 4	
Multi Threaded Programming, Event Handling: Multi Threaded Programming: What	10 Hours
are threads? How to make the classes threadable; Extending threads; Implementing	
runnable; Synchronization; Changing state of the thread; Bounded buffer problems, read-	
write problem, producer consumer problems. Event Handling: Two event handling	
mechanisms; The delegation event model; Event classes; Sources of events; Event	
listener interfaces; Using the delegation event model; Adapter classes; Inner classes.	
Text book 2: Ch 11: Ch: 22	
Module 5	•
The Applet Class: Introduction, Two types of Applets; Applet basics; Applet	10 Hours
	ĺ

Architecture; An Applet skeleton; Simple Applet display methods; Requesting repainting;

Using the Status Window; The HTML APPLET tag; Passing parameters to Applets; getDocumentbase() and getCodebase(); ApletContext and showDocument(); The AudioClip Interface; The AppletStub Interface; Output to the Console. **Swings:** Swings: The origins of Swing; Two key Swing features; Components and Containers; The Swing Packages; A simple Swing Application; Create a Swing Applet; Jlabel and ImageIcon; JTextField; The Swing Buttons; JTabbedpane; JScrollPane; JList; JComboBox; JTable.

### Text book 2: Ch 21: Ch: 29 Ch: 30

**Course Outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to

- Explain the object-oriented concepts and JAVA.
- Develop computer programs to solve real world problems in Java.
- Develop simple GUI interfaces for a computer program to interact with users, and to understand the event-based GUI handling principles using Applets and swings.

## **Graduate Attributes**

- Programming Knowledge
- Design/Development of Solutions
- Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems
- Life-Long Learning

### Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### Text Books:

- 1. Sourav Sahay, Object Oriented Programming with C++, Oxford University Press,2006 (Chapters 1, 2, 4)
- 2. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007. (Chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9,10, 11, 21, 22, 29, 30)

### Reference Book:

- 1. Mahesh Bhave and Sunil Patekar, "Programming with Java", First Edition, Pearson Education, 2008, ISBN:9788131720806
- 2. Herbert Schildt, The Complete Reference C++, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2003.
- 3. Stanley B.Lippmann, Josee Lajore, C++ Primer, 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
- 4. Rajkumar Buyya,S Thamarasi selvi, xingchen chu, Object oriented Programming with java, Tata McGraw Hill education private limited.
- 5. Richard A Johnson, Introduction to Java Programming and OOAD, CENGAGE Learning.
- 6. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java A primer, Tata McGraw Hill companies.

Note: Every institute shall organize a bridge organize on C++ either in the vacation or in the beginning of even semester.

# **DATA COMMUNICATION**

# [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

### SEMESTER - IV

Subject Code	15CS46	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

### CREDITS - 04

# **Course objectives:** This course will enable students to

- Comprehend the transmission technique of digital data between two or more computers and a computer network that allows computers to exchange data.
- Explain with the basics of data communication and various types of computer networks;
- Illustrate TCP/IP protocol suite and switching criteria.
- Demonstrate Medium Access Control protocols for reliable and noisy channels.
- Expose wireless and wired LANs along with IP version.

Contonto	Tanahina	
Contents	Teaching Hours	
W 11 4	nours	
Module 1		
Introduction: Data Communications, Networks, Network Types, Internet History,	10 Hours	
Standards and Administration, Networks Models: Protocol Layering, TCP/IP Protocol		
suite, The OSI model, Introduction to Physical Layer-1: Data and Signals, Digital		
Signals, Transmission Impairment, Data Rate limits, Performance, <b>Digital Transmission</b> :		
Digital to digital conversion (Only Line coding: Polar, Bipolar and Manchester coding).		
Module 2		
Physical Layer-2: Analog to digital conversion (only PCM), Transmission Modes,	10 Hours	
Analog Transmission: Digital to analog conversion, Bandwidth Utilization:		
Multiplexing and Spread Spectrum, <b>Switching</b> : Introduction, Circuit Switched Networks		
and Packet switching.		
Module 3		
Error Detection and Correction: Introduction, Block coding, Cyclic codes, Checksum,	10 Hours	
Forward error correction, <b>Data link control</b> : DLC services, Data link layer protocols,		
HDLC, and Point to Point protocol (Framing, Transition phases only).		
Module 4		
Media Access control: Random Access, Controlled Access and Channelization,	10 Hours	
Wired LANs Ethernet: Ethernet Protocol, Standard Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit		
Ethernet and 10 Gigabit Ethernet, Wireless LANs: Introduction, IEEE 802.11 Project		
and Bluetooth.		
Module 5	<u>I</u>	
Other wireless Networks: WIMAX, Cellular Telephony, Satellite networks, Network	10 Hours	
layer Protocols: Internet Protocol, ICMPv4, Mobile IP, Next generation IP: IPv6		
addressing, The IPv6 Protocol, The ICMPv6 Protocol and Transition from IPv4 to IPv6.		
Course Outcomes: After studying this course students will be able to	1	

**Course Outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to

Illustrate basic computer network technology.

- Identify the different types of network topologies and protocols.
- Enumerate the layers of the OSI model and TCP/IP functions of each layer.
- Make out the different types of network devices and their functions within a network

• Demonstrate the skills of subnetting and routing mechanisms.

### **Graduate Attributes**

- 1. Engineering Knowledge
- 2. Design Development of solution(Partly)
- 3. Modern Tool Usage
- 4. Problem Analysis

# Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

## Text Book:

Behrouz A. Forouzan, Data Communications and Networking 5E, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2013. (Chapters 1.1 to 1.5, 2.1 to 2.3, 3.1, 3.3 to 3.6, 4.1 to 4.3, 5.1, 6.1, 6.2, 8.1 to 8.3, 10.1 to 10.5, 11.1 to 11.4, 12.1 to 12.3, 13.1 to 13.5, 15.1 to 15.3, 16.1 to 16.3, 19.1 to 19.3, 22.1 to 22.4)

- 1. Alberto Leon-Garcia and Indra Widjaja: Communication Networks Fundamental Concepts and Key architectures, 2nd Edition Tata McGraw-Hill, 2004.
- 2. William Stallings: Data and Computer Communication, 8th Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 3. Larry L. Peterson and Bruce S. Davie: Computer Networks A Systems Approach, 4th Edition, Elsevier, 2007.
- 4. Nader F. Mir: Computer and Communication Networks, Pearson Education, 2007

# DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHM LABORATORY

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

### SEMESTER - IV

Subject Code	15CSL47	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01 I + 02 P	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

## CREDITS – 02

# Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Design and implement various algorithms in JAVA
- Employ various design strategies for problem solving.
- Measure and compare the performance of different algorithms.

# **Description**

Design, develop, and implement the specified algorithms for the following problems using Java language under LINUX /Windows environment.Netbeans/Eclipse IDE tool can be used for development and demonstration.

_	_	ent and demonstration.		
	erime			
1	A	Create a Java class called <i>Student</i> with the following details as variables within it.  (i) USN  (ii) Name  (iii) Branch  (iv) Phone  Write a Java program to create <i>nStudent</i> objects and print the USN, Name, Branch, and Phoneof these objects with suitable headings.		
	В	Write a Java program to implement the Stack using arrays. Write Push(), Pop(), and Display() methods to demonstrate its working.		
2	A	Design a superclass called <i>Staff</i> with details as StaffId, Name, Phone, Salary. Extend this class by writing three subclasses namely <i>Teaching</i> (domain, publications), <i>Technical</i> (skills), and <i>Contract</i> (period). Write a Java program to read and display at least 3 <i>staff</i> objects of all three categories.		
	В	Write a Java class called <i>Customer</i> to store their name and date_of_birth. The date_of_birth format should be dd/mm/yyyy. Write methods to read customer data as <name, dd="" mm="" yyyy=""> and display as <name, dd,="" mm,="" yyyy=""> using StringTokenizer class considering the delimiter character as "/".</name,></name,>		
3	A	Write a Java program to read two integers $a$ and $b$ . Compute $a/b$ and print, when $b$ is not zero. Raise an exception when $b$ is equal to zero.		
	В	Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer for every 1 second; second thread computes the square of the number and prints; third thread will print the value of cube of the number.		
4	Sort a given set of <i>n</i> integer elements using <b>Quick Sort</b> method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of <i>n</i> > 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus <i>n</i> on graph sheet. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.			

- Sort a given set of *n* integer elements using **Merge Sort** method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of *n*> 5000, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus *n* on graph sheet. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using Java how the divideand-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.
- 6 Implement in Java, the **0/1 Knapsack** problem using (a) Dynamic Programming method (b) Greedy method.
- From a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, find shortest paths to other vertices using **Dijkstra's algorithm**. Write the program in Java.
- Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using **Kruskal'salgorithm.** Use Union-Find algorithms in your program.
- 9 Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using **Prim's algorithm**.
- 10 Write Java programs to
  - (a) Implement All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using Floyd's algorithm.
  - (b) Implement Travelling Sales Person problem using Dynamic programming.
- Design and implement in Java to find a **subset** of a given set  $S = \{S_1, S_2, ...., S_n\}$  of n positive integers whose SUM is equal to a given positive integer d. For example, if  $S = \{1, 2, 5, 6, 8\}$  and d = 9, there are two solutions  $\{1,2,6\}$  and  $\{1,8\}$ . Display a suitable message, if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.
- Design and implement in Java to find all **Hamiltonian Cycles** in a connected undirected Graph G of *n* vertices using backtracking principle.

## **Course Outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Design algorithms using appropriate design techniques (brute-force, greedy, dynamic programming, etc.)
- Implement a variety of algorithms such assorting, graph related, combinatorial, etc., in a high level language.
- Analyze and compare the performance of algorithms using language features.
- Apply and implement learned algorithm design techniques and data structures to solve real-world problems.

#### **Graduate Attributes**

- Engineering Knowledge
- Problem Analysis
- Modern Tool Usage
- Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems
- Design/Development of Solutions

### **Conduction of Practical Examination:**

All laboratory experiments (Twelve problems) are to be included for practical examination. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.

To generate the data set use random number generator function.

Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script for breakup of marks

Marks distribution: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: 20 + 50 + 10 (80). Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure

# MICROPROCESSOR AND MICROCONTROLLER LABORATORY

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

### SEMESTER - IV

Subject Code	15CSL48	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01 I + 02 P	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

#### **CREDITS - 02**

## Course objectives: This course will enable students to

 To provide practical exposure to the students on microprocessors, design and coding knowledge on 80x86 family/ARM. To give the knowledge and practical exposure on connectivity and execute of interfacing devices with 8086/ARM kit like LED displays, Keyboards, DAC/ADC, and various other devices.

### **Description**

Demonstration and Explanation hardware components and Faculty in-charge should explain 8086 architecture, pin diagram in one slot. The second slot, the Faculty in-charge should explain instruction set types/category etc. Students have to prepare a write-up on the same and include it in the Lab record and to be evaluated.

Laboratory Session-1: Write-up on Microprocessors, 8086 Functional block diagram, Pin diagram and description. The same information is also taught in theory class; this helps the students to understand better.

Laboratory Session-2: Write-up on Instruction group, Timing diagrams, etc. The same information is also taught in theory class; this helps the students to understand better.

Note: These TWO Laboratory sessions are used to fill the gap between theory classes and practical sessions. Both sessions are evaluated as lab experiments for 20 marks.

## **Experiments**

- Develop and execute the following programs using 8086 Assembly Language. Any suitable assembler like MASM/TASM/8086 kit or any equivalent software may be used.
- Program should have suitable comments.
- The board layout and the circuit diagram of the interface are to be provided to the student during the examination.
- Software Required: Open source ARM Development platform, KEIL IDE and Proteus for simulation

### **SOFTWARE PROGRAMS: PART A**

- 1. Design and develop an assembly language program to search a key element "X" in a list of 'n' 16-bit numbers. Adopt Binary search algorithm in your program for searching.
- 2. Design and develop an assembly program to sort a given set of 'n' 16-bit numbers in ascending order. Adopt Bubble Sort algorithm to sort given elements.
- 3. Develop an assembly language program to reverse a given string and verify whether it is a palindrome or not. Display the appropriate message.
- 4. Develop an assembly language program to compute nCr using recursive procedure. Assume that 'n' and 'r' are non-negative integers.

- 5. Design and develop an assembly language program to read the current time and Date from the system and display it in the standard format on the screen.
- 6. To write and simulate ARM assembly language programs for data transfer, arithmetic and logical operations (Demonstrate with the help of a suitable program).
- 7. To write and simulate C Programs for ARM microprocessor using KEIL (Demonstrate with the help of a suitable program)

Note: To use KEIL one may refer the book: Insider's Guide to the ARM7 based microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd.,1<sup>st</sup> edition, 2005

## HARDWARE PROGRAMS: PART B

- 8. a. Design and develop an assembly program to demonstrate BCD Up-Down Counter (00-99) on the Logic Controller Interface.
  - b. Design and develop an assembly program to read the status of two 8-bit inputs (X & Y) from the Logic Controller Interface and display X\*Y.
- 9. Design and develop an assembly program to display messages "FIRE" and "HELP" alternately with flickering effects on a 7-segment display interface for a suitable period of time. Ensure a flashing rate that makes it easy to read both the messages (Examiner does not specify these delay values nor is it necessary for the student to compute these values).
- 10. Design and develop an assembly program to drive a Stepper Motor interface and rotate the motor in specified direction (clockwise or counter-clockwise) by N steps (Direction and N are specified by the examiner). Introduce suitable delay between successive steps. (Any arbitrary value for the delay may be assumed by the student).
- 11. Design and develop an assembly language program to
  - a. Generate the Sine Wave using DAC interface (The output of the DAC is to be displayed on the CRO).
  - b. Generate a Half Rectified Sine waveform using the DAC interface. (The output of the DAC is to be displayed on the CRO).
- 12. To interface LCD with ARM processor-- ARM7TDMI/LPC2148. Write and execute programs in C language for displaying text messages and numbers on LCD
- 13. To interface Stepper motor with ARM processor-- ARM7TDMI/LPC2148. Write a program to rotate stepper motor

### **Study Experiments:**

- 1. Interfacing of temperature sensor with ARM freedom board (or any other ARM microprocessor board) and display temperature on LCD
- 2. To design ARM cortex based automatic number plate recognition system
- 3. To design ARM based power saving system

# **Course Outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to

- Learn 80x86 instruction sets and gins the knowledge of how assembly language works.
- Design and implement programs written in 80x86 assembly language
- Know functioning of hardware devices and interfacing them to x86 family
- Choose processors for various kinds of applications.

### **Graduate Attributes**

- Engineering Knowledge
- Problem Analysis
- Modern Tool Usage
- Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems
- Design/Development of Solutions

# **Conduction of Practical Examination:**

- All laboratory experiments (all 7 + 6 nos) are to be included for practical examination.
- Students are allowed to pick one experiment from each of the lot.
- Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script for breakup of marks
- PART –A: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: 10 + 25 +05 (40)
- PART –B: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: 10 + 25 +05 (40)
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

MANAGEMENT, EN	TOEDDENEI	DCHID AND CVRED	T A 337	
,		stem (CBCS) scheme]		
_ <b>_</b>	•	c year 2016 -2017)		
(======================================	SEMESTER	•		
Subject Code	15CS51	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	
100001,000001 01 200000 120000	CREDITS -		1 32	
Course objectives: This course will				
• Explain the principles of ma			ır	
<ul> <li>Discuss on planning, staffing</li> </ul>	_	_		
• Infer the importance of intell		<u> </u>	titutions	al support
Module – 1	rectual property	rights and relate the mist		<b>Teaching</b>
1710uile 1				Hours
Introduction – Meaning, nature an	nd characteristic	s of management. scor	e and	10 Hours
functional areas of management, g				
brief overview of evolution of mana	_	_		
of plans, steps in planning, O	-			
organization.	15umzing nav	are and purpose, typ	01	
Module – 2				
Staffing- meaning, process of	recruitment an	d selection Directing	g and	10 Hours
controlling- meaning and nature		-		10 110015
theories. Controlling- meaning, st	<u> </u>	* •		
control, Communication- Meaning				
importance	1		υ	
Module – 3			Į.	
Entrepreneur – meaning of entre	preneur, types o	of entrepreneurship, sta	ges of	10 Hours
entrepreneurial process, role of				
entrepreneurship in India, barriers to	o entrepreneursh	ip. Identification of bu	isiness	
opportunities- market feasibility	study, technical	feasibility study, fin	ancial	
feasibility study and social feasibilit	ty study.			
Module – 4				
Preparation of project and ERP				10 Hours
project selection, project report,				
formulation, guidelines by planning	_	1 3 1	-	
Resource Planning: Meaning and	_			
Management – Marketing / Sales-		•		
Accounting – Human Resources	<ul> <li>Types of rep</li> </ul>	ports and methods of	report	
generation				
Module – 5	1.00			
Small Scale Industry: case s Entrepreneur), Government policy to case study (N R Narayana Murthy of Amar Gopal Bose and Bose corpo	wards SSI, Case & Infosys) Instit	study(Captain G R Gop cutional support: case	inath), <b>study:</b>	10 Hours
Different schemes, Types of Help, Ca	* *			
4. IDD	-	•		

**Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

to IPR.

 Define management, organization, entrepreneur, planning, staffing, ERP and outline their importance in entrepreneurship

- Utilize the resources available effectively through ERP
- Make us of IPRs and institutional support in entrepreneurship

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Principles of Management -P. C. Tripathi, P. N. Reddy; Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, 2010.
- 2. Dynamics of Entrepreneurial Development & Management -Vasant Desai Himalaya Publishing House.
- 3. Entrepreneurship Development -Small Business Enterprises -Poornima M Charantimath Pearson Education 2006.
- 4. Management and Entrepreneurship Kanishka Bedi- Oxford University Press-2017

- 1. Management Fundamentals -Concepts, Application, Skill Development Robert Lusier Thomson.
- 2. Entrepreneurship Development -S S Khanka -S Chand & Co.
- 3. Management Stephen Robbins Pearson Education / PHI 17th Edition, 2003

# COMPUTER NETWORKS

# [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

#### SEMESTER - V

DEMEDIEN V		
15CS52	IA Marks	20
4	Exam Marks	80
50	Exam Hours	03
	15CS52 4	15CS52 IA Marks 4 Exam Marks

#### **CREDITS – 04**

# **Course objectives:** This course will enable students to

- Demonstration of application layer protocols
- Discuss transport layer services and understand UDP and TCP protocols
- Explain routers, IP and Routing Algorithms in network layer
- Disseminate the Wireless and Mobile Networks covering IEEE 802.11 Standard
- Illustrate concepts of Multimedia Networking, Security and Network Management

Module – 1	Teaching
Application Layer: Principles of Network Applications: Network Application Architectures, Processes Communicating, Transport Services Available to Applications, Transport Services Provided by the Internet, Application-Layer Protocols. The Web and HTTP: Overview of HTTP, Non-persistent and Persistent Connections, HTTP Message Format, User-Server Interaction: Cookies, Web Caching, The Conditional GET, File Transfer: FTP Commands & Replies, Electronic Mail in the Internet: SMTP, Comparison with HTTP, Mail Message Format, Mail Access Protocols, DNS; The Internet's Directory Service: Services Provided by DNS, Overview of How DNS Works, DNS Records and Messages, Peer-to-Peer Applications: P2P File Distribution, Distributed Hash Tables, Socket Programming: creating Network Applications: Socket Programming with UDP, Socket Programming with TCP.	Hours 10 Hours
T1: Chap 2	
Module – 2	
Transport Layer: Introduction and Transport-Layer Services: Relationship Between Transport and Network Layers, Overview of the Transport Layer in the Internet, Multiplexing and Demultiplexing: Connectionless Transport: UDP,UDP Segment Structure, UDP Checksum, Principles of Reliable Data Transfer: Building a Reliable Data Transfer Protocol, Pipelined Reliable Data Transfer Protocols, Go-Back-N, Selective repeat, Connection-Oriented Transport TCP: The TCP Connection, TCP Segment Structure, Round-Trip Time Estimation and Timeout, Reliable Data Transfer, Flow Control, TCP Connection Management, Principles of Congestion Control: The Causes and the Costs of Congestion, Approaches to Congestion Control, Network-assisted congestion-control example, ATM ABR Congestion control, TCP Congestion Control: Fairness.  T1: Chap 3	10 Hours
Module – 3	
<b>The Network layer</b> : What's Inside a Router?: Input Processing, Switching, Output Processing, Where Does Queuing Occur? Routing control plane, IPv6,A Brief foray into IP Security, Routing Algorithms: The Link-State (LS) Routing	10 Hours

Algorithm, The Distance-Vector (DV) Routing Algorithm, Hierarchical Routing,

Routing in the Internet, Intra-AS Routing in the Internet: RIP, Intra-AS Routing in the Internet: OSPF, Inter/AS Routing: BGP, Broadcast and Multicast Routing: Broadcast Routing Algorithms and Multicast.

T1: Chap 4: 4.3-4.7

#### Module – 4

Mobile and Multimedia Networks: Cellular Internet Access: An Overview of Cellular Network Architecture, 3G Cellular Data Networks: Extending the Internet to Cellular subscribers, On to 4G:LTE,Mobility management: Principles, Addressing, Routing to a mobile node, Mobile IP, Managing mobility in cellular Networks, Routing calls to a Mobile user, Handoffs in GSM, Wireless and Mobility: Impact on Higher-layer protocols.

10 Hours

# T1: Chap: 6: 6.4-6.8

#### Module - 5

**Multimedia Networking Applications:** Properties of video, properties of Audio, Types of multimedia Network Applications, Streaming stored video: UDP Streaming, HTTP Streaming, Adaptive streaming and DASH, content distribution Networks, case studies: Netflix, You Tube and Kankan.

10 Hours

**Network Support for Multimedia:** Dimensioning Best-Effort Networks, Providing Multiple Classes of Service, Diffserv, Per-Connection Quality-of-Service (QoS) Guarantees: Resource Reservation and Call Admission

T1: Chap: 7: 7.1,7.2,7.5

#### **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Explain principles of application layer protocols
- Recognize transport layer services and infer UDP and TCP protocols
- Classify routers, IP and Routing Algorithms in network layer
- Understand the Wireless and Mobile Networks covering IEEE 802.11 Standard
- Describe Multimedia Networking and Network Management

#### **Ouestion paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

1. James F Kurose and Keith W Ross, Computer Networking, A Top-Down Approach, Sixth edition, Pearson, 2017.

- 1. Behrouz A Forouzan, Data and Communications and Networking, Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill, Indian Edition
- 2. Larry L Peterson and Brusce S Davie, Computer Networks, fifth edition, ELSEVIER
- 3. Andrew S Tanenbaum, Computer Networks, fifth edition, Pearson
- 4. Mayank Dave, Computer Networks, Second edition, Cengage Learning

		IENT SYSTEM stem (CBCS) scheme]		
<u>-</u>	-	c year 2016 -2017)		
(	SEMESTER	•		
Subject Code	15CS53	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS -			
Course objectives: This course will				
Provide a strong foundation			practice	2.
<ul> <li>Practice SQL programming</li> </ul>		1		
<ul> <li>Demonstrate the use of cond</li> </ul>	currency and tra	ansactions in database		
<ul> <li>Design and build database a</li> </ul>	pplications for	real world problems.		
Module – 1				Teachin
				Hours
Introduction to Databases: Introdu	,	1.1	,	10 Hou
Advantages of using the DBMS a				
Overview of Database Languages				
and Instances. Three schema arch		*		
languages, and interfaces, The Datab	<u> </u>	_		
Modelling using Entities and I				
attributes, roles, and structural con		entity types, ER dia	grams,	
examples, Specialization and General		10		
Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.0 Module – 2	0, 7.1 10 7.0, 7.1	LU		
<b>Relational Model</b> : Relational Mod	al Concents E	Palational Model Cons	traints	10 Hou
and relational database schemas, U				10 1100
with constraint violations. Relation	-		_	
operations, additional relational oper				
of Queries in relational algebra. Ma			-	
<b>Design:</b> Relational Database Design			_	
SQL data definition and data type		11 0	_	
queries in SQL, INSERT, DELE				
Additional features of SQL.				
Textbook 1: Ch 3.1, 3.2, 6.1 to 6.5	, 8.1; <b>Textboo</b>	k 2: 3.5; Textbook 1:	4.1 to	
4.5				
Module – 3				
<b>SQL</b> : Advances Queries: More				10 Hou
constraints as assertions and action				
statements in SQL. Database Appl				
from applications, An introduction to			_	
Stored procedures, Case study: The				
The three-Tier application architectur	-	<u> </u>	Tier	
781. AB B. G AND . C. G. A C. A C				
Textbook 1: Ch 5.1 to 5.4; Textboo	K 2: 6.1 to 6.6,	7.5 to 7.7.		
Module – 4	,			10 11
,	<b>heory</b> – Introdu	uction to Normalization		10 Hou

relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued

Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. **Normalization Algorithms:** Inference Rules, Equivalence, and Minimal Cover, Properties of Relational Decompositions, Algorithms for Relational Database Schema Design, Nulls, Dangling tuples, and alternate Relational Designs, Further discussion of Multivalued dependencies and 4NF, Other dependencies and Normal Forms

#### Textbook 1: Ch 15.1 to 15.6

#### Module – 5

**Transaction Processing:** Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL. **Concurrency Control in Databases:** Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering, Multiversion Concurrency control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and Multiple Granularity Locking. **Introduction to Database Recovery Protocols:** Recovery Concepts, NO-UNDO/REDO recovery based on Deferred update, Recovery techniques based on immediate update, Shadow paging, Database backup and recovery from catastrophic failures

Textbook 1: 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.5, 22.1 to 22.4, 22.7.

#### **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Identify, analyze and define database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using RDBMS.
- Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation.
- Design and build simple database systems
- Design and build GUI application to interact with databases.

#### **Ouestion paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Database systems Models, Languages, Design and Application Programming, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Silberschatz Korth and Sudharshan: Database System Concepts, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2013.
- 2. Coronel, Morris, and Rob, Database Principles Fundamentals of Design, Implementation and Management, Cengage Learning 2012.

10 Hours

[As per Choice Ba	ased Credit S	D COMPUTABILITY ystem (CBCS) scheme]		
	n the academ SEMESTER	nic year 2016 -2017) R – V		
Subject Code	15CS54	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS	- 04		
Course objectives: This course will	enable studen	ts to		
<ul> <li>Introduce core concepts in Au</li> <li>Identify different Formal lang</li> <li>Design Grammars and Recogn</li> <li>Prove or disprove theorems in</li> </ul>	guage Classes nizers for diff	and their Relationships erent formal languages	3	
<ul> <li>Determine the decidability and</li> </ul>	d intractability	y of Computational probl	ems	
Module – 1	•			Teaching
				Hours
Why study the Theory of Compo Languages. A Language Hierarch (FSM): Deterministic FSM, Nondeterministic FSMs, From FSM FSMs, Minimizing FSMs, Canonica Transducers, Bidirectional Transducer Textbook 1: Ch 1,2, 5.1 to 5.10	y, Computat Regular lar Is to Operati al form of R	ion, <b>Finite State Mac</b> nguages, Designing ional Systems, Simulato	chines FSM, rs for	10 Hour
Module – 2				
Regular Expressions (RE): what is REs, Manipulating and Simplifyin Regular Grammars and Regular languages: How many RLs, properties of RLs, to show some lang <b>Textbook 1: Ch 6, 7, 8, 9: 6.1 to 6.4</b>	ng REs. Reguages. Regu To show that yuages are not	egular Grammars: Defin llar Languages (RL) and a language is regular, C RLs.	nition, Non-	10 Hours
Module – 3	, , ,		L	
Context-Free Grammars(CFG): Intro CFGs and languages, designing G Grammar is correct, Derivation and Pushdown Automata (PDA): Definit and Non-deterministic PDAs, No equivalent definitions of a PDA, alter <b>Textbook 1: Ch 11, 12: 11.1 to 11.8</b>	CFGs, simplid Parse trees ion of non-de on-determinis matives that a	fying CFGs, proving t s, Ambiguity, Normal F terministic PDA, Deterministic PDA, alternation	hat a Forms. inistic native	10 Hours
Module – 4	,		<u>l</u> _	
Context-Free and Non-Context-Free Languages(CFL) fit, Showing a lang CFL, Important closure properties of Decision Procedures for CFLs: De Turing Machine: Turing machine moby TM, design of TM, Techniques for Textbook 1: Ch 13: 13.1 to 13.5, To	guage is conto CFLs, Deternation of CFLs, Contone Cidable quest Odel, Represer Or TM constru	ext-free, Pumping theore ministic CFLs. Algorithm ions, Un-decidable questation, Language acceptation.	om for and stions.	10 Hours
	CALDUUR 2. C	u /.1 W /.V		
Module – 5  Variants of Turing Machines (TM), Decidability: Definition of an alg				10 Hours

Undecidable languages, halting problem of TM, Post correspondence problem. Complexity: Growth rate of functions, the classes of P and NP, Quantum Computation: quantum computers, Church-Turing thesis.

Textbook 2: Ch 9.7 to 9.8, 10.1 to 10.7, 12.1, 12.2, 12.8, 12.8.1, 12.8.2

**Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Acquire fundamental understanding of the core concepts in automata theory and Theory of Computation
- Learn how to translate between different models of Computation (e.g., Deterministic and Non-deterministic and Software models).
- Design Grammars and Automata (recognizers) for different language classes and become knowledgeable about restricted models of Computation (Regular, Context Free) and their relative powers.
- Develop skills in formal reasoning and reduction of a problem to a formal model, with an emphasis on semantic precision and conciseness.
- Classify a problem with respect to different models of Computation.

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

# **Text Books:**

- 1. Elaine Rich, Automata, Computability and Complexity, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2012/2013
- 2. K L P Mishra, N Chandrasekaran ,  $3^{\rm rd}$  Edition, Theory of Computer Science, McGraw hill, 2012

- 1. John E Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffery D Ullman, Introduction to AutomataTheory, Languages, and Computation, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2013
- 2. Michael Sipser: Introduction to the Theory of Computation, 3rd edition, Cengage learning, 2013
- 3. John C Martin, Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw –Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2013
- 4. Peter Linz, "An Introduction to Formal Languages and Automata", 3rd Edition, Narosa Publishers, 1998
- 5. Basavaraj S. Anami, Karibasappa K G, Formal Languages and Automata theory, Wiley India, 2012

# OBJECT ORIENTED MODELING AND DESIGN [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

#### SEMESTER - V

Subject Code	15CS551	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

#### CREDITS – 03

# **Course objectives:** This course will enable students to

Text Book-2: Chapter 8: page 292 to 346

- Describe the concepts involved in Object-Oriented modelling and their benefits.
- Demonstrate concept of use-case model, sequence model and state chart model for a given problem.
- Explain the facets of the unified process approach to design and build a Software system.
- Translate the requirements into implementation for Object Oriented design.
- Choose an appropriate design pattern to facilitate development procedure.

Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
Introduction, Modelling Concepts and Class Modelling: What is Object	8 Hours
orientation? What is OO development? OO Themes; Evidence for usefulness of	
OO development; OO modelling history. Modelling as Design technique:	
Modelling; abstraction; The Three models. Class Modelling: Object and Class	
Concept; Link and associations concepts; Generalization and Inheritance; A	
sample class model; Navigation of class models; Advanced Class Modelling,	
Advanced object and class concepts; Association ends; N-ary associations;	
Aggregation; Abstract classes; Multiple inheritance; Metadata; Reification;	
Constraints; Derived Data; Packages.	
Text Book-1: Ch 1, 2, 3 and 4	
Module – 2	
UseCase Modelling and Detailed Requirements: Overview; Detailed object-	8 Hours
oriented Requirements definitions; System Processes-A use case/Scenario view;	
Identifying Input and outputs-The System sequence diagram; Identifying Object	
Behaviour-The state chart Diagram; Integrated Object-oriented Models.	
Text Book-2:Chapter- 6:Page 210 to 250	
Module – 3	
Process Overview, System Conception and Domain Analysis: Process Overview:	8 Hours
Development stages; Development life Cycle; System Conception: Devising a	
system concept; elaborating a concept; preparing a problem statement. Domain	
Analysis: Overview of analysis; Domain Class model: Domain state model;	
Domain interaction model; Iterating the analysis.	
Text Book-1:Chapter- 10,11,and 12	
Module – 4	Ī
Use case Realization :The Design Discipline within up iterations: Object	8 Hours
Oriented Design-The Bridge between Requirements and Implementation; Design	
Classes and Design within Class Diagrams; Interaction Diagrams-Realizing Use	
Case and defining methods; Designing with Communication Diagrams; Updating	
the Design Class Diagram; Package Diagrams-Structuring the Major	
Components; Implementation Issues for Three-Layer Design.	

Module – 5	
Design Patterns: Introduction; what is a design pattern?, Describing design	8 Hours
patterns, the catalogue of design patterns, Organizing the catalogue, How design	
patterns solve design problems, how to select a design patterns, how to use a	
design pattern; Creational patterns: prototype and singleton (only); structural	
patterns adaptor and proxy (only).	
Text Book-3: Ch-1: 1.1, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8, Ch-3, Ch-4.	

# Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Describe the concepts of object-oriented and basic class modelling.
- Draw class diagrams, sequence diagrams and interaction diagrams to solve problems.
- Choose and apply a befitting design pattern for the given problem.

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML,2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education,2005
- 2. Satzinger, Jackson and Burd: Object-Oriented Analysis & Design with the Unified Process, Cengage Learning, 2005.
- 3. Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson and john Vlissides: Design Patterns Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software, Pearson Education, 2007.

- 1. Grady Booch et. al.: Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications,3<sup>rd</sup> Edition,Pearson Education,2007.
- 2. 2.Frank Buschmann, RegineMeunier, Hans Rohnert, Peter Sommerlad, Michel Stal: Pattern –Oriented Software Architecture. A system of patterns, Volume 1, John Wiley and Sons. 2007.
- 3. 3. Booch, Jacobson, Rambaugh: Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, pearson, Reprint 2013

INTDANIA	TION TO SOFT	WARE TESTING		
		stem (CBCS) scheme]	J	
Effective fr		c year 2016 -2017)		
0.1: . 0.1	SEMESTER 1500552		120	
Subject Code	15CS552	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS -			
Course objectives: This course wil		to		
Differentiate the various test	-			
Analyze the problem and de				
Apply suitable technique for	0 0	<b>U</b> 1		
• Explain the need for planning	ng and monitoring	g a process.		7D 1.1
Module – 1				Teaching
Region of Software Testings Design	definitions Seft	word Quality Dagging	monto	Hours 8 Hours
<b>Basics of Software Testing:</b> Basic Behaviour and Correctness, Co		- •		o mours
Debugging, Test cases, Insights fi		• /	0	
Test-generation Strategies, Test Mo				
testing, Testing and Verification, St		raun taxonomics , Ec	VCIS OI	
<b>Textbook 3: Ch 1:1.2 - 1.5, 3; Tex</b>	•			
Module – 2				
Problem Statements: Generalize	ed pseudo code	the triangle problem	m. the	8 Hours
NextDate function, the commission		<u> </u>		0 110 011
Teller Machine) problem, the curren	-			
Functional Testing: Boundary va	•	-	st-case	
testing, Robust Worst testing for	r triangle probl	em, NextDate proble	m and	
commission problem, Equivalence	classes, Equivale	ence test cases for the t	riangle	
problem, NextDate function, and		-		
observations, Decision tables, Tes			xtDate	
function, and the commission probl		nd observations.		
Textbook 1: Ch 2, 5, 6 & 7, Textb	ook 2: Ch 3			
Module – 3		C 1. 1 1 2 2 2 2 2		0.77
Fault Based Testing: Overview,				8 Hours
analysis, Fault-based adequacy			•	
Structural Testing: Overview, S				
testing, Path testing: DD paths, guidelines and observations, Data	_	-	_	
based testing, Guidelines and obser	_	Jenniuon-Ose testing,	Silce-	
T2:Chapter 16, 12 T1:Chapter 9				
Module – 4	<b>&amp;</b> 10			
<b>Test Execution:</b> Overview of test	execution from	test case specification	to test	8 Hours
cases, Scaffolding, Generic versus		-		o mouis
as oracles, Capture and replay	_	=		
Sensitivity, redundancy, restriction		<u> -</u>	-	
process, Planning and monitorin	-	•		
Analysis Testing, Improving the pr			•	
Planning and Monitoring the Pro	_		nalysis	
strategies and plans, Risk planni	ng, monitoring	the process Improvi	ng the	

process, th	ie quality	team.
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# T2: Chapter 17, 20.

#### Module – 5

Integration and Component-Based Software Testing: Overview, Integration testing strategies, Testing components and assemblies. System, Acceptance and Regression Testing: Overview, System testing, Acceptance testing, Usability, Regression testing, Regression test selection techniques, Test case prioritization and selective execution. Levels of Testing, Integration Testing: Traditional view of testing levels, Alternative life-cycle models, The SATM system, Separating integration and system testing, A closer look at the SATM system, Decomposition-based, call graph-based, Path-based integrations.

#### 8 Hours

# T2: Chapter 21 & 22, T1: Chapter 12 & 13

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Derive test cases for any given problem
- Compare the different testing techniques
- Classify the problem into suitable testing model
- Apply the appropriate technique for the design of flow graph.
- Create appropriate document for the software artefact.

#### **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Paul C. Jorgensen: Software Testing, A Craftsman's Approach, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Auerbach Publications, 2008.
- 2. Mauro Pezze, Michal Young: Software Testing and Analysis Process, Principles and Techniques, Wiley India, 2009.
- 3. Aditya P Mathur: Foundations of Software Testing, Pearson Education, 2008.

- 1. Software testing Principles and Practices Gopalaswamy Ramesh, Srinivasan Desikan, 2 nd Edition, Pearson, 2007.
- 2. Software Testing Ron Patton, 2nd edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
- 3. The Craft of Software Testing Brian Marrick, Pearson Education, 1995.

# ADVANCED JAVA AND J2EE [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

#### SEMESTER - V

	OLIVILIO I LITT		
Subject Code	15CS553	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
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#### CREDITS – 03

# **Course objectives:** This course will enable students to

- Identify the need for advanced Java concepts like Enumerations and Collections
- Demonstrate the use of JavaBeans to develop component-based Java software
- Adapt servlets to build server side programs
- Make use of JDBC to access database through Java Programs

Module – 1 Teaching
Wodule - 1
Hours
Enumerations, Autoboxing and Annotations(metadata) Enumerations, 8 Hours
Enumeration fundamentals, the values() and valueOf() Methods, java
enumerations are class types, enumerations Inherits Enum, example, type
wrappers, Autoboxing, Autoboxing and Methods, Autoboxing/Unboxing occurs
in Expressions, Autoboxing/Unboxing Boolean and character values,
Autoboxing/Unboxing helps prevent errors, A word of Warning. Annotations,
Annotation basics, specifying retention policy, Obtaining Annotations at run
time by use of reflection, Annotated element Interface, Using Default values,
Marker Annotations, Single Member annotations, Built-In annotations.
Textbook 1: Ch 12
Module – 2
The collections and Framework Collections Overview, Recent Changes to 8 Hours
Collections, The Collection Interfaces, The Collection Classes, Accessing a
collection Via an Iterator, Storing User Defined Classes in Collections, The
Random Access Interface, Working With Maps, Comparators, The Collection
Algorithms, Why Generic Collections?, The legacy Classes and Interfaces,
Parting Thoughts on Collections.
Textbook 1: Ch 17
Module – 3
Networking: Introduction, Networking Basics, Protocols, Internet Address   8 Hours
(IPv4 and IPv6),Ports, Classes and Interfaces in java.net, class InetAddress,
Constructors of class in Serverside Program InetAddress, Methods of classInet
Address, class URL, Constructors of URL class, Methods of URL class, class

URL Connection, TCP/IP Server Socket Programming, Constructors of classSocket, Methods of class Socket, Class ServerSocket, Constructors of class ServerSocket, Methods of class ServerSocket, Communication through Sockets, Client-side Socketp programming, Users/UnreliableDatagramProtocol, classDatagramPacket, Constructors, Methods of class Datagram Packets, DatagramSocket Class, Constructors of class DatagramSocket, Methods of class DatagramSocket, Programs for Sending and Receiving Datagram, Creating a Datagram Packet for Sending and Receiving ,Writing Code for Receiving Datagram.

Textbook 2: Ch 12 and 13

#### Module – 4

Java Beans: Introduction to Java Beans, Attributes of Beans, Benefits of Using Beans, Properties of a Bean, Java Bean API, Interfaces, Classes of java. bean package(Java SE 8), class Beans, Class Methods, class Property Change Support, JAR Files, Creating a JAR file, Viewing the contents of a JAR File, Building Java Beans with NETBEAN IDE, Building a Composite Component Bean, Changing Properties of Components, Source Code Generated by IDE, Java Beans Project 1—Construct a Bean Containing a Label and a Scrollbar, Java Beans Project 2— Construct a Bean to Illustrate MouseEvents, Java Beans Project 3— Construct a Bean to Illustrate Working of RadioButtons, Java Beans Project 4—Construct a Bean Containing ComboBox, Java Beans Project 5, Application Program, Application Project 1, Application Project 2. Java Servlets: Introduction, HTTP Basics, Life Cycle of a Servlet, Servlet Architecture, Setting up Web Server for Servlet Deployment, Classes Defined in Javax.servlet.http Package, Interfaces Defined in javax.servlet.http Package, Handling HTTP Request and Response, Writing Servlet, Reading Servlet Parameters, Classes in javax.servlet Package, Session Tracking and Session Management, Session Tracking Techniques, Http Redirects in Servlets, Securing Servlets, Application Program.

8 Hours

# **Textbook 2: Ch 26, 20**

#### Module – 5

Java Database Connectivity: Introduction, JDBC Architecture, Two-tier Architecture for DataAccess, Three-tier Architecture for DataAccess, Installing MySQL and MySQL Connector/J,SQL Statements, JDBC Environment Setup, JDBC Connectivity Model and API, Establishing JDBC Database Connections, Load and Register the JDBC Driver ,Defining the ConnectionURL, ResultSet Interface, Navigating the ResultSet , ResultSetMetaData interface, Creating JDBC Application, JDBC Batch Processing, JDBC Transaction Management, Application Programs.

8 Hours

#### Textbook 2: Ch 22

#### **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Interpret the need for advanced Java concepts like enumerations and collections in developing modular and efficient programs
- Build client-server applications and TCP/IP socket programs
- Develop reusable software components using Java Beans
- Describe how servlets fit into Java-based web application architecture
- Illustrate database access and details for managing information using the JDBC API

#### **Ouestion paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Herbert Schildt: Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 2. Uttam K. Roy, Advanced JAVA Programming. Oxford University Press.

- 1. Jim Keogh: J2EE The Complete Reference, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 2. Y. Daniel Liang: Introduction to JAVA Programming, 7th Edition, Pearson

Education, 2007.

3. Stephanie Bodoff et al: The J2EE Tutorial,  $2^{\mbox{nd}}$  Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.

#### ADVANCED ALGORITHMS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER - V Subject Code 15CS554 IA Marks 20 Number of Lecture Hours/Week 3 Exam Marks 80 Total Number of Lecture Hours 40 Exam Hours 03 CREDITS - 03 Course objectives: This course will enable students to Explain principles of algorithms analysis approaches • Compare and contrast a number theoretic based strategies. • Describe complex signals and data flow in networks • Apply the computational geometry criteria. Module – 1 **Teaching** Hours **Analysis Techniques**: Growth functions, Recurrences and solution of recurrence 8 Hours equations; Amortized analysis: Aggregate, Accounting, and Potential methods, String Matching Algorithms: Naive Algorithm; Robin-Karp Algorithm, String matching with Finite Automata, Knuth-Morris-Pratt and Boyer-Moore Algorithms Module - 2Number Theoretic Algorithms: Elementary notions, GCD, Modular arithmetic, 8 Hours Solving modular linear equations, The Chinese remainder theorem, Powers of an element RSA Cryptosystem, Primality testing, Integer factorization, - Huffman Codes, Polynomials. FFT-Huffman codes: Concepts, construction, Proof correctness of Huffman's algorithm; Representation of polynomials Module – 3 DFT and FFT efficient implementation of FFT, Graph Algorithms, Bellman-Ford 8 Hours Algorithm Shortest paths in a DAG, Johnson's Algorithm for sparse graphs, Flow networks and the Ford-Fulkerson Algorithm, Maximum bipartite matching. Module - 4Computational Geometry-I: Geometric data structures using, C, Vectors, Points, 8 Hours Polygons, Edges Geometric objects in space; Finding the intersection of a line

and a triangle, Finding star-shaped polygons and convex hulls using,, incremental insertion, Point Enclosure: Ray-shooting and Signed angle methods.

#### Module – 5

Computational Geometry-II: Clipping: Cyrus-Beck and Sutherland-Hodman Algorithms; Triangulating, monotonic polygons; Convex hulls, Gift wrapping and Graham Scan; Removing hidden surfaces, Intersection of convex polygons; convex hulls, contour of the union of rectangles. Decomposing polygons into monotone pieces.

8 Hours

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Explain the principles of algorithms analysis approaches
- Apply different theoretic based strategies to solve problems
- Illustrate the complex signals and data flow in networks with usage of tools
- Describe the computational geometry criteria.

#### **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

# **Text Books:**

- 1. Thomas H. Cormen et al: Introduction to Algorithms, Prentice Hall India, 1990
- 2. Michael J. Laszlo: Computational Geometry and Computer Graphics in C' Prentice Hall India, 1996

- 1. E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and S. Rajasekaran, Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, University Press, Second edition, 2007
- 2. Kenneth A Berman & Jerome L Paul, Algorithms, Cengage Learning, First Indian reprint, 2008

# MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

# (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

SEVIESTER - V			
Subject Code	15CS561	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
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#### CREDITS – 03

# **Course objectives:** This course will enable students to

- Learn to setup Android application development environment
- Illustrate user interfaces for interacting with apps and triggering actions
- Interpret tasks used in handling multiple activities
- Identify options to save persistent application data
- Appraise the role of security and performance in Android applications

Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
Get started, Build your first app, Activities, Testing, debugging and using support	8 Hours
libraries	
Module – 2	
User Interaction, Delightful user experience, Testing your UI	8 Hours
Module – 3	
Background Tasks, Triggering, scheduling and optimizing background tasks	8 Hours
Module – 4	
All about data, Preferences and Settings, Storing data using SQLite, Sharing data	8 Hours
with content providers, Loading data using Loaders	
Module – 5	
Permissions, Performance and Security, Firebase and AdMob, Publish	8 Hours
Course outcomes. The students should be able to:	•

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Create, test and debug Android application by setting up Android development environment
- Implement adaptive, responsive user interfaces that work across a wide range of devices
- Infer long running tasks and background work in Android applications
- Demonstrate methods in storing, sharing and retrieving data in Android applications
- Analyze performance of android applications and understand the role of permissions and security
- Describe the steps involved in publishing Android application to share with the world

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Google Developer Training, "Android Developer Fundamentals Course – Concept Reference", Google Developer Training Team, 2017. https://www.gitbook.com/book/google-developer-training/android-developer-

fundamentals-course-concepts/details (Download pdf file from the above link)

- 1. Erik Hellman, "Android Programming Pushing the Limits", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2014.
- 2. Dawn Griffiths and David Griffiths, "Head First Android Development", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, O'Reilly SPD Publishers, 2015.
- 3. J F DiMarzio, "Beginning Android Programming with Android Studio", 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2016. ISBN-13: 978-8126565580
- 4. Anubhav Pradhan, Anil V Deshpande, "Composing Mobile Apps" using Android, Wiley 2014, ISBN: 978-81-265-4660-2

#### ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER - V Subject Code 15CS562 IA Marks 20 Number of Lecture Hours/Week 3 Exam Marks 80 Total Number of Lecture Hours 40 Exam Hours 03 CREDITS - 03 Course objectives: This course will enable students to Identify the problems where AI is required and the different methods available Compare and contrast different AI techniques available. • Define and explain learning algorithms Module – 1 Teaching Hours Overview of Artificial Intelligence: Definition & Importance of AI., Problems, 8 Hours Problem Spaces and search, Knowledge Representation Reasoning, Issues and Acquisition.: Predicate Logic, Representing knowledge using Rules, Symbolic Reasoning under Uncertainty, Statistical reasoning, Weak Slot and Filter Structures Module - 2Heuristic Search Techniques. Defining the problem as a state space search, 8 Hours production system, problem Characteristics, Heuristic search techniques-Generate and test, Hill Climbing, Best-First Search, Problem Reduction, Constraint Satisfaction and Means-ends Analysis, State of Art Game programs. Module – 3 Game Playing: Minimax search procedure, Adding alpha-beta cutoffs, 8 Hours additional refinement. Iterative Deepening and references on specific games Natural Language Processing: Syntactic Processing, Semantic Analysis, Discourse and Pragmatic processing, Statistical Natural language processing and Spell checking. Module – 4 Learning: What is learning?, Forms of learning, Rote learning, learning by 8 Hours taking advice, Learning in problem solving, Induction leaning, Explanation based learning, Discovery, Analogy, Formal learning Theory, Neural Network Learning and Genetic Learning Module – 5 Expert Systems: Basic Concepts of Expert Systems, Application of Expert 8 Hours Systems, Structure of Expert Systems, Knowledge Engineering, Problem Area suitable for Expert Systems, Developments ,Benefits of Expert Systems and Expert Systems on Web. T2: Chapter 12 **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to: Identify the AI based problems • Apply techniques to solve the AI problems • Define learning and explain various learning techniques • Discuss on expert systems

**Question paper pattern:** 

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. E. Rich, K. Knight & S. B. Nair Artificial Intelligence, 3/e, McGraw Hill. Chapters 1,2,3,4,5.5.7,8,9,10,12,15,17
- **2.** Decision Support and Business Intelligence Systems E Turban, R Sharda and D. Delen Pearson 9-Edition **Chapter 12**

- 1. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Stuart Rusell, Peter Norving, Pearson Education 2nd Edition.
- 1. Dan W. Patterson, Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems Prentice Hal of India.
- 2. G. Luger, "Artificial Intelligence: Structures and Strategies for complex problem Solving", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2002.
- 3. Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems Development by D W Rolston-Mc Graw hill.
- 4. N.P. Padhy "Artificial Intelligence and Intelligent Systems", Oxford University Press-2015

[As per Choice Ba		stem (CBCS) scheme] c year 2016 -2017)		
Subject Code	15CS563	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03	
Total Number of Eccure Hours	CREDITS -		0.5	
Course objectives: This course will				
Provide a general overview of				
Show current statistics of Emil	-			
<ul> <li>Design, code, compile, and te</li> </ul>	=			
<ul> <li>Integrate a fully functional sy</li> </ul>				
Module – 1	stem merading i	nardware and software	•	Teaching Hours
Introduction to embedded systems	s. Embaddad s	ustams Processor amb	oddod	8 Hours
into a system, Embedded hardware				0 110018
software in a system, Examples of				
embedded system, Formalization of				
examples, Classification of embedde				
system designer.	, ,	1		
Module – 2				l
features in device ports, Wireles Watchdog timer, Real time clock, communication protocols, Parallel b internet using ISA, PCI, PCI-X and network protocols, Wireless and mob	Networked emus device protol advanced buse	bedded systems, Seria cols-parallel communi es, Internet enabled sys	al bus cation	
Module – 3	, i			l
Device drivers and interrupts are busy-wait approach without interrupt sources, Interrupt servicing (Handlin and the periods for context sw. Classification of processors interrupt angle, Direct memory access, Device	t service mechang) Mechanism, vitching, interroot service mech	nism, ISR concept, Int Multiple interrupts, Coupt latency and dea nanism from Context-s	errupt ontext adline,	8 Hours
Module – 4				
<b>Inter process communication and stasks</b> : Multiple process in an applit Tasks, Task states, Task and Data, Cand tasks by their characteristics, coprocess communication, Signal functions, Mailbox functions, Pipe full Module – 5	leation, Multiple lear-cut distinct oncept and semution, Semaphor	e threads in an application between functions. apphores, Shared data, the functions, Message (	eation, ISRS Inter- Queue	8 Hours
Real-time operating systems: Of functions, Event functions, Mem subsystems management, Interrupt re of interrupt source calls, Real-time RTOS, RTOS task scheduling model	ory managemo outines in RTO operating system	ent, Device, file an S environment and har ems, Basic design usi	d IO ndling ng an	8 Hours

as performance metrics, OS security issues. Introduction to embedded software development process and tools, Host and target machines, Linking and location software.

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Distinguish the characteristics of embedded computer systems.
- Examine the various vulnerabilities of embedded computer systems.
- Design and develop modules using RTOS.
- Implement RPC, threads and tasks

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Raj Kamal, "Embedded Systems: Architecture, Programming, and Design" 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Tata McGraw hill-2013. Chapter 1.1 to 1.5, 1.8 to 1.12, Chapter 3, 4, 7, 8 and 13.1 to 13.3.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Marilyn Wolf, "Computer as Components, Principles of Embedded Computing System Design" 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Elsevier-2014.

# DOT NET FRAMEWORK FOR APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

#### SEMESTER - V

DEVIED TEX				
Subject Code	15CS564	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03	

#### CREDITS – 03

#### **Course objectives:** This course will enable students to

- Inspect Visual Studio programming environment and toolset designed to build applications for Microsoft Windows
- Understand Object Oriented Programming concepts in C# programming language.
- Interpret Interfaces and define custom interfaces for application.
- Build custom collections and generics in C#
- Construct events and query data using query expressions

Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
Introducing Microsoft Visual C# and Microsoft Visual Studio 2015:	8 Hours
Welcome to C#, Working with variables, operators and expressions, Writing	
methods and applying scope, Using decision statements, Using compound	
assignment and iteration statements, Managing errors and exceptions	
T1: Chapter 1 – Chapter 6	
Module – 2	
Understanding the C# object model: Creating and Managing classes and	8 Hours
objects, Understanding values and references, Creating value types with	
enumerations and structures, Using arrays	
Textbook 1: Ch 7 to 10	
Module – 3	
Understanding parameter arrays, Working with inheritance, Creating interfaces	8 Hours
and defining abstract classes, Using garbage collection and resource management	
Textbook 1: Ch 11 to 14	
Module – 4	
<b>Defining Extensible Types with C#:</b> Implementing properties to access fields,	8 Hours
Using indexers, Introducing generics, Using collections	
Textbook 1: Ch 15 to 18	
Module – 5	
Enumerating Collections, Decoupling application logic and handling events,	8 Hours
Querying in-memory data by using query expressions, Operator overloading	
Textbook 1: Ch 19 to 22	
C	

#### **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Build applications on Visual Studio .NET platform by understanding the syntax and semantics of C#
- Demonstrate Object Oriented Programming concepts in C# programming language
- Design custom interfaces for applications and leverage the available built-in interfaces in building complex applications.
- Illustrate the use of generics and collections in C#
- Compose queries to query in-memory data and define own operator behaviour

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

1. John Sharp, Microsoft Visual C# Step by Step, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. 2016

- 1. Christian Nagel, "C# 6 and .NET Core 1.0", 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2016. Andrew Stellman and Jennifer Greene, "Head First C#", 3rd Edition, O'Reilly Publications, 2013.
- 2. Mark Michaelis, "Essential C# 6.0", 5th Edition, Pearson Education India, 2016.
- 3. Andrew Troelsen, "Prof C# 5.0 and the .NET 4.5 Framework", 6th Edition, Apress and Dreamtech Press, 2012.

#### COMPUTER NETWORK LABORATORY

# [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

#### SEMESTER - V

Subject Code	15CSL57	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01I + 02P	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

#### CREDITS – 02

# Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Demonstrate operation of network and its management commands
- Simulate and demonstrate the performance of GSM and CDMA
- Implement data link layer and transport layer protocols.

# **Description (If any):**

For the experiments below modify the topology and parameters set for the experiment and take multiple rounds of reading and analyze the results available in log files. Plot necessary graphs and conclude using any **suitable** tool.

# **Lab Experiments:**

#### PART A

- 1. Implement three nodes point to point network with duplex links between them. Set the queue size, vary the bandwidth and find the number of packets dropped.
- 2. Implement transmission of ping messages/trace route over a network topology consisting of 6 nodes and find the number of packets dropped due to congestion.
- 3. Implement an Ethernet LAN using n nodes and set multiple traffic nodes and plot congestion window for different source / destination.
- 4. Implement simple ESS and with transmitting nodes in wire-less LAN by simulation and determine the performance with respect to transmission of packets.
- 5. Implement and study the performance of GSM on NS2/NS3 (Using MAC layer) or equivalent environment.
- 6. Implement and study the performance of CDMA on NS2/NS3 (Using stack called Call net) or equivalent environment.

#### PART B

#### Implement the following in Java:

- 7. Write a program for error detecting code using CRC-CCITT (16- bits).
- 8. Write a program to find the shortest path between vertices using bellman-ford algorithm.
- 9. Using TCP/IP sockets, write a client server program to make the client send the file name and to make the server send back the contents of the requested file if present. Implement the above program using as message queues or FIFOs as IPC channels.
- 10. Write a program on datagram socket for client/server to display the messages on client side, typed at the server side.
- 11. Write a program for simple RSA algorithm to encrypt and decrypt the data.
- 12. Write a program for congestion control using leaky bucket algorithm.

#### **Study Experiment / Project:**

#### NIL

#### **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

• Analyze and Compare various networking protocols.

- Demonstrate the working of different concepts of networking.
- Implement, analyze and evaluate networking protocols in NS2 / NS3

# **Conduction of Practical Examination:**

- 1. All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- 2. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from part A and part B with lot.
- 3. Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script
- 4. Marks distribution: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: 80

Part A: 5+30+5 =40 Part B: 5+30+5 =40

5. Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

#### DBMS LABORATORY WITH MINI PROJECT

# [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

#### SEMESTER - V

Subject Code	15CSL58	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01I + 02P	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

#### CREDITS – 02

#### Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Foundation knowledge in database concepts, technology and practice to groom students into well-informed database application developers.
- Strong practice in SQL programming through a variety of database problems.
- Develop database applications using front-end tools and back-end DBMS.

# **Description (If any):**

# PART-A: SQL Programming (Max. Exam Mks. 50)

- Design, develop, and implement the specified queries for the following problems using Oracle, MySQL, MS SQL Server, or any other DBMS under LINUX/Windows environment.
- Create Schema and insert at least 5 records for each table. Add appropriate database constraints.

# PART-B: Mini Project (Max. Exam Mks. 30)

• Use Java, C#, PHP, Python, or any other similar front-end tool. All applications must be demonstrated on desktop/laptop as a stand-alone or web based application (Mobile apps on Android/IOS are not permitted.)

# **Lab Experiments:**

#### **Part A: SQL Programming**

Consider the following schema for a Library Database:

BOOK(Book\_id, Title, Publisher\_Name, Pub\_Year)

BOOK\_AUTHORS(<u>Book\_id</u>, Author\_Name)

PUBLISHER(Name, Address, Phone)

BOOK\_COPIES(Book\_id, Branch\_id, No-of\_Copies)

BOOK\_LENDING(Book\_id, Branch\_id, Card\_No, Date\_Out, Due\_Date)

LIBRARY\_BRANCH(Branch\_id, Branch\_Name, Address)

Write SOL queries to

- 1. Retrieve details of all books in the library id, title, name of publisher, authors, number of copies in each branch, etc.
- 2. Get the particulars of borrowers who have borrowed more than 3 books, but from Jan 2017 to Jun 2017.
- 3. Delete a book in BOOK table. Update the contents of other tables to reflect this data manipulation operation.
- 4. Partition the BOOK table based on year of publication. Demonstrate its working with a simple query.
- **5.** Create a view of all books and its number of copies that are currently available in the Library.
- 2 Consider the following schema for Order Database:

SALESMAN(Salesman\_id, Name, City, Commission)

CUSTOMER(Customer id, Cust Name, City, Grade, Salesman id)

ORDERS(Ord No, Purchase Amt, Ord Date, Customer id, Salesman id)

Write SOL queries to

1. Count the customers with grades above Bangalore's average.

- 2. Find the name and numbers of all salesman who had more than one customer.
- 3. List all the salesman and indicate those who have and don't have customers in their cities (Use UNION operation.)
- 4. Create a view that finds the salesman who has the customer with the highest order of a day.
- 5. Demonstrate the DELETE operation by removing salesman with id 1000. All his orders must also be deleted.
- 3 Consider the schema for Movie Database:

ACTOR(Act id, Act Name, Act Gender)

DIRECTOR(Dir\_id, Dir\_Name, Dir\_Phone)

MOVIES(Mov\_id, Mov\_Title, Mov\_Year, Mov\_Lang, Dir\_id)

MOVIE\_CAST(Act\_id, Mov\_id, Role)

RATING(Mov\_id, Rev\_Stars)

Write SQL queries to

- 1. List the titles of all movies directed by 'Hitchcock'.
- 2. Find the movie names where one or more actors acted in two or more movies.
- 3. List all actors who acted in a movie before 2000 and also in a movie after 2015 (use JOIN operation).
- 4. Find the title of movies and number of stars for each movie that has at least one rating and find the highest number of stars that movie received. Sort the result by movie title.
- 5. Update rating of all movies directed by 'Steven Spielberg' to 5.
- 4 Consider the schema for College Database:

STUDENT(USN, SName, Address, Phone, Gender)

SEMSEC(SSID, Sem, Sec)

CLASS(USN, SSID)

SUBJECT(Subcode, Title, Sem, Credits)

IAMARKS(<u>USN</u>, <u>Subcode</u>, <u>SSID</u>, Test1, Test2, Test3, FinalIA)

Write SQL queries to

- 1. List all the student details studying in fourth semester 'C' section.
- 2. Compute the total number of male and female students in each semester and in each section
- 3. Create a view of Test1 marks of student USN '1BI15CS101' in all subjects.
- 4. Calculate the FinalIA (average of best two test marks) and update the corresponding table for all students.
- 5. Categorize students based on the following criterion:

If FinalIA = 17 to 20 then CAT = 'Outstanding'

If FinalIA = 12 to 16 then CAT = 'Average'

If FinalIA < 12 then CAT = 'Weak'

Give these details only for 8<sup>th</sup> semester A, B, and C section students.

5 Consider the schema for Company Database:

EMPLOYEE(SSN, Name, Address, Sex, Salary, SuperSSN, DNo)

DEPARTMENT(<u>DNo</u>, DName, MgrSSN, MgrStartDate)

DLOCATION(DNo,DLoc)

PROJECT(PNo, PName, PLocation, DNo)

WORKS\_ON(SSN, PNo, Hours)

Write SQL queries to

1. Make a list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is 'Scott', either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project.

- 2. Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the 'IoT' project is given a 10 percent raise.
- 3. Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the 'Accounts' department, as well as the maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department
- 4. Retrieve the name of each employee who works on all the projects controlledby department number 5 (use NOT EXISTS operator).
- 5. For each department that has more than five employees, retrieve the department number and the number of its employees who are making more than Rs. 6,00,000.

# Part B: Mini project

- For any problem selected, write the ER Diagram, apply ER-mapping rules, normalize the relations, and follow the application development process.
- Make sure that the application should have five or more tables, at least one trigger and one stored procedure, using suitable frontend tool.
- Indicative areas include; health care, education, industry, transport, supply chain, etc.

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Create, Update and query on the database.
- Demonstrate the working of different concepts of DBMS
- Implement, analyze and evaluate the project developed for an application.

# **Conduction of Practical Examination:**

- 1. All laboratory experiments from part A are to be included for practical examination.
- 2. Mini project has to be evaluated for 30 Marks as per 6(b).
- 3. Report should be prepared in a standard format prescribed for project work.
- 4. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
- 5. Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script.
- 6. Marks distribution:
  - a) Part A: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: 10 + 35 +5 =50 Marks
  - b) Part B: Demonstration + Report + Viva voce = 15+10+05 = 30 Marks
- 7. Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

	Based Credit Sy	CURITY AND CYBE stem (CBCS) scheme c year 2016 -2017)		
	SEMESTER			
Subject Code	15CS61	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS -	04		
Course objectives: This course wil	l enable students	to		
Explain the concepts of Cyb	er security			
Illustrate key management is	ssues and solutio	ns.		
Familiarize with Cryptograp				
<ul> <li>Introduce cyber Law and eth</li> </ul>				
Module – 1				Teaching Hours
Introduction - Cyber Attacks, D	efence Strategie	es and Techniques, C	Guiding	10 Hours
Principles, Mathematical Backgrou				
The Greatest Comma Divisor, Use	ful Algebraic St	ructures, Chinese Ren	nainder	
Theorem, Basics of Cryptography	y - Preliminar	ies, Elementary Subs	titution	
Ciphers, Elementary Transport Ci	-	-	et Key	
Cryptography – Product Ciphers, D	ES Construction	•		
Module – 2				
Public Key Cryptography and RSA	A – RSA Operati	ons, Why Does RSA	Work?,	10 Hours
Performance, Applications, Practic				
(PKCS), Cryptographic Hash				
Applications and Performance, The	-			
Applications - Introduction, Diffie-	Hellman Key Ex	schange, Other Applica	ations.	
Module – 3				
Key Management - Introduction,				10 Hours
Identity-based Encryption, Authen		<del>-</del>		
Authentication, Dictionary Attac	*			
Authentication, The Needham-Schi				
Security at the Network Layer –	•	<u> </u>		
IPSec in Action, Internet Key Exchange (IKE) Protocol, Security Policy and				
IPSEC, Virtual Private Networks, S	-	- ·	luction,	
SSL Handshake Protocol, SSL Rec	ord Layer Protoc	col, OpenSSL.		
Module – 4	•,	<b>7</b> 1 1 4 4	• ,•	10.77
IEEE 802.11 Wireless LAN S	•	Background, Authent		10 Hours
Confidentiality and Integrity, Virus				
Basics, Practical Issues, Intrusion				
Prevention Versus Detection, Typ				
Attacks Prevention/Detection, Web	· ·		ologies	
for Web Services, WS- Security, SA	AIVIL, Other Stan	uarus.		
Module – 5	£ 41 ·	Maion Come to I		10 TT
IT act aim and objectives, Sco		= =	_	10 Hours
provisions, Attribution, acknowled	-	-		
Secure electronic records and secu		_		
authorities: Appointment of Cont			_	
certificates, Duties of Subscribe	is, renaines ai	ia adjudication, The	cyber	

regulations appellate tribunal, Offences, Network service providers not to be liable in certain cases, Miscellaneous Provisions.

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Discuss cryptography and its need to various applications
- Design and develop simple cryptography algorithms
- Understand cyber security and need cyber Law

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Cryptography, Network Security and Cyber Laws – Bernard Menezes, Cengage Learning, 2010 edition (Chapters-1,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,19(19.1-19.5),21(21.1-21.2),22(22.1-22.4),25

- 1. Cryptography and Network Security- Behrouz A Forouzan, Debdeep Mukhopadhyay, Mc-GrawHill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2015
- 2. Cryptography and Network Security- William Stallings, Pearson Education, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition
- 3. Cyber Law simplified- Vivek Sood, Mc-GrawHill, 11<sup>th</sup> reprint, 2013
- 4. Cyber security and Cyber Laws, Alfred Basta, Nadine Basta, Mary brown, ravindra kumar, Cengage learning

# COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND VISUALIZATION [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

#### SEMESTER - VI

Subject Code	15CS62	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

# **CREDITS – 04**

# Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Explain hardware, software and OpenGL Graphics Primitives.
- Illustrate interactive computer graphic using the OpenGL.
- Design and implementation of algorithms for 2D graphics Primitives and attributes.
- Demonstrate Geometric transformations, viewing on both 2D and 3D objects.

• Infer the representation of curves, surfaces, Color and Illumination models	
Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
Overview: Computer Graphics and OpenGL: Computer Graphics:Basics of	10 Hours
computer graphics, Application of Computer Graphics, Video Display Devices:	
Random Scan and Raster Scan displays, color CRT monitors, Flat panel displays.	
Raster-scan systems: video controller, raster scan Display processor, graphics	
workstations and viewing systems, Input devices, graphics networks, graphics on	
the internet, graphics software. OpenGL: Introduction to OpenGL ,coordinate	
reference frames, specifying two-dimensional world coordinate reference frames	
in OpenGL, OpenGL point functions, OpenGL line functions, point attributes,	
line attributes, curve attributes, OpenGL point attribute functions, OpenGL line	
attribute functions, Line drawing algorithms(DDA, Bresenham's), circle	
generation algorithms (Bresenham's).	
Text-1: Chapter -1: 1-1 to 1-9,2-1 to 2-9 (Excluding 2-5),3-1 to 3-5,3-9,3-20	
Module – 2	
Fill area Primitives, 2D Geometric Transformations and 2D viewing: Fill	10 Hours
area Primitives: Polygon fill-areas, OpenGL polygon fill area functions, fill area	
attributes, general scan line polygon fill algorithm, OpenGL fill-area attribute	
functions. 2DGeometric Transformations: Basic 2D Geometric Transformations,	
matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates. Inverse transformations,	
2DComposite transformations, other 2D transformations, raster methods for	
geometric transformations, OpenGL raster transformations, OpenGL geometric	
transformations function, 2D viewing: 2D viewing pipeline, OpenGL 2D viewing	
functions.	
Text-1:Chapter 3-14 to 3-16,4-9,4-10,4-14,5-1 to 5-7,5-17,6-1,6-4	
Module – 3	

Clipping,3D Geometric Transformations, Color and Illumination Models: 10 Hours Clipping: clipping window, normalization and viewport transformations, clipping algorithms, 2D point clipping, 2D line clipping algorithms: cohen-sutherland line clipping only -polygon fill area clipping: Sutherland-Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm only.3DGeometric Transformations: 3D translation, rotation, scaling, composite 3D transformations, other 3D transformations, affine transformations, OpenGL geometric transformations functions. Color Models: Properties of light, color models, RGB and CMY color models. Illumination Models: Light sources, basic illumination models-Ambient light, diffuse reflection, specular and phong

model, Corresponding openGL functions.

Text-1:Chapter :6-2 to 6-08 (Excluding 6-4),5-9 to 5-17(Excluding 5-15),12-1,12-2,12-4,12-6,10-1,10-3

#### Module – 4

**3D Viewing and Visible Surface Detection:** 3DViewing:3D viewing concepts, 3D viewing pipeline, 3D viewing coordinate parameters, Transformation from world to viewing coordinates, Projection transformation, orthogonal projections, perspective projections, The viewport transformation and 3D screen coordinates. OpenGL 3D viewing functions. Visible Surface Detection Methods: Classification of visible surface Detection algorithms, back face detection, depth buffer method and OpenGL visibility detection functions.

10 Hours

# Text-1:Chapter: 7-1 to 7-10(Excluding 7-7), 9-1 to 9-3, 9-14

#### Module - 5

**Input& interaction, Curves and Computer Animation:** Input and Interaction: Input devices, clients and servers, Display Lists, Display Lists and Modelling, Programming Event Driven Input, Menus Picking, Building Interactive Models, Animating Interactive programs, Design of Interactive programs, Logic operations .Curved surfaces, quadric surfaces, OpenGL Quadric-Surface and Cubic-Surface Functions, Bezier Spline Curves, Bezier surfaces, OpenGL curve functions. Corresponding openGL functions.

10 Hours

Text-1:Chapter :8-3 to 8-6 (Excluding 8-5),8-9,8-10,8-11,3-8,8-18,13-11,3-2,13-3,13-4,13-10

Text-2: Chapter 3: 3-1 to 3.11: Input& interaction

**Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Design and implement algorithms for 2D graphics primitives and attributes.
- Illustrate Geometric transformations on both 2D and 3D objects.
- Apply concepts of clipping and visible surface detection in 2D and 3D viewing, and Illumination Models.
- Decide suitable hardware and software for developing graphics packages using OpenGL.

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Donald Hearn & Pauline Baker: Computer Graphics with OpenGL Version,3<sup>rd</sup> / 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education,2011
- 2. Edward Angel: Interactive Computer Graphics- A Top Down approach with OpenGL, 5<sup>th</sup> edition. Pearson Education, 2008

- 1. James D Foley, Andries Van Dam, Steven K Feiner, John F Huges Computer graphics with OpenGL: pearson education
- 2. Xiang, Plastock : Computer Graphics , sham's outline series, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, TMG.
- 3. Kelvin Sung, Peter Shirley, steven Baer: Interactive Computer Graphics, concepts and applications, Cengage Learning
- 4. M M Raiker, Computer Graphics using OpenGL, Filip learning/Elsevier

# SYSTEM SOFTWARE AND COMPILER DESIGN [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

# SEMESTER - VI

SEIVESTER VI			
Subject Code	15CS63	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
100011(0011001012000101100110	2 0	2	32

#### **CREDITS – 04**

# **Course objectives:** This course will enable students to

- Define System Software such as Assemblers, Loaders, Linkers and Macroprocessors
- Familiarize with source file, object file and executable file structures and libraries
- Describe the front-end and back-end phases of compiler and their importance to students

Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
Introduction to System Software, Machine Architecture of SIC and SIC/XE.	10 Hours
<b>Assemblers:</b> Basic assembler functions, machine dependent assembler features,	
machine independent assembler features, assembler design options.	
Macroprocessors: Basic macro processor functions,	
Text book 1: Chapter 1, Chapter2, Chapter4	
Module – 2	
Loaders and Linkers: Basic Loader Functions, Machine Dependent Loader	10 Hours
Features, Machine Independent Loader Features, Loader Design Options,	
Implementation Examples.	
Text book 1 : Chapter 3 , Reference 1: Chapter 5	
Module – 3	
Lexical Analysis: Introduction, Alphabets And Tokens In Computer Languages,	10 Hours
Representation, Token Recognition And Finite Automata, Implementation, Error	
Recovery.	
Text book 2: Chapter 1Chapter 3	
Module – 4	
Syntax Analysis: Introduction, Role Of Parsers, Context Free Grammars, Top	10 Hours
Down Parsers, Bottom-Up Parsers, Operator-Precedence Parsing	
Text book 2: Chapter 4	
Module – 5	
Syntax Directed Translation, Intermediate code generation, Code generation	10 Hours
Text book 2: Chapter 5	
<b>Course outcomes:</b> The students should be able to:	

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Explain system software such as assemblers, loaders, linkers and macroprocessors
- Design and develop lexical analyzers, parsers and code generators
- Utilize lex and yacc tools for implementing different concepts of system software

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each

# module.

# **Text Books:**

- 1. System Software by Leland. L. Beck, D Manjula, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 2012
- 2. Compilers-Principles, Techniques and Tools by Alfred V Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman. Pearson, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2007

- 1. Systems programming Srimanta Pal, Oxford university press, 2016
- 2. System programming and Compiler Design, K C Louden, Cengage Learning
- 3. System software and operating system by D. M. Dhamdhere TMG
- 4. Compiler Design, K Muneeswaran, Oxford University Press 2013.

# OPERATING SYSTEMS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER – VI 15CS64 IA Marks

Subject Code	15CS64	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
	ODEDITIO 04		

### CREDITS – 04

# Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Introduce concepts and terminology used in OS
- Explain threading and multithreaded systems
- Illustrate process synchronization and concept of Deadlock
- Introduce Memory and Virtual memory management, File system and storage techniques

teeriniques	
Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
<b>Introduction to operating systems, System structures:</b> What operating systems	10 Hours
do; Computer System organization; Computer System architecture; Operating	
System structure; Operating System operations; Process management; Memory	
management; Storage management; Protection and Security; Distributed system;	
Special-purpose systems; Computing environments. Operating System Services;	
User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; System	
programs; Operating system design and implementation; Operating System	
structure; Virtual machines; Operating System generation; System boot. <b>Process</b>	
Management Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on processes;	
Inter process communication	
Module – 2	
Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models; Thread	10 Hours
Libraries; Threading issues. Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling	
Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Multiple-processor scheduling; Thread	
scheduling. <b>Process Synchronization:</b> Synchronization: The critical section	
problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical	
problems of synchronization; Monitors.	
Module – 3	
Deadlocks: Deadlocks; System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for	10 Hours
handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock	
detection and recovery from deadlock. Memory Management: Memory	
management strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation;	
Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation.	
Module – 4	
Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write;	10 Hours
Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing. File System,	
Implementation of File System: File system: File concept; Access methods;	
Directory structure; File system mounting; File sharing; Protection:	
Implementing File system: File system structure; File system implementation;	
Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management.	
Module – 5	L

Secondary Storage Structures, Protection: Mass storage structures; Disk 10 Hours

structure; Disk attachment; Disk scheduling; Disk management; Swap space management. Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Domain of protection, Access matrix, Implementation of access matrix, Access control, Revocation of access rights, Capability- Based systems. Case Study: The Linux Operating System: Linux history; Design principles; Kernel modules; Process management; Scheduling; Memory Management; File systems, Input and output; Inter-process communication.

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Demonstrate need for OS and different types of OS
- Apply suitable techniques for management of different resources
- Use processor, memory, storage and file system commands
- Realize the different concepts of OS in platform of usage through case studies

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

# **Text Books:**

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Principles 7<sup>th</sup> edition, Wiley-India, 2006.

- 1. Ann McHoes Ida M Fylnn, Understanding Operating System, Cengage Learning, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition
- 2. D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw-Hill, 2013.
- 3. P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.
- 4. William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson.

# DATA MINING AND DATA WAREHOUSING [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

# SEMESTER - VI

	DEIGE TE		
Subject Code	15CS651	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
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### CREDITS – 03

# Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Define multi-dimensional data models.
- Explain rules related to association, classification and clustering analysis.
- antmost between different alongification and alvetoning alongithms

<ul> <li>Compare and contrast between different classification and clustering algori</li> </ul>	thms
Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
Data Warehousing & modeling: Basic Concepts: Data Warehousing: A	8 Hours
multitier Architecture, Data warehouse models: Enterprise warehouse, Data mart	
and virtual warehouse, Extraction, Transformation and loading, Data Cube: A	
multidimensional data model, Stars, Snowflakes and Fact constellations:	
Schemas for multidimensional Data models, Dimensions: The role of concept	
Hierarchies, Measures: Their Categorization and computation, Typical OLAP	
Operations.	
Module – 2	
Data warehouse implementation & Data mining: Efficient Data Cube	8 Hours
computation: An overview, Indexing OLAP Data: Bitmap index and join index,	
Efficient processing of OLAP Queries, OLAP server Architecture ROLAP versus	
MOLAP Versus HOLAP.: Introduction: What is data mining, Challenges, Data	
Mining Tasks, Data: Types of Data, Data Quality, Data Preprocessing, Measures	
of Similarity and Dissimilarity,	
Module – 3	
Association Analysis: Association Analysis: Problem Definition, Frequent Item	8 Hours
set Generation, Rule generation. Alternative Methods for Generating Frequent	
Item sets, FP-Growth Algorithm, Evaluation of Association Patterns.	
Module – 4	•
Classification: Decision Trees Induction, Method for Comparing Classifiers,	8 Hours
Rule Based Classifiers, Nearest Neighbor Classifiers, Bayesian Classifiers.	
Module – 5	
<u> </u>	

Clustering Analysis: Overview, K-Means, Agglomerative Hierarchical 8 Hours Clustering, DBSCAN, Cluster Evaluation, Density-Based Clustering, Graph-Based Clustering, Scalable Clustering Algorithms.

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Identify data mining problems and implement the data warehouse
- Write association rules for a given data pattern.
- Choose between classification and clustering solution.

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

# **Text Books:**

- 1. Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach, Vipin Kumar: Introduction to Data Mining, Pearson, First impression, 2014.
- 2. Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber, Jian Pei: Data Mining -Concepts and Techniques, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publisher, 2012.

- 1. Sam Anahory, Dennis Murray: Data Warehousing in the Real World, Pearson, Tenth Impression, 2012.
- 2. Michael.J.Berry,Gordon.S.Linoff: Mastering Data Mining, Wiley Edition, second edition, 2012.

# SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE AND DESIGN PATTERNS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

# SEMESTER \_ VI

SENIESTEN VI				
Subject Code	15CS652	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03	

### CREDITS – 03

# Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- To Learn How to add functionality to designs while minimizing complexity.
- What code qualities are required to maintain to keep code flexible?
- To Understand the common design patterns.
- To explore the appropriate patterns for design problems

To emplois the uppropriate passessing for contains	
Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
<b>Introduction</b> : what is a design pattern? describing design patterns, the catalog of	8 Hours
design pattern, organizing the catalog, how design patterns solve design	
problems, how to select a design pattern, how to use a design pattern. What is	
object-oriented development? , key concepts of object oriented design other	
related concepts, benefits and drawbacks of the paradigm	
Module – 2	
Analysis a System: overview of the analysis phase, stage 1: gathering the	8 Hours
requirements functional requirements specification, defining conceptual classes	
and relationships, using the knowledge of the domain. Design and	
Implementation, discussions and further reading.	
Module – 3	
Design Pattern Catalog: Structural patterns, Adapter, bridge, composite,	8 Hours
decorator, facade, flyweight, proxy.	
Module – 4	
Interactive systems and the MVC architecture: Introduction , The MVC	8 Hours
architectural pattern, analyzing a simple drawing program, designing the system,	
designing of the subsystems, getting into implementation, implementing undo	
operation, drawing incomplete items, adding a new feature, pattern based	
solutions.	
Module – 5	
Designing with Distributed Objects: Client server system, java remote method	8 Hours
invocation, implementing an object oriented system on the web (discussions and	
further reading) a note on input and output selection statements, loops arrays	

further reading) a note on input and output, selection statements, loops arrays.

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Design and implement codes with higher performance and lower complexity
- Be aware of code qualities needed to keep code flexible
- Experience core design principles and be able to assess the quality of a design with respect to these principles.
- Capable of applying these principles in the design of object oriented systems.
- Demonstrate an understanding of a range of design patterns. Be capable of comprehending a design presented using this vocabulary.
- Be able to select and apply suitable patterns in specific contexts

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

# **Text Books:**

- 1. Object-oriented analysis, design and implementation, brahma dathan, sarnath rammath, universities press,2013
- 2. Design patterns, erich gamma, Richard helan, Ralph johman , john vlissides ,PEARSON Publication,2013.

- 1. Frank Bachmann, RegineMeunier, Hans Rohnert "Pattern Oriented Software Architecture" Volume 1, 1996.
- 2. William J Brown et al., "Anti-Patterns: Refactoring Software, Architectures and Projects in Crisis", John Wiley, 1998.

# **OPERATIONS RESEARCH** [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER - VI Subject Code 15CS653 IA Marks 20 Number of Lecture Hours/Week 3 **Exam Marks** 80 Total Number of Lecture Hours 40 Exam Hours 03 CREDITS - 03 Course objectives: This course will enable students to Formulate optimization problem as a linear programming problem. Solve optimization problems using simplex method. Formulate and solve transportation and assignment problems. • Apply game theory for decision making problems. Module – 1 **Teaching** Hours Introduction, Linear Programming: Introduction: The origin, nature and 8 Hours impact of OR; Defining the problem and gathering data; Formulating a mathematical model; Deriving solutions from the model; Testing the model; Preparing to apply the model; Implementation. Introduction to Linear Programming Problem (LPP): Prototype example, Assumptions of LPP, Formulation of LPP and Graphical method various examples. Module - 2 Simplex Method − 1: The essence of the simplex method; Setting up the simplex 8 Hours method; Types of variables, Algebra of the simplex method; the simplex method in tabular form; Tie breaking in the simplex method, Big M method, Two phase method. Module - 3Simplex Method – 2: Duality Theory - The essence of duality theory, Primal 8 Hours dual relationship, conversion of primal to dual problem and vice versa. The dual simplex method.

# Module - 4

Transportation and Assignment Problems: The transportation problem, Initial Basic Feasible Solution (IBFS) by North West Corner Rule method, Matrix Minima Method, Vogel's Approximation Method. Optimal solution by Modified Distribution Method (MODI). The Assignment problem; A Hungarian algorithm for the assignment problem. Minimization and Maximization varieties in transportation and assignment problems.

8 Hours

# Module – 5

**Game Theory:** Game Theory: The formulation of two persons, zero sum games; saddle point, maximin and minimax principle, Solving simple games- a prototype example; Games with mixed strategies; Graphical solution procedure.

8 Hours

Metaheuristics: The nature of Metaheuristics, Tabu Search, Simulated Annealing, Genetic Algorithms.

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Select and apply optimization techniques for various problems.
- Model the given problem as transportation and assignment problem and solve.
- Apply game theory for decision support system.

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

# **Text Books:**

1. D.S. Hira and P.K. Gupta, Operations Research, (Revised Edition), Published by S. Chand & Company Ltd, 2014

- 1. S Kalavathy, Operation Research, Vikas Publishing House Pvt Limited, 01-Aug-2002
- 2. S D Sharma, Operation Research, Kedar Nath Ram Nath Publishers.

# DISTRIBUTED COMPUTING SYSTEM [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

## SEMESTER - VI

SEMESTER VI			
Subject Code	15CS654	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

# CREDITS – 03

# Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Explain distributed system, their characteristics, challenges and system models.
- Describe IPC mechanisms to communicate between distributed objects
- Illustrate the operating system support and File Service architecture in a distributed system

• Analyze the fundamental concepts, algorithms related to synchronization.

Teaching
Hours
8 Hours
8 Hours
8 Hours
8 Hours
8 Hours

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Explain the characteristics of a distributed system along with its and design challenges
- Illustrate the mechanism of IPC between distributed objects
- Describe the distributed file service architecture and the important characteristics of SUN NFS.
- Discuss concurrency control algorithms applied in distributed transactions

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have TEN questions.

There will be TWO questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each module.

# **Text Books:**

1. George Coulouris, Jean Dollimore and Tim Kindberg: Distributed Systems – Concepts and Design, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Publications, 2009

- 1. Andrew S Tanenbaum: Distributed Operating Systems, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Pearson publication, 2007
- 2. Ajay D. Kshemkalyani and Mukesh Singhal, Distributed Computing: Principles, Algorithms and Systems, Cambridge University Press, 2008
- 3. Sunita Mahajan, Seema Shan, "Distributed Computing", Oxford University Press,2015

# SYSTEM SOFTWARE AND OPERATING SYSTEM LABORATORY

# [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

### SEMESTER – VI

Subject Code	15CSL67	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01I + 02P	Exam Marks	80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03	
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### CREDITS – 02

# Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- To make students familiar with Lexical Analysis and Syntax Analysis phases of Compiler Design and implement programs on these phases using LEX & YACC tools and/or C/C++/Java
- To enable students to learn different types of CPU scheduling algorithms used in operating system.
- To make students able to implement memory management page replacement and deadlock handling algorithms

# **Description (If any):**

Exercises to be prepared with minimum three files (Where ever necessary):

- i. Header file.
- ii. Implementation file.
- iii. Application file where main function will be present.

The idea behind using three files is to differentiate between the developer and user sides. In the developer side, all the three files could be made visible. For the user side only header file and application files could be made visible, which means that the object code of the implementation file could be given to the user along with the interface given in the header file, hiding the source file, if required. Avoid I/O operations (printf/scanf) and use *data input file* where ever it is possible

# **Lab Experiments:**

1

- a) Write a LEX program to recognize valid *arithmetic expression*. Identifiers in the expression could be only integers and operators could be + and \*. Count the identifiers & operators present and print them separately.
- b) Write YACC program to evaluate *arithmetic expression* involving operators: +, -, \*, and /
- 2. Develop, Implement and Execute a program using YACC tool to recognize all strings ending with b preceded by n a's using the grammar a<sup>n</sup>b (note: input n value)
- 3. Design, develop and implement YACC/C program to construct Predictive / LL(1) Parsing Table for the grammar rules:  $A \rightarrow aBa$ ,  $B \rightarrow bB / \varepsilon$ . Use this table to parse the sentence: abba\$
- 4. Design, develop and implement YACC/C program to demonstrate *Shift Reduce Parsing* technique for the grammar rules:  $E \rightarrow E+T/T$ ,  $T \rightarrow T*F/F$ ,  $F \rightarrow (E)/id$  and parse the sentence: id + id \* id.
- 5. Design, develop and implement a C/Java program to generate the machine code using

**Triples** for the statement A = -B \* (C + D) whose intermediate code in three-address form:

$$T1 = -B$$

$$T2 = C + D$$

$$T3 = T1 + T2$$

$$A = T3$$

- 6. a) Write a LEX program to eliminate *comment lines* in a *C* program and copy the resulting program into a separate file.
  - b) Write YACC program to recognize valid *identifier*, *operators and keywords* in the given text (*C program*) file.
- 7. Design, develop and implement a C/C++/Java program to simulate the working of Shortest remaining time and Round Robin (RR) scheduling algorithms. Experiment with different quantum sizes for RR algorithm.
- 8. Design, develop and implement a C/C++/Java program to implement Banker's algorithm. Assume suitable input required to demonstrate the results.
- 9. Design, develop and implement a C/C++/Java program to implement page replacement algorithms LRU and FIFO. Assume suitable input required to demonstrate the results.
- 10. a) Design, develop and implement a C/C++/Java program to simulate a *numerical* calculator
  - b) Design, develop and implement a C/C++/Java program to simulate *page* replacement technique

**Note:** In Examination, for question No 10: Students may be asked to execute any one of the above (10(a) or 10(b)- Examiner choice)

# **Study Experiment / Project:**

# **NIL**

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Implement and demonstrate Lexer's and Parser's
- Evaluate different algorithms required for management, scheduling, allocation and communication used in operating system.

# **Conduction of Practical Examination:**

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
- Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script
- Marks distribution: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: 20 + 50 + 10 (80)
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero

# COMPUTER GRAPHICS LABORATORY WITH MINI PROJECT

# [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

## SEMESTER – VI

Subject Code	15CSL68	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01I + 02P	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

### CREDITS – 02

# Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Demonstrate simple algorithms using OpenGL Graphics Primitives and attributes.
- Implementation of line drawing and clipping algorithms using OpenGL functions
- Design and implementation of algorithms Geometric transformations on both 2D and 3D objects.

# **Description (If any):**

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# **Lab Experiments:**

### PART A

# Design, develop, and implement the following programs using OpenGL API

1. Implement Brenham's line drawing algorithm for all types of slope.

Refer:Text-1: Chapter 3.5 Refer:Text-2: Chapter 8

2. Create and rotate a triangle about the origin and a fixed point.

Refer:Text-1: Chapter 5-4

3. Draw a colour cube and spin it using OpenGL transformation matrices.

# **Refer:Text-2: Modelling a Coloured Cube**

4. Draw a color cube and allow the user to move the camera suitably to experiment with perspective viewing.

# **Refer:Text-2: Topic: Positioning of Camera**

5. Clip a lines using Cohen-Sutherland algorithm

Refer:Text-1: Chapter 6.7 Refer:Text-2: Chapter 8

6. To draw a simple shaded scene consisting of a tea pot on a table. Define suitably the position and properties of the light source along with the properties of the surfaces of the solid object used in the scene.

# **Refer:Text-2: Topic: Lighting and Shading**

7. Design, develop and implement recursively subdivide a tetrahedron to form 3D sierpinski gasket. The number of recursive steps is to be specified by the user.

Refer: Text-2: Topic: sierpinski gasket.

- 8. Develop a menu driven program to animate a flag using Bezier Curve algorithm **Refer: Text-1: Chapter** 8-10
- 9. Develop a menu driven program to fill the polygon using scan line algorithm

# **Project:**

# PART -B (MINI-PROJECT):

Student should develop mini project on the topics mentioned below or similar applications using Open GL API. Consider all types of attributes like color, thickness, styles, font, background, speed etc., while doing mini project.

(During the practical exam: the students should demonstrate and answer Viva-Voce) Sample Topics:

Simulation of concepts of OS, Data structures, algorithms etc.

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Apply the concepts of computer graphics
- Implement computer graphics applications using OpenGL
- Animate real world problems using OpenGL

# **Conduction of Practical Examination:**

- 1. All laboratory experiments from part A are to be included for practical examination.
- 2. Mini project has to be evaluated for 30 Marks as per 6(b).
- 3. Report should be prepared in a standard format prescribed for project work.
- 4. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
- 5. Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script.
- 6. Marks distribution:
  - a) Part A: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: 10 + 35 +5 =50 Marks
  - b) Part B: Demonstration + Report + Viva voce = 15+10+05 = 30 Marks
- 7. Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

- 1. Donald Hearn & Pauline Baker: Computer Graphics-OpenGL Version,3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education,2011
- 2. Edward Angel: Interactive computer graphics- A Top Down approach with OpenGL, 5<sup>th</sup> edition. Pearson Education, 2011
- 3. M M Raikar, Computer Graphics using OpenGL, Fillip Learning / Elsevier, Bangalore / New Delhi (2013)

# WEB TECHNOLOGY AND ITS APPLICATIONS

# [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

# SEMESTER - VII

Subject Code	15CS71	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

# **CREDITS – 04**

# Course Objectives: This course will enable students to

- Illustrate the Semantic Structure of HTML and CSS
- Compose forms and tables using HTML and CSS
- Design Client-Side programs using JavaScript and Server-Side programs using PHP
- Infer Object Oriented Programming capabilities of PHP
- Examine JavaScript frameworks such as jQuery and Backbone

Module – 1	Teaching Hours
Introduction to HTML, What is HTML and Where did it come from?, HTML	10 Hours
Syntax, Semantic Markup, Structure of HTML Documents, Quick Tour of	10 HOUIS
HTML Elements, HTML5 Semantic Structure Elements, Introduction to CSS,	
What is CSS, CSS Syntax, Location of Styles, Selectors, The Cascade: How	
Styles Interact, The Box Model, CSS Text Styling.	
Module – 2	
HTML Tables and Forms, Introducing Tables, Styling Tables, Introducing	10 Hours
Forms, Form Control Elements, Table and Form Accessibility, Microformats,	
Advanced CSS: Layout, Normal Flow, Positioning Elements, Floating Elements,	
Constructing Multicolumn Layouts, Approaches to CSS Layout, Responsive	
Design, CSS Frameworks.	
Module – 3	
JavaScript: Client-Side Scripting, What is JavaScript and What can it do?,	10 Hours
JavaScript Design Principles, Where does JavaScript Go?, Syntax, JavaScript	
Objects, The Document Object Model (DOM), JavaScript Events, Forms,	
Introduction to Server-Side Development with PHP, What is Server-Side	
Development, A Web Server's Responsibilities, Quick Tour of PHP, Program	
Control, Functions	
Module – 4	
PHP Arrays and Superglobals, Arrays, \$_GET and \$_POST Superglobal Arrays,	10 Hours
\$_SERVER Array, \$_Files Array, Reading/Writing Files, PHP Classes and	
Objects, Object-Oriented Overview, Classes and Objects in PHP, Object	
Oriented Design, Error Handling and Validation, What are Errors and	
Exceptions?, PHP Error Reporting, PHP Error and Exception Handling	
Module – 5	
Managing State, The Problem of State in Web Applications, Passing Information	10 Hours
via Query Strings, Passing Information via the URL Path, Cookies, Serialization,	
Session State, HTML5 Web Storage, Caching, Advanced JavaScript and jQuery,	
JavaScript Pseudo-Classes, jQuery Foundations, AJAX, Asynchronous File	
Transmission, Animation, Backbone MVC Frameworks, XML Processing and	
Web Services, XML Processing, JSON, Overview of Web Services.	
Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to	

Adapt HTML and CSS syntax and semantics to build web pages.

- Construct and visually format tables and forms using HTML and CSS
- Develop Client-Side Scripts using JavaScript and Server-Side Scripts using PHP to generate and display the contents dynamically.
- Appraise the principles of object oriented development using PHP
- Inspect JavaScript frameworks like jQuery and Backbone which facilitates developer to focus on core features.

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

## **Text Books:**

1. Randy Connolly, Ricardo Hoar, **"Fundamentals of Web Development"**, 1<sup>st</sup>Edition, Pearson Education India. **(ISBN:**978-9332575271)

- 1) Robin Nixon, "Learning PHP, MySQL & JavaScript with jQuery, CSS and HTML5", 4<sup>th</sup>Edition, O'Reilly Publications, 2015. (ISBN:978-9352130153)
- 2) Luke Welling, Laura Thomson, "PHP and MySQL Web Development", 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2016. (ISBN:978-9332582736)
- 3) Nicholas C Zakas, "Professional JavaScript for Web Developers", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Wrox/Wiley India, 2012. (ISBN:978-8126535088)
- 4) David Sawyer Mcfarland, "JavaScript & jQuery: The Missing Manual", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, O'Reilly/Shroff Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd, 2014 (ISBN:978-9351108078)
- 5) Zak Ruvalcaba Anne Boehm, "Murach's HTML5 and CSS3", 3<sup>rd</sup>Edition, Murachs/Shroff Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd, 2016. (ISBN:978-9352133246)

		ARCHITECTURES	1	
_ <b>_</b>	•	stem (CBCS) scheme c year 2016 -2017) . VII		
Subject Code	15CS72	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS -			
Course objectives: This course wil	l enable students	to		
Describe computer architect	ure.			
<ul> <li>Measure the performance of</li> </ul>		terms of right paramete	ers.	
Summarize parallel architec	ture and the softy	ware used for them.		
Module – 1				Teaching
				Hours
Theory of Parallelism: Parallel C				10 Hours
Multiprocessors and Multicompute				
and VLSI Models, Program and N				
Program Partitioning and Schedu				
Interconnect Architectures, Princi				
Metrics and Measures, Parallel Pr		ations, Speedup Perior	rmance	
Laws, Scalability Analysis and App <b>Module – 2</b>	oroacnes.			
Hardware Technologies: Processors	and Mamory Hi	iororoby Advonged Dro	200000	10 Hours
Technology, Superscalar and Vector				10 Hours
Virtual Memory Technology.	n i iocessois, me	mory merarchy reem	iology,	
Module – 3				
Bus, Cache, and Shared Memory	Bus Systems .C	Cache Memory Organi	zations	10 Hours
,Shared Memory Organizations ,				10 110th
Pipelining and Superscalar Techni				
Pipeline Processors ,Instruction F				
(Upto 6.4).				
Module – 4				
Parallel and Scalable Architect	ures: Multiproc	essors and Multicon	nputers	10 Hours
,Multiprocessor System Interconne		<del>_</del>		
Mechanisms, Three Generation			_	
Mechanisms ,Multivector and SIM	-		-	
, Multivector Multiprocessors , Con	•	0	-	
Organizations (Upto 8.4), Scalable, Latency-Hiding Techniques, P			ectures, e-Grain	
Multicomputers, Scalable and Mult	-	O,		
Architectures.	Tancadea Atenio	coluics, Dalariow and	i i y Ullu	
Module – 5				<u> </u>
Software for parallel programming	: Parallel Model	s, Languages, and Cor	npilers	10 Hours
Parallel Programming Models, Par		0 0	-	
Analysis of Data Arrays ,Paralle				
Synchronization and Multiprocess				
Parallelism, Instruction Level Pa				
Basic Design Issues ,Problem 1	Definition ,Mod	el of a Typical Pro	ocessor	
,Compiler-detected Instruction Lev				

Buffer, Register Renaming ,Tomasulo's Algorithm ,Branch Prediction, Limitations in Exploiting Instruction Level Parallelism ,Thread Level Parallelism.

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Explain the concepts of parallel computing and hardware technologies
- Compare and contrast the parallel architectures
- Illustrate parallel programming concepts

# **Question paper pattern**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

## **Text Books:**

1. Kai Hwang and Naresh Jotwani, Advanced Computer Architecture (SIE): Parallelism, Scalability, Programmability, McGraw Hill Education 3/e. 2015

# **Reference Books:**

1. John L. Hennessy and David A. Patterson, Computer Architecture: A quantitative approach, 5th edition, Morgan Kaufmann Elseveir, 2013

# **MACHINE LEARNING** [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER – VII Subject Code 15CS73 IA Marks 20 Number of Lecture Hours/Week 80 03 Exam Marks Total Number of Lecture Hours 50 **Exam Hours** 03 CREDITS - 04 Course Objectives: This course will enable students to Define machine learning and problems relevant to machine learning. Differentiate supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning Apply neural networks, Bayes classifier and k nearest neighbor, for problems appear in machine learning. Perform statistical analysis of machine learning techniques. Module – 1 Teaching Hours Introduction: Well posed learning problems, Designing a Learning system, 10 Hours Parenactive and Issues in Machine Learning

Perspective and Issues in Machine Learning.	
Concept Learning: Concept learning task, Concept learning as search, Find-S	
algorithm, Version space, Candidate Elimination algorithm, Inductive Bias.	
<b>Text Book1, Sections: 1.1 – 1.3, 2.1-2.5, 2.7</b>	
Module – 2	
Decision Tree Learning: Decision tree representation, Appropriate problems for	10 Hours
decision tree learning, Basic decision tree learning algorithm, hypothesis space search	
in decision tree learning, Inductive bias in decision tree learning, Issues in decision	
tree learning.	
Text Book1, Sections: 3.1-3.7	
Module – 3	
Artificial Neural Networks: Introduction, Neural Network representation,	08 Hours
Appropriate problems, Perceptrons, Backpropagation algorithm.	
<b>Text book 1, Sections: 4.1 – 4.6</b>	
Module – 4	
Bayesian Learning: Introduction, Bayes theorem, Bayes theorem and concept	10 Hours
learning, ML and LS error hypothesis, ML for predicting probabilities, MDL	
principle, Naive Bayes classifier, Bayesian belief networks, EM algorithm	
Text book 1, Sections: 6.1 – 6.6, 6.9, 6.11, 6.12	
Module – 5	
Evaluating Hypothesis: Motivation, Estimating hypothesis accuracy, Basics of	12 Hours
sampling theorem, General approach for deriving confidence intervals, Difference in	
error of two hypothesis, Comparing learning algorithms.	
Instance Based Learning: Introduction, k-nearest neighbor learning, locally	
weighted regression, radial basis function, cased-based reasoning,	
Reinforcement Learning: Introduction, Learning Task, Q Learning	
Text book 1, Sections: 5.1-5.6, 8.1-8.5, 13.1-13.3	

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to

• Identify the problems for machine learning. And select the either supervised,

unsupersvised or reinforcement learning.

- Explain theory of probability and statistics related to machine learning
- Investigate concept learning, ANN, Bayes classifier, k nearest neighbor, Q,

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

# **Text Books:**

1. Tom M. Mitchell, Machine Learning, India Edition 2013, McGraw Hill Education.

- 1. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman, h The Elements of Statistical Learning, 2nd edition, springer series in statistics.
- 2. Ethem Alpaydın, Introduction to machine learning, second edition, MIT press.

	L LANGUAGE P	PROCESSING		
		em (CBCS) scheme]		
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(211000170 111)	SEMESTER - V	•		
Subject Code	15CS741		20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3		80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40		03	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	CREDITS – 0		<u> </u>	
Course objectives: This course will				
• Learn the techniques in natural				
<ul> <li>Be familiar with the natural</li> </ul>		_		
<ul> <li>Be exposed to Text Mining.</li> </ul>	ianguage generan	л.		
<ul> <li>Understand the information:</li> </ul>	matriaval ta abriava			
Module – 1	remevar technique	28	Toochine	
Module – 1			Teaching Hours	
Overview and language modeling	· Overview Oric	ine and challenges of MI		
Language and Grammar-Processi				
Information Retrieval. Language M	_			
Models-Statistical Language Model	-	Grammar based Langua,	50	
Module – 2	•			
Word level and syntactic analysis	· Word Level Ans	lysis: Regular Expression	is- 8 Hours	
Finite-State Automata-Morphologi				
correction-Words and Word classes				
Context-free Grammar-Constituency	-		.5•	
Module – 3	<u>,</u>	<u> </u>		
<b>Extracting Relations from Text</b>	: From Word S	equences to Dependen	cy 8 Hours	
Paths:		1		
Introduction, Subsequence Kernels	for Relation Extr	action, A Dependency-Pa	th	
Kernel for Relation Extraction and I				
<b>Mining Diagnostic Text Reports b</b>				
Introduction, Domain Knowledge a	and Knowledge R	Introduction, Domain Knowledge and Knowledge Roles, Frame Semantics and		
Semantic Role Labeling, Learning to Annotate Cases with Knowledge Roles and				
	o Annotate Cases		nd	
Evaluations.	to Annotate Cases		nd	
A Case Study in Natural Lang	guage Based We	with Knowledge Roles as	nd nd	
	guage Based We	with Knowledge Roles as	nd nd	
A Case Study in Natural Lang	guage Based We	with Knowledge Roles as	nd nd	
A Case Study in Natural Lang Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org I Module – 4 Evaluating Self-Explanations in is	guage Based We Experience. START: Word M	with Knowledge Roles as  b Search: InFact Syste  Infact Semant	and and am	
A Case Study in Natural Lang Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org I Module – 4 Evaluating Self-Explanations in it Analysis, and Topic Models:	guage Based We Experience.  START: Word M Introduction, iST	with Knowledge Roles as  b Search: InFact Syste  Infact Semant	and and am	
A Case Study in Natural Lang Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org I Module – 4 Evaluating Self-Explanations in it Analysis, and Topic Models: iSTART: Evaluation of Feedback St	guage Based We Experience.  START: Word M Introduction, iST ystems,	with Knowledge Roles at  b Search: InFact System  Infact System  Infact Semant  I	ric 8 Hours	
A Case Study in Natural Lang Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org I Module – 4 Evaluating Self-Explanations in it Analysis, and Topic Models: I iSTART: Evaluation of Feedback St Textual Signatures: Identifying T	guage Based We Experience.  START: Word M Introduction, iST ystems, Cext-Types Using	with Knowledge Roles and b Search: InFact System Infact System Infact Semant ART: Feedback System Latent Semantic Analysis	and and am are size as a s	
A Case Study in Natural Lang Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org I Module – 4 Evaluating Self-Explanations in it Analysis, and Topic Models: iSTART: Evaluation of Feedback Statual Signatures: Identifying Toto Measure the Cohesion of Textures.	START: Word M Introduction, iST ystems, Cext-Types Using	b Search: InFact System  Infact System  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact Sema	ric 8 Hours as, sis h-	
A Case Study in Natural Lang Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org In Module – 4 Evaluating Self-Explanations in its Analysis, and Topic Models: Its iSTART: Evaluation of Feedback States Textual Signatures: Identifying Toto Measure the Cohesion of Textual Metrix, Approaches to Analyzing Total	START: Word M Introduction, iST ystems, Cext-Types Using	b Search: InFact System  Infact System  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact Sema	ric 8 Hours as, sis h-	
A Case Study in Natural Lang Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org In Module – 4 Evaluating Self-Explanations in its Analysis, and Topic Models: Its ISTART: Evaluation of Feedback States Textual Signatures: Identifying Toto Measure the Cohesion of Textual Security, Approaches to Analyzing Testulation of Experiments.	START: Word M Introduction, iST ystems, Cext-Types Using at Structures: Int Fexts, Latent Sem	b Search: InFact System  Infact System  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact Sema	ic 8 Hours sis h- ns,	
A Case Study in Natural Lang Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org In Module – 4  Evaluating Self-Explanations in its Analysis, and Topic Models: iSTART: Evaluation of Feedback Statements Identifying Toto Measure the Cohesion of Textual Signatures: Identifying Toto Measure the Cohesion of Textual Separate Identifying Toto Measure Identifying Toto Measure the Cohesion of Textual Separate Identifying Toto Measure Identifying Identifyin	START: Word M Introduction, iST ystems, Cext-Types Using at Structures: Interests, Latent Sem ion: A Combi	b Search: InFact System  Infact System  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact Sema	tic 8 Hours sis, sis, h- ns, tic	
A Case Study in Natural Lang Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org In Module – 4  Evaluating Self-Explanations in its Analysis, and Topic Models: Its iSTART: Evaluation of Feedback Symmetrical Signatures: Identifying Topic Measure the Cohesion of Textual Signatures: Identifying Topic Measure the Cohesion of Textual Signatures: Approaches to Analyzing Results of Experiments.  Automatic Document Separate Classification and Finite-State	START: Word M Introduction, iST ystems, Sext-Types Using at Structures: Interests, Latent Sem ion: A Combination of the combina	b Search: InFact System  Intching, Latent Semant ART: Feedback System  Latent Semantic Analysis roduction, Cohesion, Coantic Analysis, Prediction  nation of Probabilisting: Introduction, Relatent	sis h- hos, sic ed	
A Case Study in Natural Lang Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org In Module – 4  Evaluating Self-Explanations in its Analysis, and Topic Models: Its iSTART: Evaluation of Feedback States Textual Signatures: Identifying Toto Measure the Cohesion of Textual Separation, Approaches to Analyzing Toto Results of Experiments.  Automatic Document Separation Classification and Finite-State States Work, Data Preparation, Document	START: Word M Introduction, iST ystems, Sext-Types Using at Structures: Interests, Latent Sem ion: A Combination of the combina	b Search: InFact System  Intching, Latent Semant ART: Feedback System  Latent Semantic Analysis roduction, Cohesion, Coantic Analysis, Prediction  nation of Probabilisting: Introduction, Relatent	sis h- hos, sic ed	
A Case Study in Natural Lang Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org In Module – 4  Evaluating Self-Explanations in its Analysis, and Topic Models: iSTART: Evaluation of Feedback States Textual Signatures: Identifying Toto Measure the Cohesion of Textual Signatures to Analyzing Toto Measure the Cohesion of Textual Signatures.  Automatic Document Separate Classification and Finite-State State Work, Data Preparation, Document Results.	START: Word M Introduction, iST ystems, Sext-Types Using at Structures: Int Fexts, Latent Sem ion: A Combi Sequence Model Separation as a S	b Search: InFact System  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact System  Infact System  Infact System  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact System  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact System  Infact Semant  Infact Sema	sis h- ns, tic ed m,	
A Case Study in Natural Lang Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org In Module – 4  Evaluating Self-Explanations in its Analysis, and Topic Models: Its iSTART: Evaluation of Feedback States Textual Signatures: Identifying Tates to Measure the Cohesion of Textual Separation, Approaches to Analyzing Tates and Experiments.  Automatic Document Separation Classification and Finite-State States Work, Data Preparation, Document	START: Word M Introduction, iST ystems, Sext-Types Using at Structures: Interests, Latent Sem ion: A Combi Sequence Model Separation as a Second Seco	b Search: InFact System  Intching, Latent Semant ART: Feedback System  Latent Semantic Analyst roduction, Cohesion, Coantic Analysis, Prediction  nation of Probabilisting: Introduction, Relate equence Mapping Problem  ically-Based Text Mining	sis h- ns, tic ed m,	

## Module – 5

# INFORMATION RETRIEVAL AND LEXICAL RESOURCES: Information

8 Hours

Retrieval: Design features of Information Retrieval Systems-Classical, Non classical, Alternative Models of Information Retrieval – valuation Lexical Resources: World Net-Frame Net- Stemmers-POS Tagger- Research Corpora.

Hours

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Analyze the natural language text.
- Generate the natural language.
- Do Text mining.
- Apply information retrieval techniques.

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Tanveer Siddiqui, U.S. Tiwary, "Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval", Oxford University Press, 2008.
- 2. Anne Kao and Stephen R. Poteet (Eds), "Natural LanguageProcessing and Text Mining", Springer-Verlag London Limited 2007.

- 1. Daniel Jurafsky and James H Martin, "Speech and Language Processing: Anintroduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and SpeechRecognition", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008.
- 2. James Allen, "Natural Language Understanding", 2nd edition, Benjamin/Cummingspublishing company, 1995.
- 3. Gerald J. Kowalski and Mark.T. Maybury, "Information Storage and Retrieval systems", Kluwer academic Publishers, 2000.

# CLOUD COMPUTING AND ITS APPLICATIONS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

# SEMESTER - VII

Subject Code	15CS742	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

### CREDITS – 03

# Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Explain the fundamentals of cloud computing
- Illustrate the cloud application programming and aneka platform
- Contrast different cloud platforms used in industry

Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
Introduction ,Cloud Computing at a Glance, The Vision of Cloud Computing,	8 Hours
Defining a Cloud, A Closer Look, Cloud Computing Reference Model,	
Characteristics and Benefits, Challenges Ahead, Historical Developments,	
Distributed Systems, Virtualization, Web 2.0, Service-Oriented Computing,	
Utility-Oriented Computing, Building Cloud Computing Environments,	
Application Development, Infrastructure and System Development, Computing	
Platforms and Technologies, Amazon Web Services (AWS), Google	
AppEngine, Microsoft Azure, Hadoop, Force.com and Salesforce.com,	
Manjrasoft Aneka	
Virtualization, Introduction, Characteristics of Virtualized, Environments	
Taxonomy of Virtualization Techniques, Execution Virtualization, Other Types	
of Virtualization, Virtualization and Cloud Computing, Pros and Cons of	
Virtualization, Technology Examples Xen: Paravirtualization, VMware: Full	
Virtualization, Microsoft Hyper-V	

### Module – 2

Cloud Computing Architecture, Introduction, Cloud Reference Model, Architecture, Infrastructure / Hardware as a Service, Platform as a Service, Software as a Service, Types of Clouds, Public Clouds, Private Clouds, Hybrid Clouds, Community Clouds, Economics of the Cloud, Open Challenges, Cloud Definition, Cloud Interoperability and Standards Scalability and Fault Tolerance Security, Trust, and Privacy Organizational Aspects

Aneka: Cloud Application Platform, Framework Overview, Anatomy of the Aneka Container, From the Ground Up: Platform Abstraction Layer, Fabric Services, foundation Services, Application Services, Building Aneka Clouds, Infrastructure Organization, Logical Organization, Private Cloud Deployment Mode, Public Cloud Deployment Mode, Hybrid Cloud Deployment Mode, Cloud Programming and Management, Aneka SDK, Management Tools

### Module – 3

Concurrent Computing: Thread Programming, Introducing Parallelism for Single Machine Computation, Programming Applications with Threads, What is a Thread?, Thread APIs, Techniques for Parallel Computation with Threads, Multithreading with Aneka, Introducing the Thread Programming Model, Aneka Thread vs. Common Threads, Programming Applications with Aneka Threads, Aneka Threads Application Model, Domain Decomposition: Matrix

8 Hours

8 Hours

Multiplication, Functional Decomposition: Sine, Cosine, and Tangent.

High-Throughput Computing: Task Programming, Task Computing, Characterizing a Task, Computing Categories, Frameworks for Task Computing, Task-based Application Models, Embarrassingly Parallel Applications, Parameter Sweep Applications, MPI Applications, Workflow Applications with Task Dependencies, Aneka Task-Based Programming, Task Programming Model, Developing Applications with the Task Model, Developing Parameter Sweep Application, Managing Workflows.

# Module - 4

Data Intensive Computing: Map-Reduce Programming, What is Data-Intensive Computing?, Characterizing Data-Intensive Computations, Challenges Ahead, Historical Perspective, Technologies for Data-Intensive Computing, Storage Systems, Programming Platforms, Aneka MapReduce Programming, Introducing the MapReduce Programming Model, Example Application

# 8 Hours

# Module - 5

Cloud Platforms in Industry, Amazon Web Services, Compute Services, Storage Services, Communication Services, Additional Services, Google AppEngine, Architecture and Core Concepts, Application Life-Cycle, Cost Model, Observations, Microsoft Azure, Azure Core Concepts, SQL Azure, Windows Azure Platform Appliance.

8 Hours

Cloud Applications Scientific Applications, Healthcare: ECG Analysis in the Cloud, Biology: Protein Structure Prediction, Biology: Gene Expression Data Analysis for Cancer Diagnosis, Geoscience: Satellite Image Processing, Business and Consumer Applications, CRM and ERP, Productivity, Social Networking, Media Applications, Multiplayer Online Gaming.

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Explain cloud computing, virtualization and classify services of cloud computing
- Illustrate architecture and programming in cloud
- Describe the platforms for development of cloud applications and List the application of cloud.

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

# **Text Books:**

1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, and Thamarai Selvi Mastering Cloud. Computing McGraw Hill Education

# **Reference Books:**

**1.** Dan C. Marinescu, Cloud Computing Theory and Practice, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier 2013.

# INFORMATION AND NETWORK SECURITY [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

# SEMESTER - VII

_	JEI: 120 1221		
Subject Code	15CS743	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

### CREDITS – 03

# Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Analyze the cryptographic processes.
- Summarize the digital security process.
- Indicate the location of a security process in the given system

material the recurrence of a security process in the given system	
Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
Introduction. How to Speak Crypto. Classic Crypto. Simple Substitution Cipher.	8 Hours
Cryptanalysis of a Simple Substitution. Definition of Secure. Double	
Transposition Cipher. One-time Pad. Project VENONA. Codebook Cipher.	
Ciphers of the Election of 1876. Modern Crypto History. Taxonomy of	
Cryptography. Taxonomy of Cryptanalysis.	
Module – 2.	
What is a Hash Function? The Birthday Problem.Non-cryptographic Hashes.	8 Hours
Tiger Hash. HMAC. Uses of Hash Functions. Online Bids. Spam Reduction.	
Other Crypto-Related Topics. Secret Sharing. Key Escrow. Random Numbers.	
Texas Hold 'em Poker. Generating Random Bits. Information Hiding.	
Module – 3	
Random number generation Providing freshness Fundamentals of entity	8 Hours
authentication Passwords Dynamic password schemes Zero-knowledge	
mechanisms Further reading Cryptographic Protocols Protocol basics From	
objectives to a protocol Analysing a simple protocol Authentication and key	
establishment protocols	
Module – 4	
Key management fundamentals Key lengths and lifetimes Key generation Key	8 Hours
establishment Key storage Key usage Governing key management Public-Key	
Management Certification of public keys The certificate lifecycle Public-key	
management models Alternative approaches	
Module – 5	
Cryptographic Applications Cryptography on the Internet Cryptography for	8 Hours
wireless local area networks Cryptography for mobile telecommunications	
Cryptography for secure payment card transactions Cryptography for video	
broadcasting Cryptography for identity cards Cryptography for home users	

broadcasting Cryptography for identity cards Cryptography for home users

**Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Analyze the Digitals security lapses
- Illustrate the need of key management

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

# **Text Books:**

- 1. Information Security: Principles and Practice, 2nd Edition by Mark Stamp Wiley
- 2. Everyday Cryptography: Fundamental Principles and Applications Keith M. Martin Oxford Scholarship Online: December 2013

# **Reference Books:**

1. Applied Cryptography Protocols, Algorithms, and Source Code in C by Bruce Schneier

UNIX S	SYSTEM PRO	GRAMMING		
		ystem (CBCS) scheme	]	
Effective fr		ic year 2016 -2017)		
	SEMESTER			
Subject Code	15CS744	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS -			
Course objectives: This course wil				
• Explain the fundamental des	-			
• Familiarize with the systems				
Design and build an applica	tion/service ove	r the unix operating sys	tem	
Module – 1				Teaching
Lange description and ANCI Com-		CI C Ct Th - AN	CT/ICO	Hours
Introduction: UNIX and ANSI Star C++ Standards, Difference between		*		8 Hours
The POSIX.1 FIPS Standard, The				
The POSIX APIs, The UNIX at				
Common Characteristics.		veropment Environmen	, , , , , ,	
Module – 2				
UNIX Files and APIs: File Type	s. The UNIX a	and POSIX File System	m. The	8 Hours
UNIX and POSIX File Attribute		•		o mound
Program Interface to Files, UNIX		•		
Stream Pointers and File Descripto	rs, Directory Fi	les, Hard and Symbolic	Links.	
UNIX File APIs: General File AF	PIs, File and Re	ecord Locking, Directo	ry File	
APIs, Device File APIs, FIFO File	APIs, Symbolic	Link File APIs.		
Module – 3				
UNIX Processes and Process Con				8 Hours
Introduction, main function, Proces				
Environment List, Memory Layout	0		-	
Allocation, Environment Variables				
setrlimit Functions, UNIX Kerne Introduction, Process Identifiers, for	1.1			
Functions, Race Conditions, exec		<u> </u>		
IDs, Interpreter Files, system Funct			-	
Process Times, I/O Redirection. Pr				
Logins, Network Logins, Process		_		
tcgetpgrp and tcsetpgrp Functions,	-	_		
Orphaned Process Groups.				
Module – 4				
Signals and Daemon Processes: Signals	gnals: The UNI	X Kernel Support for S	Signals,	8 Hours
signal, Signal Mask, sigaction, The	e SIGCHLD Sig	gnal and the waitpid Fu	nction,	
The sigsetimp and siglongimp Fund				
Timers. Daemon Processes: Introdu		Characteristics, Coding	Rules,	
Error Logging, Client-Server Mode	1.			
Module – 5				
Interprocess Communication: Over			-	8 Hours
Functions, Coprocesses, FIFOs, Sy	ystem V IPC, N	Message Queues, Sema	phores.	

Shared Memory, Client-Server Properties, Stream Pipes, Passing File Descriptors, An Open Server-Version 1, Client-Server Connection Functions.

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Ability to understand and reason out the working of Unix Systems
- Build an application/service over a Unix system.

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

# **Text Books:**

- 1. Unix System Programming Using C++ Terrence Chan, PHI, 1999.
- 2. Advanced Programming in the UNIX Environment W.Richard Stevens, Stephen A. Rago, 3nd Edition, Pearson Education / PHI, 2005.

- 1. Advanced Unix Programming- Marc J. Rochkind, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
- 2. The Design of the UNIX Operating System Maurice.J.Bach, Pearson Education / PHI, 1987.
- 3. Unix Internals Uresh Vahalia, Pearson Education, 2001.

# SOFT AND EVOLUTIONARY COMPUTING [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

# SEMESTER - VII

Subject Code	15CS751	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

# CREDITS - 03

# Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Familiarize with the basic concept of soft computing and intelligent systems
- Compare with various intelligent systems

<ul> <li>Analyze the various soft computing techniques</li> </ul>	
Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
Introduction to soft computing: ANN, FS,GA, SI, ES, Comparing among	8 Hours
intelligent systems	
ANN: introduction, biological inspiration, BNN&ANN, classification, first	
Generation NN, perceptron, illustrative problems	
Text Book 1: Chapter1: 1.1-1.8, Chapter2: 2.1-2.6	
Module – 2	
Adaline, Medaline, ANN: (2 <sup>nd</sup> generation), introduction, BPN, KNN,HNN,	8 Hours
BAM, RBF,SVM and illustrative problems	
Text Book 1: Chapter2: 3.1,3.2,3.3,3.6,3.7,3.10,3.11	
Module – 3	
Fuzzy logic: introduction, human learning ability, undecidability, probability	8 Hours
theory, classical set and fuzzy set, fuzzy set operations, fuzzy relations, fuzzy	
compositions, natural language and fuzzy interpretations, structure of fuzzy	
inference system, illustrative problems	
Text Book 1: Chapter 5	
Module – 4	
Introduction to GA, GA, procedures, working of GA, GA applications,	8 Hours
applicability, evolutionary programming, working of EP, GA based Machine	
learning classifier system, illustrative problems	

# Text Book 1: Chapter 7

# Module – 5

**Swarm Intelligent system:** Introduction, Background of SI, Ant colony system 8 Hours Working of ACO, Particle swarm Intelligence(PSO).

# Text Book 1: 8.1-8.4, 8.7

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Understand soft computing techniques
- Apply the learned techniques to solve realistic problems
- Differentiate soft computing with hard computing techniques

# **Ouestion paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

# **Text Books:**

1. Soft computing: N. P Padhy and S P Simon, Oxford University Press 2015

# **Reference Books:**

1. Principles of Soft Computing, Shivanandam, Deepa S. N Wiley India, ISBN 13: 2011

# COMPUTER VISION AND ROBOTICS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER – VII

· ·			
Subject Code	15CS752	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

## CREDITS – 03

# **Course objectives:** This course will enable students to

- Review image processing techniques for computer vision
- Explain shape and region analysis
- Illustrate Hough Transform and its applications to detect lines, circles, ellipses
- Contrast three-dimensional image analysis techniques, motion analysis and applications of computer vision algorithms

applications of computer vision algorithms	
Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
CAMERAS: Pinhole Cameras, Radiometry - Measuring Light: Light in	8 Hours
Space, Light Surfaces, Important Special Cases, Sources, Shadows, And	
Shading: Qualitative Radiometry, Sources and Their Effects, Local Shading	
Models, Application: Photometric Stereo, Interreflections: Global Shading	
Models, Color: The Physics of Color, Human Color Perception, Representing	
Color, A Model for Image Color, Surface Color from Image Color.	
Module – 2	
Linear Filters: Linear Filters and Convolution, Shift Invariant Linear Systems,	8 Hours
Spatial Frequency and Fourier Transforms, Sampling and Aliasing, Filters as	
Templates, Edge Detection: Noise, Estimating Derivatives, Detecting Edges,	
Texture: Representing Texture, Analysis (and Synthesis) Using Oriented	
Pyramids, Application: Synthesis by Sampling Local Models, Shape from	
Texture.	
Module – 3	
The Geometry of Multiple Views: Two Views, Stereopsis: Reconstruction,	8 Hours
Human Stereposis, Binocular Fusion, Using More Cameras, Segmentation by	
Clustering: What Is Segmentation?, Human Vision: Grouping and Getstalt,	
Applications: Shot Boundary Detection and Background Subtraction, Image	
Segmentation by Clustering Pixels, Segmentation by Graph-Theoretic Clustering,	
Module – 4	
Segmentation by Fitting a Model: The Hough Transform, Fitting Lines, Fitting	8 Hours
Curves, Fitting as a Probabilistic Inference Problem, Robustness, <b>Segmentation</b>	
and Fitting Using Probabilistic Methods: Missing Data Problems, Fitting, and	
Segmentation, The EM Algorithm in Practice, <b>Tracking With Linear Dynamic</b>	
Models: Tracking as an Abstract Inference Problem, Linear Dynamic Models,	
Kalman Filtering, Data Association, Applications and Examples.	
Module – 5	
Geometric Camera Models: Elements of Analytical Euclidean Geometry,	8 Hours
Camera Parameters and the Perspective Projection, Affine Cameras and Affine	
Projection Equations, Geometric Camera Calibration: Least-Squares	
Parameter Estimation, A Linear Approach to Camera Calibration, Taking Radial	
Distortion into Account, Analytical Photogrammetry, An Application: Mobile	
Delega I and in Madel Dead Vision Initial Assessment on Obtaining	1

Robot Localization, Model- Based Vision: Initial Assumptions, Obtaining

Hypotheses by Pose Consistency, Obtaining Hypotheses by pose Clustering, Obtaining Hypotheses Using Invariants, Verification, Application: Registration In Medical Imaging Systems, Curved Surfaces and Alignment.

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Implement fundamental image processing techniques required for computer vision
- Perform shape analysis
- Implement boundary tracking techniques
- Apply chain codes and other region descriptors
- Apply Hough Transform for line, circle, and ellipse detections.
- Apply 3D vision techniques.
- Implement motion related techniques.
- Develop applications using computer vision techniques.

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

# **Text Books:**

1. David A. Forsyth and Jean Ponce: Computer Vision – A Modern Approach, PHI Learning (Indian Edition), 2009.

# **Reference Books:**

2. E. R. Davies: Computer and Machine Vision – Theory, Algorithms and Practicalities, Elsevier (Academic Press), 4<sup>th</sup> edition, 2013.

# **DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING** [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER - VII Subject Code 15CS753 IA Marks 20 Number of Lecture Hours/Week 3 **Exam Marks** 80 Total Number of Lecture Hours 40 **Exam Hours** 03 CREDITS - 03 Course objectives: This course will enable students to Define the fundamental concepts in image processing Evaluate techniques followed in image enhancements • Illustrate image segmentation and compression algorithms $Module - \overline{1}$ Teaching Hours 8 Hours Introduction Fundamental Steps in Digital Image Processing, Components of an Image Processing System, Sampling and Quantization, Representing Digital Images (Data structure), Some Basic Relationships Between Pixels- Neighbors and Connectivity of pixels in image, Applications of Image Processing: Medical imaging, Robot vision, Character recognition, Remote Sensing. Module - 2Image Enhancement In The Spatial Domain: Some Basic Gray Level 8 Hours Transformations, Histogram Processing, Enhancement Using Arithmetic/Logic Operations, Basics of Spatial Filtering, Smoothing Spatial Filters, Sharpening Spatial Filters, Combining Spatial Enhancement Methods. Module – 3 **Image Enhancement In Frequency Domain:** 8 Hours Introduction, Fourier Transform, Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT), properties of DFT, Discrete Cosine Transform (DCT), Image filtering in frequency domain. Module – 4 Image Segmentation: Introduction, Detection of isolated points, line detection, 8 Hours Edge detection, Edge linking, Region based segmentation- Region growing, split and merge technique, local processing, regional processing, Hough transform, Segmentation using Threshold.

# Module – 5

**Image Compression**: Introduction, coding Redundancy, Inter-pixel redundancy, image compression model, Lossy and Lossless compression, Huffman Coding, Arithmetic Coding, LZW coding, Transform Coding, Sub-image size selection, blocking, DCT implementation using FFT, Run length coding.

8 Hours

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Explain fundamentals of image processing
- Compare transformation algorithms
- Contrast enhancement, segmentation and compression techniques

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

# **Text Books:**

1. Rafael C G., Woods R E. and Eddins S L, Digital Image Processing, Prentice Hall, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 2008.

- 1. Milan Sonka,"Image Processing, analysis and Machine Vision", Thomson Press India Ltd, Fourth Edition.
- 2. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing- Anil K. Jain, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall of India.
- 3. S. Sridhar, Digital Image Processing, Oxford University Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, 2016.

# STORAGE AREA NETWORKS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER – VII

Subject Code	15CS754	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03	

## CREDITS – 03

# **Course objectives:** This course will enable students to

- Evaluate storage architectures,
- Define backup, recovery, disaster recovery, business continuity, and replication
- Examine emerging technologies including IP-SAN

Cloud infrastructure components, Cloud migration considerations

Module - 5

- Understand logical and physical components of a storage infrastructure
- Identify components of managing and monitoring the data center
- Define information security and identify different storage virtualization technologies

• Define information security and identify different storage virtualization technologies			
Module – 1	Teaching		
	Hours		
Storage System Introduction to evolution of storage architecture, key data center	8 Hours		
elements, virtualization, and cloud computing. Key data center elements – Host			
(or compute), connectivity, storage, and application in both classic and virtual			
environments. RAID implementations, techniques, and levels along with the			
impact of RAID on application performance. Components of intelligent storage			
systems and virtual storage provisioning and intelligent storage system			
implementations.			
Module – 2			
	8 Hours		
Storage Networking Technologies and Virtualization Fibre Channel SAN	8 Hours		
components, connectivity options, and topologies including access protection			
mechanism 'zoning", FC protocol stack, addressing and operations, SAN-based			
virtualization and VSAN technology, iSCSI and FCIP protocols for storage			
access over IP network, Converged protocol FCoE and its components, Network			
Attached Storage (NAS) - components, protocol and operations, File level			
storage virtualization, Object based storage and unified storage platform.			
Module – 3			
Backup, Archive, and Replication This unit focuses on information availability	8 Hours		
and business continuity solutions in both virtualized and non-virtualized			
environments. Business continuity terminologies, planning and solutions,			
Clustering and multipathing architecture to avoid single points of failure, Backup			
and recovery - methods, targets and topologies, Data deduplication and backup in			
virtualized environment, Fixed content and data archive, Local replication in			
classic and virtual environments, Remote replication in classic and virtual			
environments, Three-site remote replication and continuous data protection			
Module – 4	•		
Cloud Computing Characteristics and benefits This unit focuses on the	8 Hours		
business drivers, definition, essential characteristics, and phases of journey to the			
Cloud. ,Business drivers for Cloud computing, Definition of Cloud computing,			
Characteristics of Cloud computing, Steps involved in transitioning from Classic			
data center to Cloud computing environment Services and deployment models,			
	1		

Securing and Managing Storage Infrastructure This chapter focuses on framework and domains of storage security along with covering security. implementation at storage networking. Security threats, and countermeasures in various domains Security solutions for FC-SAN, IP-SAN and NAS environments, Security in virtualized and cloud environments, Monitoring and managing various information infrastructure components in classic and virtual environments, Information lifecycle management (ILM) and storage tiering, Cloud service management activities

8 Hours

# **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Identify key challenges in managing information and analyze different storage networking technologies and virtualization
- Explain components and the implementation of NAS
- Describe CAS architecture and types of archives and forms of virtualization
- Ilustrate the storage infrastructure and management activities

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Information Storage and Management, Author: EMC Education Services, Publisher: Wiley ISBN: 9781118094839
- 2. Storage Virtualization, Author: Clark Tom, Publisher: Addison Wesley Publishing Company ISBN: 9780321262516

# **Reference Books:**

NIL

#### MACHINE LEARNING LABORATORY

## [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

#### SEMESTER – VII

15CSL76	IA Marks	20
01I + 02P	Exam Marks	80
40	Exam Hours	03
	01I + 02P	01I + 02P Exam Marks

#### CREDITS – 02

#### Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- 1. Make use of Data sets in implementing the machine learning algorithms
- 2. Implement the machine learning concepts and algorithms in any suitable language of choice.

## **Description (If any):**

- 1. The programs can be implemented in either JAVA or Python.
- 2. For Problems 1 to 6 and 10, programs are to be developed without using the built-in classes or APIs of Java/Python.
- 3. Data sets can be taken from standard repositories (https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets.html) or constructed by the students.

## **Lab Experiments:**

- 1. Implement and demonstrate the **FIND-Salgorithm** for finding the most specific hypothesis based on a given set of training data samples. Read the training data from a .CSV file.
- 2. For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the **Candidate-Elimination algorithm**to output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples.
- 3. Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based **ID3** algorithm. Use an appropriate data set for building the decision tree and apply this knowledge toclassify a new sample.
- 4. Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the **Backpropagation algorithm** and test the same using appropriate data sets.
- 5. Write a program to implement the **naïve Bayesian classifier** for a sample training data set stored as a .CSV file. Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering few test data sets.
- 6. Assuming a set of documents that need to be classified, use the **naïve Bayesian** Classifier model to perform this task. Built-in Java classes/API can be used to write the program. Calculate the accuracy, precision, and recall for your data set.
- 7. Write a program to construct a**Bayesian network** considering medical data. Use this model to demonstrate the diagnosis of heart patients using standard Heart Disease Data Set. You can use Java/Python ML library classes/API.
- 8. Apply **EM algorithm** to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Use the same data set for clustering using *k*-Means algorithm. Compare the results of these two algorithms and comment on the quality of clustering. You can add Java/Python ML library classes/API in the program.
- 9. Write a program to implement *k*-Nearest Neighbour algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Java/Python ML library classes can be used for this problem.
- 10. Implement the non-parametric **Locally Weighted Regressionalgorithm** in order to fit data points. Select appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs.

## **Study Experiment / Project:**

#### **NIL**

## **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- 1. Understand the implementation procedures for the machine learning algorithms.
- 2. Design Java/Python programs for various Learning algorithms.
- 3. Applyappropriate data sets to the Machine Learning algorithms.
- 4. Identify and apply Machine Learning algorithms to solve real world problems.

## **Conduction of Practical Examination:**

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
- Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script
- Marks distribution: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: 20 + 50 + 10 (80)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

#### WEB TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY WITH MINI PROJECT

## [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

#### SEMESTER - VII

Subject Code	15CSL77	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01I + 02P	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

#### CREDITS – 02

## **Course objectives:** This course will enable students to

- 1. Design and develop static and dynamic web pages.
- 2. Familiarize with Client-Side Programming, Server-Side Programming, Active server Pages.
- 3. Learn Database Connectivity to web applications.

#### **Description (If any):**

**NIL** 

#### **Lab Experiments:**

#### **PART A**

- 1. Write a JavaScript to design a simple calculator to perform the following operations: sum, product, difference and quotient.
- 2. Write a JavaScript that calculates the squares and cubes of the numbers from 0 to 10 and outputs HTML text that displays the resulting values in an HTML table format.
- 3. Write a JavaScript code that displays text "TEXT-GROWING" with increasing font size in the interval of 100ms in RED COLOR, when the font size reaches 50pt it displays "TEXT-SHRINKING" in BLUE color. Then the font size decreases to 5pt.
- 4. Develop and demonstrate a HTML5 file that includes JavaScript script that uses functions for the following problems:
  - a. Parameter: A string
  - b. Output: The position in the string of the left-most vowel
  - c. Parameter: A number
  - d. Output: The number with its digits in the reverse order
- 5. Design an XML document to store information about a student in an engineering college affiliated to VTU. The information must include USN, Name, and Name of the College, Branch, Year of Joining, and email id. Make up sample data for 3 students. Create a CSS style sheet and use it to display the document.
- 6. Write a PHP program to keep track of the number of visitors visiting the web page and to display this count of visitors, with proper headings.
- 7. Write a PHP program to display a digital clock which displays the current time of the server.
- 8. Write the PHP programs to do the following:
  - a. Implement simple calculator operations.
  - b. Find the transpose of a matrix.
  - c. Multiplication of two matrices.
  - d. Addition of two matrices.

- 9. Write a PHP program named states.py that declares a variable states with value "Mississippi Alabama Texas Massachusetts Kansas". write a PHP program that does the following:
  - a. Search for a word in variable states that ends in xas. Store this word in element 0 of a list named statesList.
  - b. Search for a word in states that begins with k and ends in s. Perform a case-insensitive comparison. [Note: Passing re.Ias a second parameter to method compile performs a case-insensitive comparison.] Store this word in element1 of statesList.
  - c. Search for a word in states that begins with M and ends in s. Store this word in element 2 of the list.
  - d. Search for a word in states that ends in a. Store this word in element 3 of the list
- 10. Write a PHP program to sort the student records which are stored in the database using selection sort.

#### **Study Experiment / Project:**

Develop a web application project using the languages and concepts learnt in the theory and exercises listed in part A with a good look and feel effects. You can use any web technologies and frameworks and databases.

#### Note:

- 1. In the examination each student picks one question from part A.
- 2. A team of two or three students must develop the mini project. However during the examination, each student must demonstrate the project individually.
- 3. The team must submit a brief project report (15-20 pages) that must include the following
  - a. Introduction
  - b. Requirement Analysis
  - c. Software Requirement Specification
  - d. Analysis and Design
  - e. Implementation
  - f. Testing

#### **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Design and develop dynamic web pages with good aesthetic sense of designing and latest technical know-how's.
- Have a good understanding of Web Application Terminologies, Internet Tools other web services.
- Learn how to link and publish web sites

## **Conduction of Practical Examination:**

1. All laboratory experiments from part A are to be included for practical examination.

- 2. Mini project has to be evaluated for 30 Marks.
- 3. Report should be prepared in a standard format prescribed for project work.
- 4. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
- 5. Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script.
- 6. Marks distribution:
  - a) Part A: Procedure + Conduction + Viva:10 + 35 +5 =50 Marks
  - b) Part B: Demonstration + Report + Viva voce = 15+10+05 = 30 Marks

Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

## INTERNET OF THINGS TECHNOLOGY [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

#### SEMESTER – VIII

SENIESTER - VIII				
Subject Code	15CS81	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	

#### CREDITS - 04

## Course Objectives: This course will enable students to

- Assess the genesis and impact of IoT applications, architectures in real world.
- Illustrate diverse methods of deploying smart objects and connect them to network.
- Compare different Application protocols for IoT.
- Infer the role of Data Analytics and Security in IoT.
- Identifysensor technologies for sensing real world entities and understand the role of IoT in various domains of Industry.

various domains of Industry.	
Module – 1	Teaching Hours
What is IoT, Genesis of IoT, IoT and Digitization, IoT Impact, Convergence of IT and IoT, IoT Challenges, IoT Network Architecture and Design, Drivers Behind New Network Architectures, Comparing IoT Architectures, A Simplified IoT Architecture, The Core IoT Functional Stack, IoT Data Management and Compute Stack.	10 Hours
Module – 2	
Smart Objects: The "Things" in IoT, Sensors, Actuators, and Smart Objects, Sensor Networks, Connecting Smart Objects, Communications Criteria, IoT Access Technologies.	10 Hours
Module – 3	
IP as the IoT Network Layer, The Business Case for IP, The need for Optimization, Optimizing IP for IoT, Profiles and Compliances, Application Protocols for IoT, The Transport Layer, IoT Application Transport Methods.	10 Hours
Module – 4	
Data and Analytics for IoT, An Introduction to Data Analytics for IoT, Machine Learning, Big Data Analytics Tools and Technology, Edge Streaming Analytics, Network Analytics, Securing IoT, A Brief History of OT Security, Common Challenges in OT Security, How IT and OT Security Practices and Systems Vary, Formal Risk Analysis Structures: OCTAVE and FAIR, The Phased Application of Security in an Operational Environment	10 Hours
Module – 5	
IoT Physical Devices and Endpoints - Arduino UNO: Introduction to Arduino, Arduino UNO, Installing the Software, Fundamentals of Arduino Programming. IoT Physical Devices and Endpoints - RaspberryPi: Introduction to RaspberryPi, About the RaspberryPi Board: Hardware Layout, Operating Systems on RaspberryPi, Configuring RaspberryPi, Programming RaspberryPi with Python, Wireless Temperature Monitoring System Using Pi, DS18B20 Temperature Sensor, Connecting Raspberry Pi via SSH, Accessing Temperature from DS18B20 sensors, Remote access to RaspberryPi, Smart and Connected Cities, An IoT Strategy for Smarter Cities, Smart City IoT Architecture,	10 Hours

Smart City Security Architecture, Smart City Use-Case Examples.

#### Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to

- Interpret the impact and challenges posed by IoT networks leading to new architectural models.
- Compare and contrast the deployment of smart objects and the technologies to connect them to network.
- Appraise the role of IoT protocols for efficient network communication.
- Elaborate the need for Data Analytics and Security in IoT.
- Illustrate different sensor technologies for sensing real world entities and identify the applications of IoT in Industry.

#### **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. David Hanes, Gonzalo Salgueiro, Patrick Grossetete, Robert Barton, Jerome Henry,"**IoT Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols, and Use Cases for the Internet of Things**", 1<sup>st</sup>Edition, Pearson Education (Cisco Press Indian Reprint). (**ISBN:** 978-9386873743)
- 2. Srinivasa K G, "Internet of Things", CENGAGE Leaning India, 2017

- 1. Vijay Madisetti and ArshdeepBahga, "Internet of Things (A Hands-on-Approach)", 1<sup>st</sup>Edition, VPT, 2014. (ISBN: 978-8173719547)
- 2. Raj Kamal, "Internet of Things: Architecture and Design Principles", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017. (ISBN: 978-9352605224)

#### **BIG DATA ANALYTICS**

## [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

#### SEMESTER - VIII

Subject Code	15CS82	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

#### CREDITS – 04

## Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Understand Hadoop Distributed File system and examine MapReduce Programming
- Explore Hadoop tools and manage Hadoop with Ambari
- Appraise the role of Business intelligence and its applications across industries
- Assess core data mining techniques for data analytics
- Identify various Text Mining techniques

Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
Hadoop Distributed File System Basics, Running Example Programs and	10 Hours
Benchmarks, Hadoop MapReduce Framework, MapReduce Programming	
Module – 2	
Essential Hadoop Tools, Hadoop YARN Applications, Managing Hadoop with	10 Hours
Apache Ambari, Basic Hadoop Administration Procedures	
Module – 3	
Business Intelligence Concepts and Application, Data Warehousing, Data	10 Hours
Mining, Data Visualization	
Module – 4	
Decision Trees, Regression, Artificial Neural Networks, Cluster Analysis,	10 Hours
Association Rule Mining	
Module – 5	
Text Mining, Naïve-Bayes Analysis, Support Vector Machines, Web Mining,	10 Hours
Social Network Analysis	
	1

#### **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Master the concepts of HDFS and MapReduce framework
- Investigate Hadoop related tools for Big Data Analytics and perform basic Hadoop Administration
- Recognize the role of Business Intelligence, Data warehousing and Visualization in decision making
- Infer the importance of core data mining techniques for data analytics
- Compare and contrast different Text Mining Techniques

#### **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Douglas Eadline,"Hadoop 2 Quick-Start Guide: Learn the Essentials of Big Data Computing in the Apache Hadoop 2 Ecosystem", 1<sup>st</sup>Edition, Pearson Education, 2016. ISBN-13: 978-9332570351

2. Anil Maheshwari, "**Data Analytics**", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017. ISBN-13: 978-9352604180

- 1) Tom White, **"Hadoop: The Definitive Guide"**, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2015.ISBN-13: 978-9352130672
- 2) Boris Lublinsky, Kevin T.Smith, Alexey Yakubovich,"**Professional Hadoop Solutions**", 1<sup>st</sup>Edition, Wrox Press, 2014ISBN-13: 978-8126551071
- 3) Eric Sammer, "Hadoop Operations: A Guide for Developers and Administrators", 1st Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2012. ISBN-13: 978-9350239261

#### HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) **SEMESTER – VIII** Subject Code 15CS831 IA Marks 20 Number of Lecture Hours/Week Exam Marks 80 Total Number of Lecture Hours 40 Exam Hours 03 CREDITS - 03 **Course objectives:** This course will enable students to Introduce students the design, analysis, and implementation, of high performance computational science and engineering applications. Illustrate on advanced computer architectures, parallel algorithms, parallel languages, and performance-oriented computing. Module - 1**Teaching** Hours Introduction: Computational Science and Engineering: Computational 10 Hours Science and Engineering Applications; characteristics and requirements, Review of Computational Complexity, Performance: metrics and measurements, Granularity and Partitioning, Locality: temporal/spatial/stream/kernel, Basic methods for parallel programming, Real-world case studies (drawn from multiscale, multi-discipline applications) Module - 2**High-End Computer Systems :** Memory Hierarchies, Multi-core Processors: 10 Hours Homogeneous and Heterogeneous, Shared-memory Symmetric Multiprocessors, Vector Computers, Distributed Memory Computers, Supercomputers and Petascale Systems, Application Accelerators / Reconfigurable Computing, Novel computers: Stream, multithreaded, and purpose-built Module – 3 Parallel Algorithms: Parallel models: ideal and real frameworks, Basic 10 Hours Techniques: Balanced Trees, Pointer Jumping, Divide and Conquer, Partitioning, Regular Algorithms: Matrix operations and Linear Algebra, Irregular Algorithms: Randomization: Parallel Pseudo-Random Number Lists, Trees, Graphs,

Generators, Sorting, Monte Carlo techniques

10 Hours

#### Module – 4

Parallel Programming: Revealing concurrency in applications, Task and Functional Parallelism, Task Scheduling, Synchronization Methods, Parallel Primitives (collective operations), SPMD Programming (threads, OpenMP, MPI), I/O and File Systems, Parallel Matlabs (Parallel Matlab, Star-P, Matlab MPI), Partitioning Global Address Space (PGAS) languages (UPC, Titanium, Global Arrays)

## Module – 5

Achieving Performance: Measuring performance, Identifying performance 10 Hours bottlenecks, Restructuring applications for deep memory hierarchies, Partitioning applications for heterogeneous resources, using existing libraries, tools, and frameworks

## **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Illustrate the key factors affecting performance of CSE applications, and
- Make mapping of applications to high-performance computing systems, and

• Apply hardware/software co-design for achieving performance on real-world applications

## **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Introduction to Parallel Computing, AnanthGrama, Anshul Gupta, George Karypis, and Vipin Kumar, 2nd edition, Addison-Welsey, 2003.
- 2. Petascale Computing: Algorithms and Applications, David A. Bader (Ed.), Chapman & Hall/CRC Computational Science Series, 2007

- 1. Grama, A. Gupta, G. Karypis, V. Kumar, An Introduction to Parallel Computing, Design and Analysis of Algorithms: 2/e, Addison-Wesley, 2003.
- 2. G.E. Karniadakis, R.M. Kirby II, Parallel Scientific Computing in C++ and MPI: A Seamless Approach to Parallel Algorithms and their Implementation, Cambridge University Press,2003.
- 3. Wilkinson and M. Allen, Parallel Programming: Techniques and Applications Using Networked Workstations and Parallel Computers, 2/E, Prentice Hall, 2005.
- 4. M.J. Quinn, Parallel Programming in C with MPI and OpenMP, McGraw-Hill, 2004.
- 5. G.S. Almasi and A. Gottlieb, Highly Parallel Computing, 2/E, Addison-Wesley, 1994.
- 6. David Culler Jaswinder Pal Singh,"Parallel Computer Architecture: A hardware/Software Approach", Morgan Kaufmann, 1999.
- 7. Kai Hwang, "Scalable Parallel Computing", McGraw Hill 1998.

## **USER INTERFACE DESIGN**

## [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

#### SEMESTER - VIII

Subject Code	15CS832	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

#### CREDITS – 03

## Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- To study the concept of menus, windows, interfaces
- To study about business functions
- To study the characteristics and components of windows and the various controls for the windows.
- To study about various problems in windows design with color, text, graphics.

To study the testing methods	
Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
Introduction-Importance-Human-Computer interface-characteristics of graphics	10 Hours
interface-Direct manipulation graphical system - web user interface-popularity-	
characteristic & principles.	
Module – 2	
User interface design process- obstacles-usability-human characteristics in design - Human interaction speed-business functions-requirement analysis-Direct-Indirect methods-basic business functions-Design standards-system timings - Human consideration in screen design - structures of menus - functions of menus-contents of menu-formatting -phrasing the menu - selecting menu choice-navigating menus-graphical menus.	10 Hours
Module – 3	
Windows: Characteristics-components-presentation styles-types-managements-organizations-operations-web systems-device-based controls: characteristics-Screen -based controls: operate control - text boxes-selection control-combination control-custom control-presentation control.	10 Hours
Module – 4	
Text for web pages - effective feedback-guidance & assistance- Internationalization-accessibility -Icons-Image-Multimedia-coloring.	10 Hours
Module – 5	

Windows layout-test :prototypes - kinds of tests - retest - Information search -10 Hours visualization - Hypermedia - www - Software tools.

## **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

Design the user interface, design, menu creation and windows creation and connection between menu and windows

#### **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Wilbent. O. Galitz, "The Essential Guide to User Interface Design", John Wiley&

Sons, 2001.

- 1. Ben Sheiderman, "Design the User Interface", Pearson Education, 1998.
- 2. Alan Cooper, "The Essential of User Interface Design", Wiley Dream Tech Ltd., 2002.

# NETWORK MANAGEMENT [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER – VIII

Subject Code	15CS833	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03

#### CREDITS – 03

## **Course objectives:** This course will enable students to

- To understand the need for interoperable network management.
- To learn to the concepts and architecture behind standards based network management.
- To understand the concepts and terminology associated with SNMP and TMN
- To understand network management as a typical distributed application

To understand network management as a typical distributed application	
Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
Introduction: Analogy of Telephone Network Management, Data and	8 Hours
Telecommunication Network Distributed computing Environments, TCP/IP-	
Based Networks: The Internet and Intranets, Communications Protocols and	
Standards- Communication Architectures, Protocol Layers and Services; Case	
Histories of Networking and Management - The Importance of topology,	
Filtering Does Not Reduce Load on Node, Some Common Network Problems;	
Challenges of Information Technology Managers, Network Management: Goals,	
Organization, and Functions- Goal of Network Management, Network	
Provisioning, Network Operations and the NOC, Network Installation and	
Maintenance; Network and System Management, Network Management System	
platform, Current Status and Future of Network Management.	
Module – 2	
Basic Foundations: Standards, Models, and Language: Network Management	8 Hours
Standards, Network Management Model, Organization Model, Information	
Model - Management Information Trees, Managed Object Perspectives,	
Communication Model; ASN.1- Terminology, Symbols, and Conventions,	
Objects and Data Types, Object Names, An Example of ASN.1 from ISO 8824;	
Encoding Structure; Macros, Functional Model.	
Module – 3	
SNMPv1 Network Management: Managed Network: The History of SNMP	8 Hours
Management, Internet Organizations and standards, Internet Documents, The	
SNMP Model, The Organization Model, System Overview. The Information	
Model – Introduction, The Structure of Management Information, Managed	
Objects, Management Information Base. The SNMP Communication Model –	
The SNMP Architecture, Administrative Model, SNMP Specifications, SNMP	
Operations, SNMP MIB Group, Functional Model SNMP Management –	
RMON: Remote Monitoring, RMON SMI and MIB, RMONI1- RMON1 Textual	
Conventions, RMON1 Groups and Functions, Relationship Between Control and	
Data Tables, RMON1 Common and Ethernet Groups, RMON Token Ring	

Extension Groups, RMON2 - The RMON2 Management Information Base,

Broadband Access

Technology;

HFCT | 8 Hours

RMON2 Conformance Specifications.

Broadband Access Networks,

Module – 4

Technology: The Broadband LAN, The Cable Modem, The Cable Modem Termination System, The HFC Plant, The RF Spectrum for Cable Modem; Data Over Cable, Reference Architecture; HFC Management – Cable Modem and CMTS Management, HFC Link Management, RF Spectrum Management, DSL Technology; Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line Technology – Role of the ADSL Access Network in an Overall Network, ADSL Architecture, ADSL Channeling Schemes, ADSL Encoding Schemes; ADSL Management – ADSL Network Management Elements, ADSL Configuration Management, ADSL Fault Management, ADSL Performance Management, SNMP-Based ADSL Line MIB, MIB Integration with Interfaces Groups in MIB-2, ADSL Configuration Profiles

#### Module - 5

Network Management Applications: Configuration Management- Network Provisioning, Inventory Management, Network Topology, Fault Management-Fault Detection, Fault Location and Isolation 24 Techniques, Performance Management – Performance Metrics, Data Monitoring, Problem Isolation, Performance Statistics; Event Correlation Techniques – Rule-Based Reasoning, Model-Based Reasoning, CaseBased Reasoning, Codebook correlation Model, State Transition Graph Model, Finite State Machine Model, Security Management – Policies and Procedures, Security Breaches and the Resources Needed to Prevent Them, Firewalls, Cryptography, Authentication and Authorization, Client/Server Authentication Systems, Messages Transfer Security, Protection of Networks from Virus Attacks, Accounting Management, Report Management, Policy- Based Management, Service Level Management.

8 Hours

#### **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Analyze the issues and challenges pertaining to management of emerging network technologies such as wired/wireless networks and high-speed internets.
- Apply network management standards to manage practical networks
- Formulate possible approaches for managing OSI network model.
- Use on SNMP for managing the network
- Use RMON for monitoring the behavior of the network
- Identify the various components of network and formulate the scheme for the managing them

#### **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Mani Subramanian: Network Management- Principles and Practice, 2nd Pearson Education, 2010.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. J. Richard Burke: Network management Concepts and Practices: a Hands-On Approach, PHI, 2008.

SYSTEM MO	ODELLING AN	D SIMULATION		
		stem (CBCS) scheme]		
- <b>-</b>	•	e year 2016 -2017)	•	
	SEMESTER –			
Subject Code	15CS834	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3	Exam Marks	80	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS -	03		
Course objectives: This course will	l enable students	to		
• Explain the basic system con	ncept and definiti	ons of system;		
<ul> <li>Discuss techniques to model</li> </ul>	and to simulate	various systems;		
Analyze a system and to make use of the information to improve the performance.			nance.	
Module – 1				Teaching
				Hours
<b>Introduction:</b> When simulation is the appropriate tool and when it is not			10 Hours	
appropriate, Advantages and disadvantages of Simulation; Areas of application,				
Systems and system environment; Components of a system; Discrete and				
continuous systems, Model of a system; Types of Models, Discrete-Event System				
Simulation Simulation examples: Simulation of queuing systems. General				
Principles, Simulation Software: Concepts in Discrete-Event Simulation. The				
Event-Scheduling / Time-Advance Algorithm, Manual simulation Using Event				
Scheduling Madala 2				
Module – 2 Statistical Models in Simulation :	Daviary of tame	nology and concepts	I Igoful	10 H
statistical models, Discrete distri				10 Hours
,	butions. Conti	nuous distributions,P	OISSOII	
process, Empirical distributions.				
Queuing Models: Characteristics of queuing systems, Queuing notation, Long-run				
measures of performance of queuing systems, Long-run measures of performance of queuing systems cont, Steady-state behavior of M/G/1 queue, Networks of				
queues,	state ochavior of	Tivi/O/T queue, Inclwo	INS OI	
Module – 3				
Random-NumberGeneration:Prop	perties of rando	m numbers: Generati	on of	10 Hours
pseudo-random numbers, Techniqu				_0 _10015
Random Numbers, Random-Variate Generation: ,Inverse transform technique				

Acceptance-Rejection technique.

## Module – 4

Input Modeling: Data Collection; Identifying the distribution with data, Parameter estimation, Goodness of Fit Tests, Fitting a non-stationary Poisson process, Selecting input models without data, Multivariate and Time-Series input models.

10 Hours

Estimation of Absolute Performance: Types of simulations with respect to output analysis ,Stochastic nature of output data, Measures of performance and their estimation, Contd..

#### Module - 5

Measures of performance and their estimation, Output analysis for terminating simulations Continued..,Output analysis for steady-state simulations.

10 Hours

Verification, Calibration And Validation: Optimization: Model building, verification and validation, Verification of simulation models, Verification of simulation models, Calibration and validation of models, Optimization via Simulation.

## **Course outcomes:** The students should be able to:

- Explain the system concept and apply functional modeling method to model the activities of a static system
- Describe the behavior of a dynamic system and create an analogous model for a dynamic system;
- Simulate the operation of a dynamic system and make improvement according to the simulation results.

## **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Jerry Banks, John S. Carson II, Barry L. Nelson, David M. Nicol: Discrete-Event System Simulation, 5 th Edition, Pearson Education, 2010.

- 1. Lawrence M. Leemis, Stephen K. Park: Discrete Event Simulation: A First Course, Pearson Education, 2006.
- 2. Averill M. Law: Simulation Modeling and Analysis, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007

INTERNSHIP / PROFESSIONAL PRACTISE  [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]  (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)  SEMESTER – VIII				
Subject Code	15CS84	IA Marks	50	
Duration	4 weeks	Exam Marks	50	
		Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS -	02		
Course objectives: This course will	enable students	to		
Description (If any):				
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:				
Evaluation of Internship:				

PROJECT WORK PHASE II  [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]  (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)  SEMESTER – VIII					
Subject Code	15CSP85	IA Marks	100		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	06	Exam Marks	100		
Total Number of Lecture Hours		Exam Hours	03		
CREDITS – 05					
Course objectives: This course will enable students to					
Description (If any):					
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:					
Conduction of Practical Examination:					

SEMINAR [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER – VIII					
Subject Code	15CSS86	IA Marks	100		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks			
Total Number of Lecture Hours		Exam Hours			
CREDITS – 02					
Course objectives: This course will enable students to					
•					
<b>Description:</b>					
•					
<b>Course outcomes:</b> The students should be able to:					
•					
Evaluation of seminar:					